

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.3363, 9.3473, 1.1336)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.3363, 9.3473, 1.1336)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.3951, 9.3841,
1.1482)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A62407
RGB	166, 36, 7
RGB Percent	65%, 14%, 3%
CMY	0.3490, 0.8588, 0.9725
CMYK	0.00, 0.78, 0.96, 0.35
HSL	11°, 92%, 34%
HSV	11°, 96%, 65%
XYZ	16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482
YIQ	71.5640, 86.7890, 18.5410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

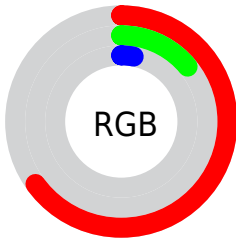
Format	Color
R_{YB}	166, 42, 7
Decimal	10888199
CIE Lab	36.71, 51.12, 47.03
CIE LCh	37, 69.459, 42.614
Yxy	9.3841, 0.6089, 0.3485
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289078279 (0xFFA62407)
YUV	71.5640, -31.8301, 82.8204
Hunter-Lab	30.6335, 41.9250, 19.2211

Details

The XYZ color **16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **15.9146, 20.6866, 39.2302**, and the grayscale version is **6.1281, 6.4472, 7.0210**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.8541, 24.5978, 6.5468**, and **5.8257, 3.0033, 0.2726** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1973, 9.0501, 0.8931**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.0093, 10.4169, 1.9567**.

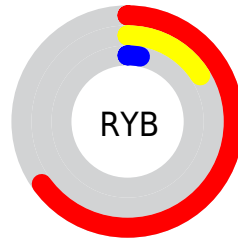
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (14%)

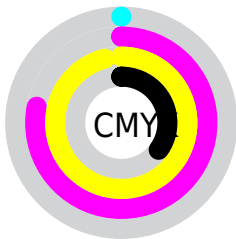
Blue (3%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (3%)

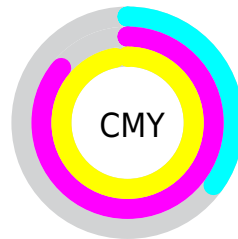


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)


Magenta (86%)


Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.3951, 9.3841,
1.1482


 16.3951, 9.3841,
1.1482


 224.8868,
186.2180, 107.3071


 9.8968, 4.9926,
0.0000


 36.8347, 24.6304,
6.5439


 5.3923, 2.2429,
0.0000

 51.5067, 36.2540,
11.8850


 2.5163, 0.7432,
0.0000

 69.6340, 51.0570,
19.5465

 0.9035, 0.0000,
0.0000

 91.5819, 69.4239,
29.9468


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 117.7157, 91.7391,
43.5045


 148.4009,


118.3869, 60.6381


 184.0029,
149.7517, 81.7661


 16.3951, 9.3841,
1.1482


 16.3951, 9.3841,
1.1482


 16.1973, 9.0501,
0.8931

 17.0093, 10.4169,
1.9567

 17.8982, 11.8335,
3.3662

 19.0939, 13.6696,
5.4770

 20.6228, 15.9556,
8.3660

 22.5082, 18.7190,
12.0998

■ 24.7711, 21.9850,
16.7379

■ 27.4310, 25.7771,
22.3345

■ 30.5061, 30.1173,
28.9392

■ 34.0132, 35.0263,
36.5986

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.5199, 9.3841, 5.9082



16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482



11.5937, 9.3841, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482



3.1690, 9.3841, 4.6944



10.8275, 9.3841, 54.3677

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482



15.9146, 20.6866, 39.2302

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.6915, 9.3841, 52.8431



16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482



3.0814, 9.3841, 16.2347

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482



4.4483, 9.3841, 0.8517



4.1522, 9.3841, 35.7013



15.6829, 9.3841, 38.9730

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482



8.5515, 9.3841, 0.0000



4.1522, 9.3841, 35.7013



9.2975, 9.3841, 56.0333

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3953, 9.3847, 1.1483



47.8852, 44.0837, 36.5101



20.4985, 10.1376, 25.4943



10.2770, 9.2389, 7.2488



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3953, 9.3847, 1.1483



29.2846, 16.2007, 1.5836



21.6692, 19.9325, 2.9063



7.6377, 7.7555, 7.8837



12.5863, 7.0698, 0.7012



0.3371, 0.2338, 0.0274

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9146, 20.6866, 39.2302



28.2541, 36.5212, 71.0354



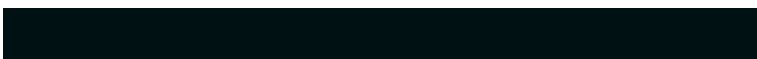
8.5864, 6.0301, 36.7874



7.6294, 8.2958, 9.6175



12.1644, 15.7890, 30.3819



0.3253, 0.4429, 0.7490

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

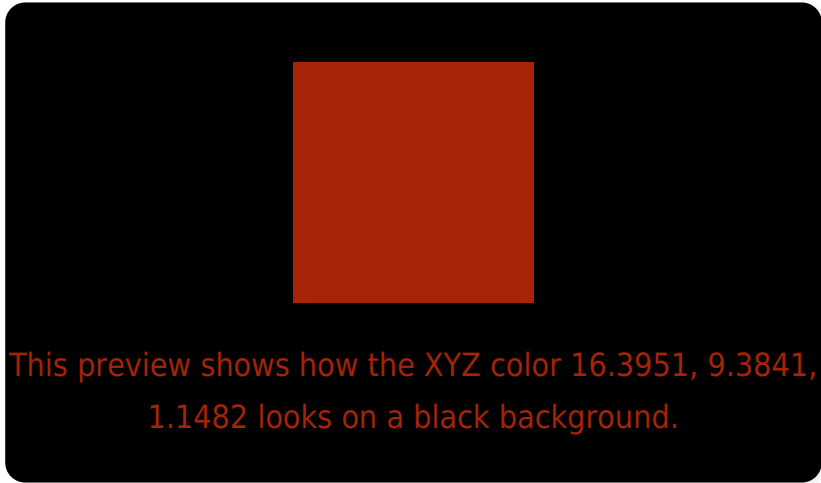
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3951, 9.3841,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482

Protanopia

8.7707, 9.6862, 2.1168

Deuteranopia

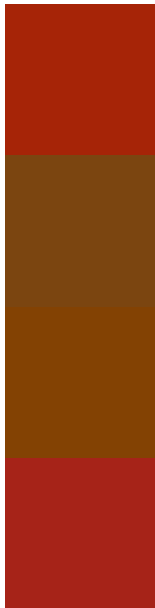
9.6488, 9.5660, 1.3379



Tritanopia

16.5866, 9.3665, 2.4471

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482

Protanomaly

10.3900, 8.5046, 1.5842

Deuteranomaly

11.3247, 8.7283, 1.1740

Tritanomaly

16.4918, 9.3750, 1.8045

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482

Achromatopsia

6.1596, 6.4803, 7.0571

Achromatomaly

8.0413, 6.4055, 3.6089

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 36, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 36, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 36, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 36, 7) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 36, 7) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 36, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 36, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 36, 7); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 36, 7);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 36, 7)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.3951, 9.3841, 1.1482 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 36, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166, 36,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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