

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.3875, 17.6299, 22.6501)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.3875, 17.6299, 22.6501)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.3726, 17.6150,
22.6158)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B767F
RGB	107, 118, 127
RGB Percent	42%, 46%, 50%
CMY	0.5804, 0.5372, 0.5020
CMYK	0.16, 0.07, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	207°, 9%, 46%
HSV	207°, 16%, 50%
XYZ	16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158
YIQ	115.7370, -9.4450, 0.4670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

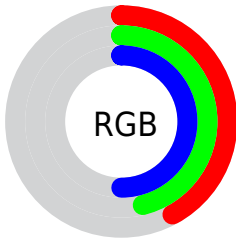
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 114, 127
Decimal	7042687
CIE _{Lab}	49.03, -2.08, -6.33
CIE _{LCh}	49, 6.664, 251.815
Yxy	17.6150, 0.2893, 0.3112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285232767 (0xFF6B767F)
YUV	115.7370, 5.5527, -7.6623
Hunter-Lab	41.9702, -3.8150, -2.5695

Details

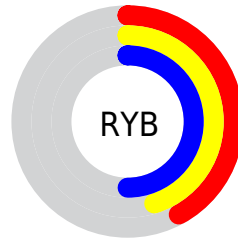
The XYZ color **16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.6517, 18.0642, 16.4666**, and the grayscale version is **16.5060, 17.3656, 18.9112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.9110, 39.4157, 48.8426**, and **5.3689, 5.8602, 8.0559** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3040, 15.5802, 22.3324**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7074, 19.8485, 22.9241**.

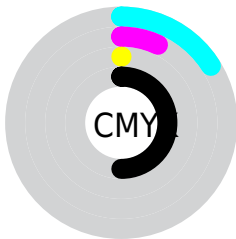
Distribution



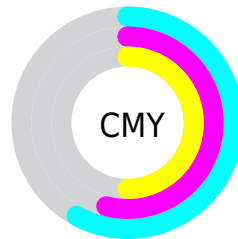
- Red (42%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.3726, 17.6150,
22.6158

■ 16.3726, 17.6150,
22.6158

224.7578,
238.6919, 278.8032

■ 9.8807, 10.6739,
14.1074

■ 36.7961, 39.3802,
48.6769

■ 5.3816, 5.8480,
8.0558

■ 51.4584, 54.9731,
67.0667

■ 2.5099, 2.7529,
4.0424

■ 69.5749, 74.2188,
89.5874

■ 0.9002, 1.0041,
1.6486

■ 91.5110, 97.5016,
116.6575

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3252

117.6320,
125.2059, 148.6956

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

148.3032,

157.7161, 186.1202

183.8900,
195.4167, 229.3499

■ 16.3726, 17.6150,
22.6158

■ 16.3726, 17.6150,
22.6158

■ 14.3040, 15.5802,
22.3324

■ 18.7074, 19.8485,
22.9241

■ 12.4894, 13.7353,
22.0719

■ 21.3165, 22.2845,
23.2568

■ 10.9183, 12.0744,
21.8341

■ 24.2099, 24.9295,
23.6149

■ 9.5785, 10.5899,
21.6182

■ 27.3963, 27.7893,
23.9989

■ 8.4568, 9.2740,
21.4233

■ 30.8843, 30.8690,
24.4095

■ 7.5385, 8.1178,
21.2485

■ 34.6819, 34.1737,
24.8472

■ 6.8070, 7.1115,
21.0929

■ 38.7970, 37.7085,
25.3126

■ 6.2347, 6.2398,
20.9548

■ 43.2370, 41.4781,
25.8062

■ 6.0124, 5.8955,
20.9000

■ 48.0092, 45.4871,
26.3285

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.8682, 17.6150, 21.5514



16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158



16.9882, 17.6150, 22.7258

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158



17.9388, 17.6150, 18.4880



15.9589, 17.6150, 16.7421

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



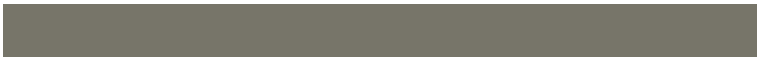
16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158



17.6517, 18.0642, 16.4666

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.4992, 17.6150, 16.0232



16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158



17.6484, 17.6150, 16.9887

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158



17.9029, 17.6150, 20.2670



17.1180, 17.6150, 16.1106



15.6335, 17.6150, 18.1321

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158



17.3800, 17.6150, 22.2351



17.1180, 17.6150, 16.1106



16.1209, 17.6150, 16.4179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3731, 17.6157, 22.6162



33.7792, 35.8069, 41.0873



16.7861, 19.5581, 19.3122



7.8471, 8.3253, 9.6117



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3731, 17.6157, 22.6162



27.8930, 30.1543, 40.3065



15.2922, 15.4540, 22.2559



4.2896, 4.5731, 5.4699



6.0622, 5.9429, 21.0775



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.2805, 16.3358, 19.3828



29.8675, 27.4548, 33.2514



18.8248, 20.4105, 16.8576



4.4190, 4.3807, 5.0109



9.9369, 4.9944, 6.2573



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

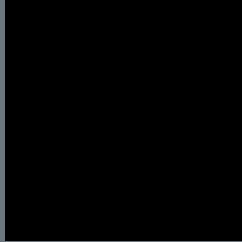
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

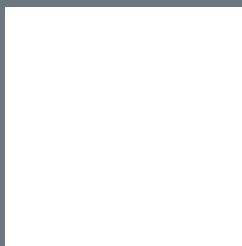
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3726, 17.6150,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158

Protanopia

17.2137, 17.7101, 22.2498

Deuteranopia

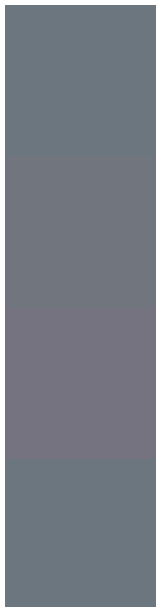
17.8274, 17.5063, 22.8615



Tritanopia

16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158

Protanomaly

16.9372, 17.7396, 22.2701

Deuteranomaly

17.3631, 17.6019, 22.9044

Tritanomaly

16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158

Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

Achromatomaly

16.5615, 17.5894, 20.2915

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 118, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 118, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 118, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 118, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 118, 127) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 118, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 118, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 118, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 118, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 118,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.3726, 17.6150, 22.6158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 118, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
118, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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