

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.4240, 18.5322, 22.9614)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.4240, 18.5322, 22.9614)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.4587, 18.5492,
23.1350)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	667B80
RGB	102, 123, 128
RGB Percent	40%, 48%, 50%
CMY	0.6000, 0.5176, 0.4980
CMYK	0.20, 0.04, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	192°, 11%, 45%
HSV	192°, 20%, 50%
XYZ	16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350
YIQ	117.2910, -14.1210, -2.8970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

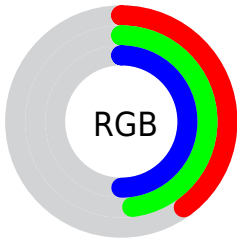
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 114, 128
Decimal	6716288
CIE _{Lab}	50.16, -6.46, -5.28
CIE _{LCh}	50, 8.347, 219.262
Yxy	18.5492, 0.2831, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284906368 (0xFF667B80)
YUV	117.2910, 5.2795, -13.4102
Hunter-Lab	43.0688, -7.1567, -1.7003

Details

The XYZ color **16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.5582, 16.0639, 14.7986**, and the grayscale version is **16.9864, 17.8711, 19.4616**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.8073, 40.7684, 49.6452**, and **5.3814, 6.2463, 8.3192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8173, 17.2560, 22.9722**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3329, 19.9747, 23.3117**.

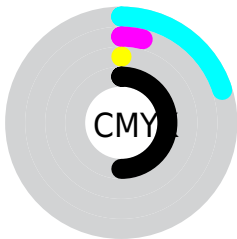
Distribution



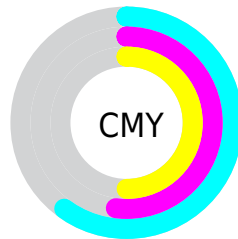
- Red (40%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.4587, 18.5492,
23.1350

■ 16.4587, 18.5492,
23.1350

225.2510,
243.9487, 281.5620

■ 9.9422, 11.3450,
14.4870

■ 36.9438, 40.9710,
49.5409

■ 5.4226, 6.2994,
8.3175

■ 51.6431, 56.9573,
68.1359

■ 2.5346, 3.0280,
4.2081

■ 69.8007, 76.6398,
90.8836

■ 0.9127, 1.1464,
1.7402

■ 91.7820, 100.4029,
118.2026

■ 0.0000, 0.0172,
0.3881

117.9523,
128.6309, 150.5113

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

148.6770,

161.7083, 188.2285

184.3214,
200.0194, 231.7725

■ 16.4587, 18.5492,
23.1350

■ 16.4587, 18.5492,
23.1350

■ 14.8173, 17.2560,
22.9722

■ 18.3329, 19.9747,
23.3117

■ 13.3968, 16.0875,
22.8215

■ 20.4478, 21.5354,
23.5014

■ 12.1866, 15.0386,
22.6829

■ 22.8132, 23.2368,
23.7052

■ 11.1745, 14.1031,
22.5556

■ 25.4377, 25.0833,
23.9233

■ 10.3473, 13.2739,
22.4392

■ 28.3293, 27.0793,
24.1561

■ 9.6899, 12.5432,
22.3328

■ 31.4960, 29.2288,
24.4041

■ 9.1848, 11.9019,
22.2356

■ 34.9453, 31.5359,
24.6676

■ 8.7858, 11.3375,
22.1477

■ 38.6842, 34.0043,
24.9470

■ 42.7199, 36.6377,
25.2426

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.1461, 18.5492, 20.9190



16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350



17.0879, 18.5492, 24.6339

Triad

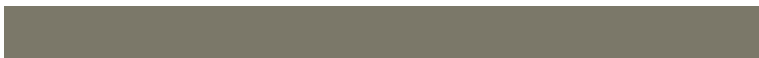
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350



19.1184, 18.5492, 21.8080



17.3824, 18.5492, 16.1292

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350



16.5582, 16.0639, 14.7986

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.1844, 18.5492, 16.3276



16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350



19.2031, 18.5492, 19.4917

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350



18.6285, 18.5492, 23.8282



18.8566, 18.5492, 17.5188



16.6687, 18.5492, 16.9547

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



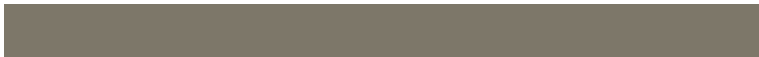
16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350



17.6105, 18.5492, 24.9629



18.8566, 18.5492, 17.5188



17.6504, 18.5492, 16.0798

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.4592, 18.5500, 23.1354



33.7791, 36.2855, 41.1797



15.8405, 19.3201, 16.7402



7.8639, 8.4623, 9.6373



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.4592, 18.5500, 23.1354



27.7041, 31.6661, 40.6083



14.9772, 15.5859, 22.6414



4.3784, 4.7508, 5.4995



8.7126, 11.2437, 21.9610



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

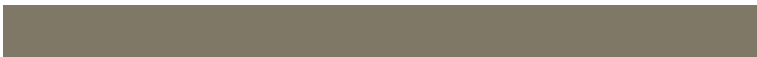
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.2290, 15.5223, 20.8278



29.3109, 25.4662, 35.7647



17.9891, 18.9257, 15.2755



4.4638, 4.3987, 5.2470



11.2747, 5.5296, 13.3021



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

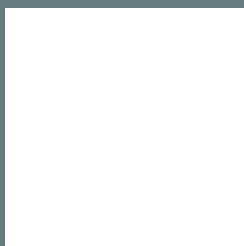
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4587, 18.5492,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350

Protanopia

17.7879, 18.3595, 22.0082

Deuteranopia

18.8120, 18.5114, 23.3504



Tritanopia

16.7179, 18.4686, 24.5135

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350

Protanomaly

17.2924, 18.4500, 22.3885

Deuteranomaly

17.8954, 18.5605, 23.4082

Tritanomaly

16.6498, 18.4413, 24.1547

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350

Achromatopsia

16.9083, 17.7888, 19.3720

Achromatomaly

16.7301, 18.0189, 20.6854

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 123, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 123, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 123, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 123, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 123, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 123, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 123, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 123, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 123, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 123,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.4587, 18.5492, 23.1350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 123, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
123, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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