

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.3599, 18.9907, 40.9701)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.3599, 18.9907, 40.9701)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(16.3910, 19.0707,  
40.8473)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3480AA
RGB	52, 128, 170
RGB Percent	20%, 50%, 67%
CMY	0.7961, 0.4980, 0.3333
CMYK	0.69, 0.25, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	201°, 53%, 44%
HSV	201°, 69%, 67%
XYZ	16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473
YIQ	110.0640, -58.7780, -3.0500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

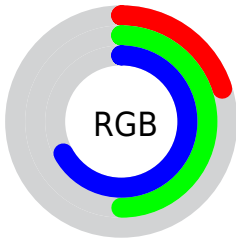
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	52, 98, 170
Decimal	3440810
CIELab	50.77, -9.49, -29.12
CIElCh	51, 30.632, 251.946
Yxy	19.0707, 0.2148, 0.2499
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281630890 (0xFF3480AA)
YUV	110.0640, 29.5484, -50.9221
Hunter-Lab	43.6700, -9.4248, -24.8886

# Details

The XYZ color **16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **21.2008, 16.8004, 5.3749**, and the grayscale version is **14.7701, 15.5393, 16.9223**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.7966, 41.9287, 77.3878**, and **6.0660, 6.9000, 18.1517** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.9026, 17.1668, 40.5586**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.2428, 21.2326, 41.1674**.

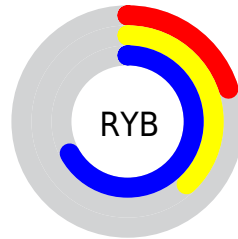
# Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (50%)

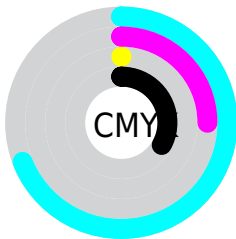
Blue (67%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (67%)

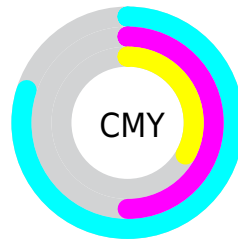


Cyan (69%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.3910, 19.0707,  
40.8473

■ 16.3910, 19.0707,  
40.8473

224.8633,  
246.8388, 365.3397

■ 9.8939, 11.7214,  
27.8810

■ 36.8277, 41.8535,  
77.7032

■ 5.3904, 6.5543,  
17.9977

■ 51.4979, 58.0558,  
102.4298

■ 2.5152, 3.1849,  
10.7789

■ 69.6232, 77.9779,  
131.9137

■ 0.9029, 1.2290,  
5.8061

■ 91.5690, 102.0042,  
166.5733

■ 0.0000, 0.0852,  
2.6606

■ 117.7005,  
130.5190, 206.8271

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9235

148.3831,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

163.9068, 253.0938

0.0000

183.9823,  
202.5519, 305.7918

■ 16.3910, 19.0707,  
40.8473

■ 16.3910, 19.0707,  
40.8473

■ 14.9026, 17.1668,  
40.5586

■ 18.2428, 21.2326,  
41.1674

■ 13.7392, 15.4987,  
40.2980

■ 20.4873, 23.6676,  
41.5191

■ 12.8280, 14.0281,  
40.0621

■ 23.1528, 26.3918,  
41.9044

■ 12.7769, 13.9446,  
40.0487

■ 26.2640, 29.4192,  
42.3248

■ 29.8440, 32.7626,  
42.7814

■ 33.9140, 36.4342,  
43.2756

■ 38.4938, 40.4451,  
43.8084

■ 43.6022, 44.8061,  
44.3809

■ 49.2569, 49.5273,  
44.9942

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.1532, 19.0707, 33.9319



16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473



19.3508, 19.0707, 41.5691

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473



24.3985, 19.0707, 17.5192



14.5261, 19.0707, 10.7153

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473



21.2008, 16.8004, 5.3749

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.9543, 19.0707, 8.4034



16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473



22.7806, 19.0707, 11.5389

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473



24.2045, 19.0707, 26.3368



19.9796, 19.0707, 8.6560



13.1614, 19.0707, 16.0398



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473



21.3642, 19.0707, 38.2444



19.9796, 19.0707, 8.6560



15.2329, 19.0707, 9.6364

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3917, 19.0714, 40.8478



52.7980, 58.2008, 77.4530



17.7806, 30.2757, 15.3334



11.3780, 12.6113, 17.2222



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3917, 19.0714, 40.8478



25.8940, 29.5534, 73.3415



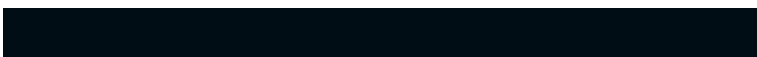
10.8440, 7.9761, 38.9986



7.5195, 8.0760, 9.5808



9.4528, 10.3657, 29.4781



0.2756, 0.3434, 0.7324



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.7024, 12.5612, 21.7034



36.7893, 19.2847, 33.3732



28.4749, 31.3486, 7.7996



7.7268, 7.6206, 8.8787



14.2719, 7.1175, 11.5094



0.3702, 0.1824, 0.4012



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473.



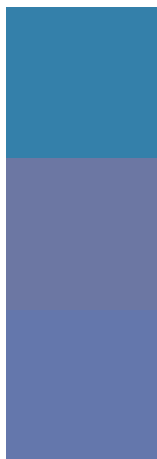
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3910, 19.0707,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473

### Protanopia

19.3920, 19.0261, 37.3007

### Deuteranopia

19.2987, 18.8815, 41.6571



## Tritanopia

14.0813, 19.1288, 29.3356

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473

**Protanomaly**

17.8670, 18.7469, 38.7532

**Deuteranomaly**

17.8775, 18.6983, 41.1950

**Tritanomaly**

14.7805, 19.0039, 33.0261

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473

**Achromatopsia**

14.8208, 15.5926, 16.9804

**Achromatomaly**

14.6460, 16.5124, 24.2451

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 128, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 128, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 128, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 128, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 128, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 128, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(52, 128, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 128, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 128, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 128,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.3910, 19.0707, 40.8473 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 128, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 128,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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