

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.3992, 18.0513, 19.4144)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.3992, 18.0513, 19.4144)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(16.3578, 18.0323,  
19.4481)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6E7875
RGB	110, 120, 117
RGB Percent	43%, 47%, 46%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5294, 0.5412
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.03, 0.53
HSL	162°, 4%, 45%
HSV	162°, 8%, 47%
XYZ	16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481
YIQ	116.6680, -4.9970, -3.0530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

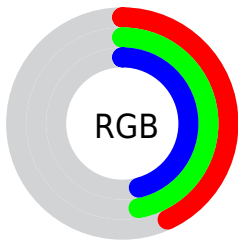
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	110, 116, 120
Decimal	7239797
CIE Lab	49.54, -4.36, 0.36
CIE LCh	50, 4.374, 175.306
Yxy	18.0323, 0.3038, 0.3349
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285429877 (0xFF6E7875)
YUV	116.6680, 0.1637, -5.8478
Hunter-Lab	42.4645, -5.5525, 2.5712

# Details

The XYZ color **16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.3030, 16.3377, 17.9179**, and the grayscale version is **16.8069, 17.6822, 19.2559**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.8142, 40.0510, 43.3264**, and **5.3781, 6.0885, 6.5220** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.7571, 17.2316, 18.2892**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.1699, 18.9420, 20.6602**.

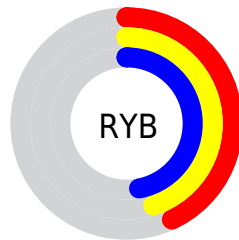
# Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (47%)

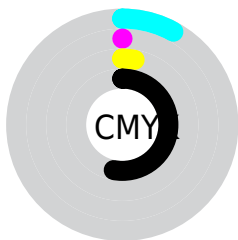
Blue (46%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (47%)

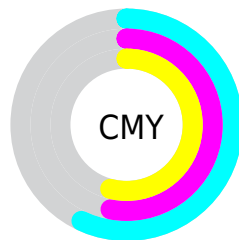


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.3578, 18.0323,  
19.4481

■ 16.3578, 18.0323,  
19.4481

224.6730,  
241.0530, 261.4161

■ 9.8701, 10.9732,  
11.8144

■ 36.7707, 40.0924,  
43.3367

■ 5.3745, 6.0488,  
6.4964

■ 51.4267, 55.8621,  
60.4286

■ 2.5057, 2.8748,  
3.0756

■ 69.5361, 75.3041,  
81.5104

■ 0.8981, 1.0667,  
1.1334

■ 91.4644, 98.8029,  
107.0007

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

117.5769,  
126.7428, 137.3178

148.2389,

159.5082, 172.8804

183.8158,  
197.4835, 214.1070

■ 16.3578, 18.0323,  
19.4481

■ 16.3578, 18.0323,  
19.4481

■ 14.7571, 17.2316,  
18.2892

■ 18.1699, 18.9420,  
20.6602

■ 13.3581, 16.5335,  
17.1814

■ 20.1996, 19.9625,  
21.9251

■ 12.1526, 15.9342,  
16.1243

■ 22.4547, 21.0982,  
23.2440

■ 11.1313, 15.4289,  
15.1169

■ 24.9422, 22.3527,  
24.6177

■ 10.2840, 15.0124,  
14.1583

■ 27.6687, 23.7295,  
26.0470

■ 9.5995, 14.6790,  
13.2474

■ 30.6407, 25.2318,  
27.5325

■ 9.0654, 14.4222,  
12.3831

■ 33.8642, 26.8627,  
29.0750

■ 8.6672, 14.2347,  
11.5642

■ 37.3452, 28.6254,  
30.6752

■ 8.3651, 14.0958,  
10.7884

■ 41.0894, 30.5228,  
32.3338

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.4928, 18.0323, 18.3646



16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481



16.4294, 18.0323, 20.6251

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481



17.4818, 18.0323, 21.7686



17.5964, 18.0323, 17.8183

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481



16.3030, 16.3377, 17.9179

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8691, 18.0323, 18.6754



16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481



17.8022, 18.0323, 20.9608

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481



17.0741, 18.0323, 21.9956



17.9450, 18.0323, 19.8213



17.2044, 18.0323, 17.4480



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481



16.5852, 18.0323, 21.3001



17.9450, 18.0323, 19.8213



17.7053, 18.0323, 18.0573

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3583, 18.0331, 19.4485



30.3992, 32.5324, 35.3143



16.3631, 18.0813, 17.3798



7.1500, 7.6826, 8.3328



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3583, 18.0331, 19.4485



28.2038, 31.4317, 33.8082



16.3193, 17.6680, 20.3203



4.0582, 4.4929, 4.8406



9.0660, 15.3501, 11.5984



42.8561, 73.0655, 53.2738



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.3030, 16.3377, 17.9179



28.0856, 27.8118, 30.5401



16.3366, 16.6710, 17.1090



4.0432, 4.0330, 4.4254



8.7920, 4.4930, 2.1956



41.6045, 21.2981, 8.7132



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

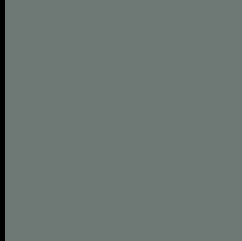
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

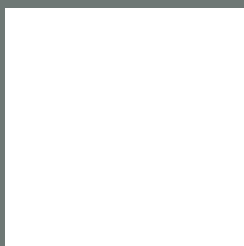
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3578, 18.0323,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481

### Protanopia

17.2015, 17.9535, 18.7784

### Deuteranopia

18.3406, 18.0098, 19.6491



## Tritanopia

17.0568, 17.9601, 22.9897

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481

## Protanomaly

16.8333, 17.9308, 19.0968

## Deuteranomaly

17.5414, 17.9364, 19.6771

## Tritanomaly

16.7905, 18.0284, 21.6637

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481

## Achromatopsia

16.9083, 17.7888, 19.3720

## Achromatomaly

16.6287, 17.8186, 19.3925

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(110, 120, 117) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 120, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 120, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 120, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 120, 117) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 120, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 120, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 120, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 120, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 120,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.3578, 18.0323, 19.4481 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 120, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
120, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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