

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.3921, 16.5931, 29.5603)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.3921, 16.5931, 29.5603)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.3490, 16.5949,
29.5356)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	647192
RGB	100, 113, 146
RGB Percent	39%, 44%, 57%
CMY	0.6078, 0.5569, 0.4274
CMYK	0.32, 0.23, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	223°, 19%, 48%
HSV	223°, 32%, 57%
XYZ	16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356
YIQ	112.8750, -18.3410, 7.5070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

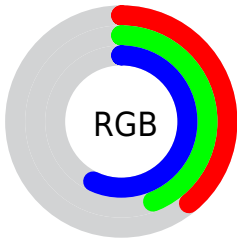
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 110, 146
Decimal	6582674
CIE _{Lab}	47.75, 3.30, -19.56
CIE _{LCh}	48, 19.838, 279.590
Yxy	16.5949, 0.2617, 0.2656
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284772754 (0xFF647192)
YUV	112.8750, 16.3306, -11.2914
Hunter-Lab	40.7368, 0.3483, -14.4715

Details

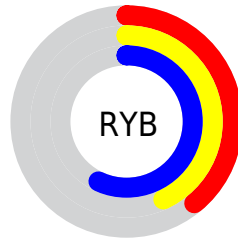
The XYZ color **16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **22.5422, 23.8066, 15.4642**, and the grayscale version is **15.6165, 16.4298, 17.8920**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.8294, 37.7558, 59.9901**, and **5.3211, 5.3106, 11.5711** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.7748, 13.6324, 29.0998**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.3486, 19.9776, 30.0307**.

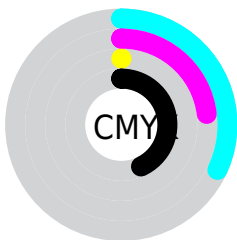
Distribution



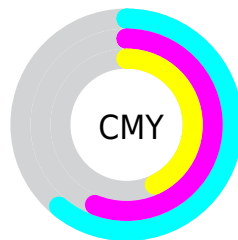
- Red (39%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.3490, 16.5949,
29.5356

■ 16.3490, 16.5949,
29.5356

224.6225,
232.8270, 313.8734

■ 9.8639, 9.9461,
19.2373

■ 36.7556, 37.6279,
59.9793

■ 5.3704, 5.3632,
11.6633

■ 51.4078, 52.7810,
80.9617

■ 2.5031, 2.4619,
6.3951

■ 69.5130, 71.5375,
106.3427

■ 0.8968, 0.8575,
3.0141

■ 91.4367, 94.2820,
136.5406

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.1019

117.5441,
121.3988, 171.9741

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

148.2006,

153.2723, 213.0617

183.7717,
190.2869, 260.2220

■ 16.3490, 16.5949,
29.5356

■ 16.3490, 16.5949,
29.5356

■ 13.7748, 13.6324,
29.0998

■ 19.3486, 19.9776,
30.0307

■ 11.6043, 11.0712,
28.7198

■ 22.7906, 23.7947,
30.5861

■ 9.8163, 8.8934,
28.3937

■ 26.6931, 28.0621,
31.2041

■ 8.3870, 7.0793,
28.1188

■ 31.0726, 32.7941,
31.8866

■ 7.2896, 5.6068,
27.8924

■ 35.9449, 38.0045,
32.6355

■ 6.4931, 4.4512,
27.7114

■ 41.3248, 43.7065,
33.4526

■ 5.9904, 3.6794,
27.5889

■ 47.2268, 49.9129,
34.3395

■ 53.6645, 56.6357,
35.2978

■ 60.6513, 63.8868,
36.3291

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.6113, 16.5949, 28.8779



16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356



18.0519, 16.5949, 26.7065

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356



18.5549, 16.5949, 12.5233



12.7828, 16.5949, 14.8672

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356



22.5422, 23.8066, 15.4642

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.6943, 16.5949, 11.5291



16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356



16.9946, 16.5949, 10.3627

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356



19.3871, 16.5949, 16.4875



15.2106, 16.5949, 10.0366



12.6384, 16.5949, 19.7486

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356



18.9066, 16.5949, 23.4880



15.2106, 16.5949, 10.0366



13.0062, 16.5949, 13.5551

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3495, 16.5956, 29.5360



41.7308, 43.6534, 54.2001



19.7662, 24.9600, 25.9547



9.0902, 9.4989, 12.0266



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3495, 16.5956, 29.5360



25.4706, 25.4076, 51.5353



16.1723, 14.5032, 29.1415



5.6250, 5.8840, 7.3090



5.2885, 3.2718, 24.2838



0.0872, 0.0849, 0.3047

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.3924, 16.4182, 17.7704



31.8065, 25.3153, 26.9744



22.7383, 26.7153, 16.0154



5.8642, 5.8407, 6.3909



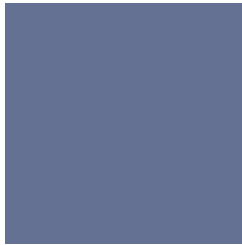
10.7965, 5.5236, 2.4093



0.1435, 0.0721, 0.0891

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

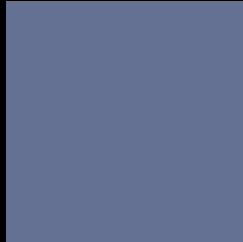
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

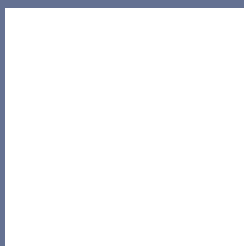
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356.

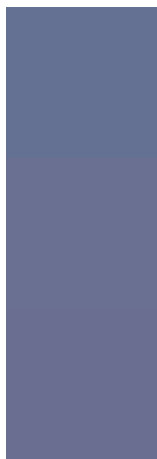


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3490, 16.5949,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356

Protanopia

16.7307, 16.6359, 29.1173

Deuteranopia

16.8166, 16.5084, 29.4942



Tritanopia

14.9511, 16.7157, 22.1771

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356

Protanomaly

16.4985, 16.5162, 29.1065

Deuteranomaly

16.6914, 16.6067, 29.5198

Tritanomaly

15.4088, 16.7256, 24.6065

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356

Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

Achromatomaly

15.7911, 16.4791, 21.7505

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 113, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 113, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 113, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 113, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 113, 146) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 113, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 113, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 113, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 113, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 113,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.3490, 16.5949, 29.5356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 113, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
113, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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