

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.4131, 15.4976, 17.3602)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.4131, 15.4976, 17.3602)
contains.

XYZ(16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(16.4791, 15.5061,
17.4537)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E6870
RGB	126, 104, 112
RGB Percent	49%, 41%, 44%
CMY	0.5059, 0.5921, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.11, 0.51
HSL	338°, 10%, 45%
HSV	338°, 17%, 49%
XYZ	16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537
YIQ	111.4900, 10.5440, 7.1520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

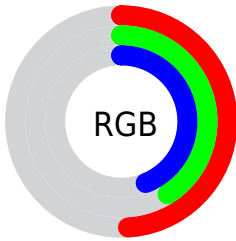
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 104, 112
Decimal	8284272
CIE _{Lab}	46.32, 10.19, -1.20
CIE _{LCh}	46, 10.256, 353.302
Yxy	15.5061, 0.3333, 0.3136
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286474352 (0xFF7E6870)
YUV	111.4900, 0.2514, 12.7253
Hunter-Lab	39.3778, 5.7888, 1.2849

Details

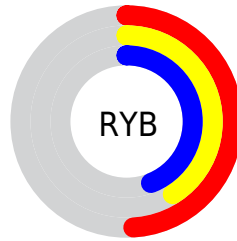
The XYZ color **16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.4404, 19.1731, 19.9746**, and the grayscale version is **15.2494, 16.0436, 17.4715**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.0126, 35.7067, 40.0633**, and **5.4491, 4.8742, 5.5041** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8776, 12.9860, 14.8143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3107, 18.4225, 20.3664**.

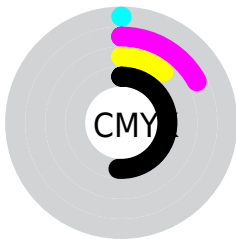
Distribution



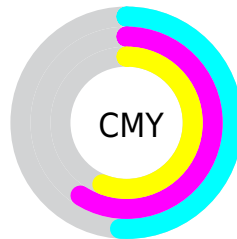
- Red (49%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.4791, 15.5061,
17.4537

■ 16.4791, 15.5061,
17.4537

225.3677,
226.4094, 249.9054

■ 9.9568, 9.1753,
10.3931

■ 36.9787, 35.7386,
39.9055

■ 5.4324, 4.8557,
5.5514

■ 51.6868, 50.4092,
56.1338

■ 2.5405, 2.1629,
2.5099

■ 69.8541, 68.6284,
76.2551

■ 0.9157, 0.6996,
0.8454

■ 91.8461, 90.7808,
100.6879

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

118.0281,
117.2507, 129.8508

148.7655,

148.4225, 164.1623

184.4235,
184.6806, 204.0410

■ 16.4791, 15.5061,
17.4537

■ 16.4791, 15.5061,
17.4537

■ 14.8776, 12.9860,
14.8143

■ 18.3107, 18.4225,
20.3664

■ 13.4956, 10.8431,
12.4390

■ 20.3801, 21.7493,
23.5593

■ 12.3235, 9.0595,
10.3195

■ 22.6960, 25.5024,
27.0403

■ 11.3502, 7.6153,
8.4466

■ 25.2664, 29.6962,
30.8165

■ 10.5639, 6.4884,
6.8105

■ 28.0989, 34.3444,
34.8950

9.9513, 5.6543,
5.4006

31.2007, 39.4603,
39.2824

9.4972, 5.0847,
4.2054

34.5789, 45.0564,
43.9853

9.1694, 4.7173,
3.2073

38.2401, 51.1449,
49.0099

9.0936, 4.6314,
2.9799

42.1909, 57.7375,
54.3624

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.1335, 15.5061, 19.9407



16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537



16.3435, 15.5061, 15.0423

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537



14.0803, 15.5061, 12.8210



13.7521, 15.5061, 21.0643

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537



16.4404, 19.1731, 19.9746

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.2414, 15.5061, 18.8692



16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537



13.4255, 15.5061, 14.1560

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537



14.9359, 15.5061, 12.5226



13.1242, 15.5061, 16.3259



14.5421, 15.5061, 22.1549

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537



16.0011, 15.5061, 13.7800



13.1242, 15.5061, 16.3259



13.5434, 15.5061, 20.4212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.4795, 15.5068, 17.4540



33.0454, 33.7325, 37.1202



16.1789, 15.2546, 21.8305



7.4708, 7.5994, 8.3721



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.4795, 15.5068, 17.4540



27.8227, 25.4239, 28.7920



16.3541, 15.9373, 15.3118



4.3874, 4.3681, 4.8444



9.3273, 4.7506, 3.0471



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.4795, 15.5068, 17.4540



27.8227, 25.4239, 28.7920



16.5665, 18.6322, 22.4620



4.3874, 4.3681, 4.8444



9.3273, 4.7506, 3.0471



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4791, 15.5061,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537

Protanopia

14.9936, 15.4901, 18.4193

Deuteranopia

15.8244, 15.4710, 17.4814



Tritanopia

16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537

Protanomaly

15.4974, 15.4433, 18.0836

Deuteranomaly

16.0022, 15.4106, 17.4604

Tritanomaly

16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537

Achromatopsia

15.1092, 15.8961, 17.3108

Achromatomaly

15.4343, 15.5858, 17.2338

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 104, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 104, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 104, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 104, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 104, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 104, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 104, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 104, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 104, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 104,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.4791, 15.5061, 17.4537 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 104, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
104, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor