

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.3046, 17.7243, 19.1803)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.3046, 17.7243, 19.1803)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.1864, 17.5973,
19.0665)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F7674
RGB	111, 118, 116
RGB Percent	44%, 46%, 45%
CMY	0.5647, 0.5372, 0.5451
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.02, 0.54
HSL	163°, 3%, 45%
HSV	163°, 6%, 46%
XYZ	16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665
YIQ	115.6790, -3.5300, -2.1060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

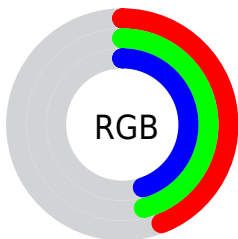
Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 115, 118
Decimal	7304820
CIE Lab	49.00, -3.04, 0.18
CIE LCh	49, 3.050, 176.550
Yxy	17.5973, 0.3063, 0.3330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285494900 (0xFF6F7674)
YUV	115.6790, 0.1583, -4.1035
Hunter-Lab	41.9491, -4.5354, 2.4162

Details

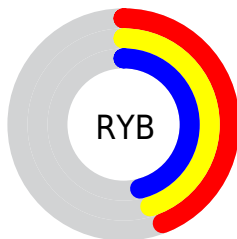
The XYZ color **16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.1370, 16.4132, 17.9413**, and the grayscale version is **16.5030, 17.3624, 18.9077**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.5469, 39.3631, 42.7174**, and **5.2834, 5.8544, 6.3204** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.6060, 16.8053, 17.9869**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.9711, 18.4947, 20.1936**.

Distribution



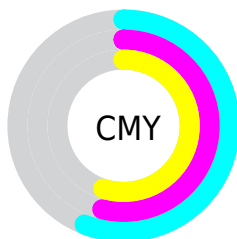
- Red (44%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.1864, 17.5973,
19.0665

■ 16.1864, 17.5973,
19.0665

223.6880,
238.5913, 259.2506

■ 9.7478, 10.6613,
11.5410

■ 36.4763, 39.3499,
42.6846

■ 5.2931, 5.8395,
6.3133

■ 51.0584, 54.9353,
59.6144

■ 2.4567, 2.7478,
2.9646

■ 69.0857, 74.1726,
80.5160

■ 0.8735, 1.0015,
1.0766

■ 90.9236, 97.4462,
105.8080

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

116.9374,
125.1404, 135.9089

147.4925,

157.6398, 171.2373

182.9542,
195.3286, 212.2116

■ 16.1864, 17.5973,
19.0665

■ 16.1864, 17.5973,
19.0665

■ 14.6060, 16.8053,
17.9869

■ 17.9711, 18.4947,
20.1936

■ 13.2207, 16.1127,
16.9528

■ 19.9659, 19.4992,
21.3679

■ 12.0228, 15.5158,
15.9640

■ 22.1782, 20.6149,
22.5902

■ 11.0036, 15.0102,
15.0196

■ 24.6147, 21.8453,
23.8614

■ 10.1534, 14.5909,
14.1186

■ 27.2815, 23.1937,
25.1822

■ 9.4618, 14.2527,
13.2604

■ 30.1849, 24.6631,
26.5530

■ 8.9172, 13.9895,
12.4437

■ 33.3306, 26.2566,
27.9747

■ 8.5064, 13.7944,
11.6677

■ 36.7243, 27.9770,
29.4477

■ 8.2039, 13.6545,
10.9307

■ 40.3714, 29.8271,
30.9727

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.2741, 17.5973, 18.3111



16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665



16.2419, 17.5973, 19.8682

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665



16.9710, 17.5973, 20.5941



17.0286, 17.5973, 17.8847

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665



16.1370, 16.4132, 17.9413

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.2191, 17.5973, 18.4697



16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665



17.1856, 17.5973, 20.0357

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665



16.6929, 17.5973, 20.7647



17.2769, 17.5973, 19.2547



16.7586, 17.5973, 17.6411

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665



16.3529, 17.5973, 20.3187



17.2769, 17.5973, 19.2547



17.1042, 17.5973, 18.0471

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1869, 17.5980, 19.0669



29.6356, 31.5319, 34.2838



16.1712, 17.6227, 17.5885



6.8250, 7.2554, 7.8896



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1869, 17.5980, 19.0669



28.0964, 30.7589, 33.2842



16.1409, 17.3178, 19.6323



3.8113, 4.1737, 4.5161



8.7456, 14.7123, 11.4825



42.2358, 71.5416, 53.9402

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.1370, 16.4132, 17.9413



27.9911, 28.2599, 30.9101



16.1795, 16.6766, 17.4055



3.7970, 3.8323, 4.1918



8.3861, 4.2882, 1.9754



40.5403, 20.7662, 7.9086

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

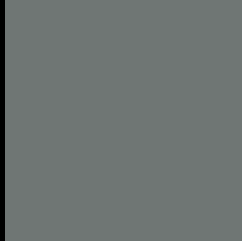
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

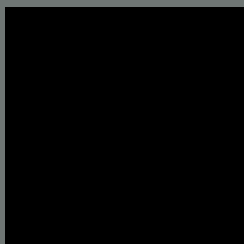
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

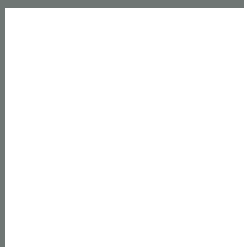
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1864, 17.5973,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665

Protanopia

16.9477, 17.6505, 18.7333

Deuteranopia

17.8684, 17.6066, 19.2863



Tritanopia

16.9372, 17.7396, 22.2701

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665

Protanomaly

16.6583, 17.6734, 18.7530

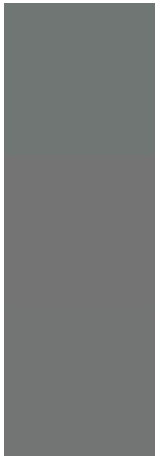
Deuteranomaly

17.2268, 17.6108, 19.3209

Tritanomaly

16.5562, 17.5725, 20.9316

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665

Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

Achromatomaly

16.4531, 17.5609, 19.0454

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 118, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 118, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 118, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 118, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 118, 116) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 118, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 118, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 118, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 118, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 118,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.1864, 17.5973, 19.0665 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 118, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
118, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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