

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.3967, 8.1057, 18.0534)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.3967, 8.1057, 18.0534)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.4884, 8.1476,
18.1564)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	990277
RGB	153, 2, 119
RGB Percent	60%, 1%, 47%
CMY	0.4000, 0.9921, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.22, 0.40
HSL	314°, 97%, 30%
HSV	314°, 99%, 60%
XYZ	16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564
YIQ	60.4870, 52.4390, 68.3990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

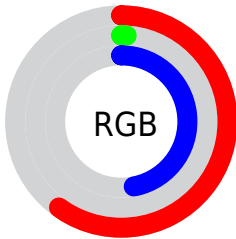
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 2, 119
Decimal	10027639
CIE _{Lab}	34.29, 62.10, -23.38
CIE _{LCh}	34, 66.353, 339.370
Yxy	8.1476, 0.3853, 0.1904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288217719 (0xFF990277)
YUV	60.4870, 28.8469, 81.1339
Hunter-Lab	28.5440, 53.1583, -17.7327

Details

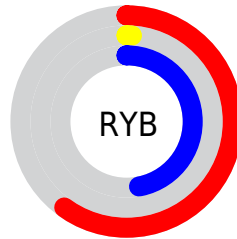
The XYZ color **16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **11.7352, 22.9232, 5.4764**, and the grayscale version is **4.3199, 4.5449, 4.9494**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.9390, 22.2379, 40.8735**, and **6.0353, 2.9836, 6.0521** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4396, 8.0934, 18.0061**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.8829, 8.5993, 19.3275**.

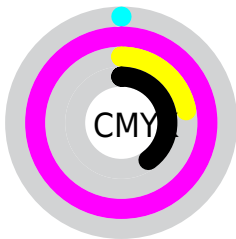
Distribution



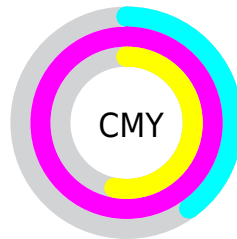
- Red (60%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.4884, 8.1476,
18.1564

■ 16.4884, 8.1476,
18.1564

225.4208,
176.8852, 254.0168

■ 9.9634, 4.1895,
10.8917

■ 36.9947, 22.2473,
41.1212

■ 5.4368, 1.7801,
5.8808

■ 51.7067, 33.1577,
57.6584

■ 2.5431, 0.4748,
2.7051

■ 69.8785, 47.1544,
78.1235

■ 0.9171, 0.0000,
0.9460

■ 91.8753, 64.6217,
102.9351

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 118.0627, 85.9440,
132.5116

■ 148.8058,

111.5058, 167.2717

184.4701,
141.6914, 207.6340

16.4884, 8.1476,
18.1564

16.4884, 8.1476,
18.1564

16.4396, 8.0934,
18.0061

16.8829, 8.5993,
19.3275

17.4291, 9.3424,
20.5865

18.1754, 10.4733,
21.9500

19.1450, 12.0387,
23.4261

20.3583, 14.0787,
25.0218

■ 21.8328, 16.6287,
26.7436

■ 23.5848, 19.7210,
28.5971

■ 25.6291, 23.3849,
30.5875

■ 27.9793, 27.6477,
32.7199

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.1877, 8.1476, 35.7688



16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564



17.0934, 8.1476, 5.9515

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564



6.6430, 8.1476, 0.0000



3.4447, 8.1476, 29.0768

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564



11.7352, 22.9232, 5.4764

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.6332, 8.1476, 12.6174



16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564



4.0522, 8.1476, 0.5469

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564



10.5297, 8.1476, 0.0000



2.8131, 8.1476, 3.4562



5.4989, 8.1476, 44.8431

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564



15.7420, 8.1476, 2.1625



2.8131, 8.1476, 3.4562



3.0528, 8.1476, 23.0783

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.4887, 8.1480, 18.1565



41.5985, 34.1827, 50.5610



6.4557, 2.6963, 30.3175



8.9136, 7.0673, 10.8798



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.4887, 8.1480, 18.1565



29.3686, 14.4652, 31.8640



13.6286, 7.0040, 3.0955



6.4017, 6.2998, 7.4953



13.5998, 6.6942, 14.9496



0.2164, 0.1053, 0.2926

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.4887, 8.1480, 18.1565



29.3686, 14.4652, 31.8640



14.2431, 23.9263, 18.6827



6.4017, 6.2998, 7.4953



13.5998, 6.6942, 14.9496



0.2164, 0.1053, 0.2926

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

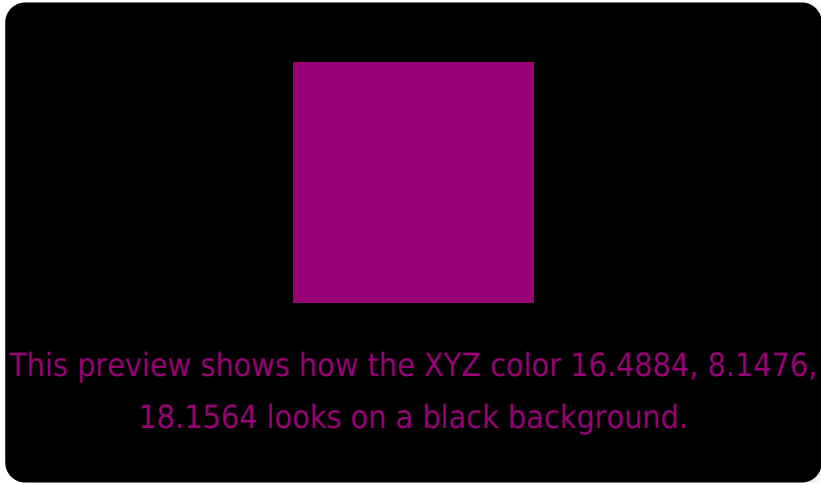
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

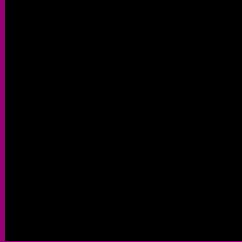
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4884, 8.1476,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564

Protanopia

10.3924, 8.8982, 38.7059

Deuteranopia

8.8670, 8.7188, 16.2545



Tritanopia

13.6035, 8.4578, 3.8213

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564

Protanomaly

9.1978, 5.9193, 29.9359

Deuteranomaly

10.0193, 6.7042, 16.6855

Tritanomaly

14.1204, 7.8639, 7.2522

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564

Achromatopsia

4.2949, 4.5186, 4.9208

Achromatomaly

6.8268, 4.4248, 8.2788

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 2, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 2, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 2, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 2, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 2, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 2, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 2, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 2, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 2, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 2,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.4884, 8.1476, 18.1564 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 2, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 2,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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