

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.4186, 16.0176, 19.7584)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.4186, 16.0176, 19.7584)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.4381, 16.0501,
19.6844)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	786C77
RGB	120, 108, 119
RGB Percent	47%, 42%, 47%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5765, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.01, 0.53
HSL	305°, 5%, 45%
HSV	305°, 10%, 47%
XYZ	16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844
YIQ	112.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

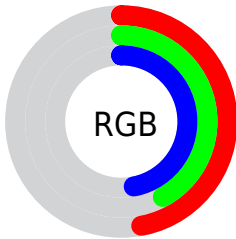
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 108, 119
Decimal	7892087
CIE Lab	47.04, 6.85, -4.40
CIE LCh	47, 8.140, 327.294
Yxy	16.0501, 0.3151, 0.3076
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286082167 (0xFF786C77)
YUV	112.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776
Hunter-Lab	40.0626, 3.1309, -1.0878

Details

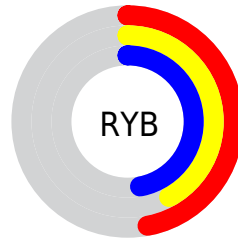
The XYZ color **16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **15.6618, 17.7257, 17.0648**, and the grayscale version is **15.6401, 16.4547, 17.9191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.7621, 36.5072, 43.6371**, and **5.4786, 5.1701, 6.6704** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1990, 13.6674, 18.9767**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.8529, 18.7829, 20.4542**.

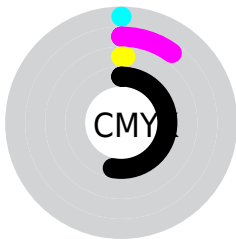
Distribution



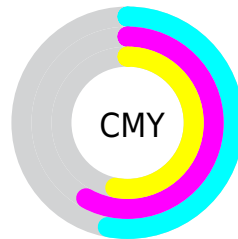
- Red (47%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.4381, 16.0501,
19.6844

■ 16.4381, 16.0501,
19.6844

225.1331,
229.6372, 262.7489

■ 9.9275, 9.5596,
11.9840

■ 36.9084, 36.6852,
43.7394

■ 5.4128, 5.1080,
6.6104

■ 51.5989, 51.5985,
60.9312

■ 2.5287, 2.3107,
3.1449

■ 69.7467, 70.0883,
82.1238

■ 0.9097, 0.7794,
1.1691

■ 91.7172, 92.5389,
107.7358

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

117.8757,
119.3347, 138.1858

148.5876,

150.8600, 173.8923

184.2183,
187.4994, 215.2738

■ 16.4381, 16.0501,
19.6844

■ 16.4381, 16.0501,
19.6844

■ 15.1990, 13.6674,
18.9767

■ 17.8529, 18.7829,
20.4542

■ 14.1273, 11.6186,
18.3277

■ 19.4488, 21.8770,
21.2873

■ 13.2158, 9.8891,
17.7352

■ 21.2326, 25.3458,
22.1862

■ 12.4563, 8.4629,
17.1964

■ 23.2102, 29.2013,
23.1528

■ 11.8401, 7.3221,
16.7085

■ 25.3874, 33.4550,
24.1891

■ 11.3574, 6.4473,
16.2682

■ 27.7697, 38.1178,
25.2970

■ 10.9971, 5.8163,
15.8718

■ 30.3624, 43.2004,
26.4781

■ 10.7465, 5.4038,
15.5149

■ 33.1706, 48.7130,
27.7343

■ 10.5602, 5.1189,
15.1826

■ 36.1993, 54.6655,
29.0672

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.8925, 16.0501, 21.2025



16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844



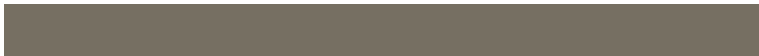
16.6660, 16.0501, 17.6618

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844



15.3200, 16.0501, 13.8399



14.0689, 16.0501, 19.3389

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844



15.6618, 17.7257, 17.0648

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.9262, 16.0501, 17.2911



16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844



14.6351, 16.0501, 14.2136

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844



16.0080, 16.0501, 14.3757



14.1303, 16.0501, 15.4390



14.5263, 16.0501, 20.9923

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844



16.6020, 16.0501, 16.3344



14.1303, 16.0501, 15.4390



13.9832, 16.0501, 18.6693

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.4386, 16.0508, 19.6847



30.6012, 31.4908, 35.5468



15.0601, 15.3332, 19.9355



7.2089, 7.3793, 8.4008



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.4386, 16.0508, 19.6847



28.3848, 27.2144, 34.3261



16.0895, 15.9112, 17.8466



4.1408, 4.0720, 4.9389



11.5179, 5.5833, 16.5499



54.7891, 26.5720, 78.1425

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.4386, 16.0508, 19.6847



28.3848, 27.2144, 34.3261



15.9959, 17.8594, 18.8243



4.1408, 4.0720, 4.9389



11.5179, 5.5833, 16.5499



54.7891, 26.5720, 78.1425

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

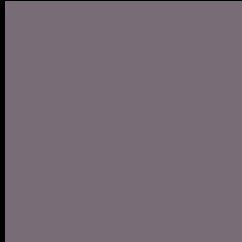
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

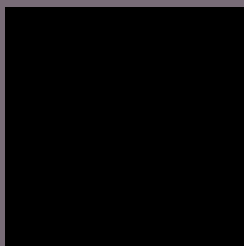
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844.

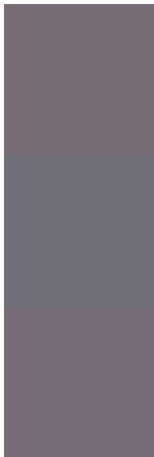


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4381, 16.0501,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844

Protanopia

15.6912, 16.1289, 20.3753

Deuteranopia

16.3001, 15.9790, 19.6779



Tritanopia

16.3192, 16.0025, 19.0583

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844

Protanomaly

15.9055, 16.0853, 20.0358

Deuteranomaly

16.3001, 15.9790, 19.6779

Tritanomaly

16.3783, 16.0262, 19.3697

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844

Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

Achromatomaly

15.9814, 16.3197, 18.5274

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 108, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 108, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 108, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 108, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 108, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 108, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 108, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 108, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 108, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 108,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.4381, 16.0501, 19.6844 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 108, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
108, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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