

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.4508, 8.4532, 2.0143)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.4508, 8.4532, 2.0143)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.3828, 8.4186,
1.9898)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8001E
RGB	168, 0, 30
RGB Percent	66%, 0%, 12%
CMY	0.3412, 0.9999, 0.8824
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.82, 0.34
HSL	349°, 100%, 33%
HSV	349°, 100%, 66%
XYZ	16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898
YIQ	53.6520, 90.4980, 44.9460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

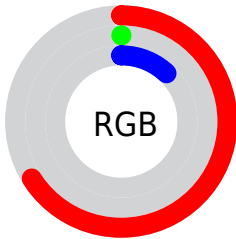
Format	Color
RYB	168, 0, 30
Decimal	11010078
CIELab	34.84, 59.12, 34.97
CIELCh	35, 68.694, 30.606
Yxy	8.4186, 0.6115, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289200158 (0xFFA8001E)
YUV	53.6520, -11.6604, 100.2832
Hunter-Lab	29.0148, 50.0115, 16.2443

Details

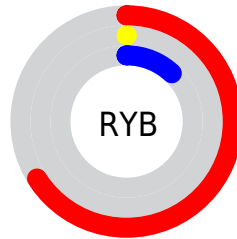
The XYZ color **16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **18.5924, 29.8410, 28.8354**, and the grayscale version is **3.4715, 3.6522, 3.9773**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.8449, 22.7911, 8.9357**, and **6.0634, 3.1258, 0.2838** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.3824, 8.4184, 1.9882**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.7970, 8.9008, 3.1962**.

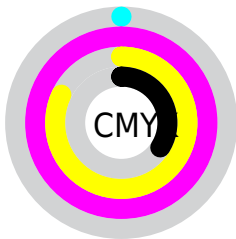
Distribution



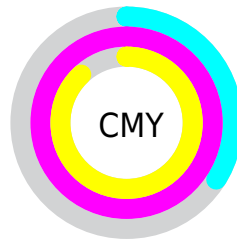
- Red (66%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.3828, 8.4186,
1.9898


 16.3828, 8.4186,
1.9898


224.8163,
178.9794, 122.2182

 9.8880, 4.3640,
0.5490


 36.8136, 22.7751,
9.0129


 5.3865, 1.8792,
0.0000

 51.4803, 33.8457,
15.4890


 2.5128, 0.5358,
0.0000

 69.6017, 48.0237,
24.4996

 0.9017, 0.0000,
0.0000

 91.5431, 65.6936,
36.4632

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 117.6700, 87.2397,
51.7983


 148.3475,


113.0465, 70.9235


 183.9412,
143.4982, 94.2573


 16.3828, 8.4186,
1.9898


 16.3828, 8.4186,
1.9898


 16.3824, 8.4184,
1.9882

 16.7970, 8.9008,
3.1962

 17.4635, 9.7492,
4.9119

 18.4578, 11.1030,
7.2003

 19.8172, 13.0256,
10.1078

 21.5736, 15.5710,
13.6759

■ 23.7556, 18.7870,
17.9422

■ 26.3890, 22.7167,
22.9418

■ 29.4974, 27.3996,
28.7072

■ 33.1030, 32.8722,
35.2688

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.1312, 8.4186, 8.9402



16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898



12.2923, 8.4186, 0.0152

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898



3.0730, 8.4186, 2.1359



8.0815, 8.4186, 52.0146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898



18.5924, 29.8410, 28.8354

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.8474, 8.4186, 43.6818



16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898



2.5893, 8.4186, 9.3964

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898



4.7493, 8.4186, 0.0660



3.1153, 8.4186, 25.0992



12.4769, 8.4186, 43.0391

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898



9.2937, 8.4186, 0.0000



3.1153, 8.4186, 25.0992



6.8352, 8.4186, 51.1045

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3830, 8.4191, 1.9899



47.5929, 40.7821, 41.0796



17.4183, 8.1635, 37.7031



9.9354, 8.2339, 8.1275



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3830, 8.4191, 1.9899



29.6721, 15.2540, 3.3112



17.4316, 10.8911, 1.1843



7.5837, 7.5634, 8.1252



12.3855, 6.3629, 1.5757



0.3166, 0.1609, 0.1189

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.3830, 8.4191, 1.9899



29.6721, 15.2540, 3.3112



13.1772, 15.0452, 39.2550



7.5837, 7.5634, 8.1252



12.3855, 6.3629, 1.5757



0.3166, 0.1609, 0.1189

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

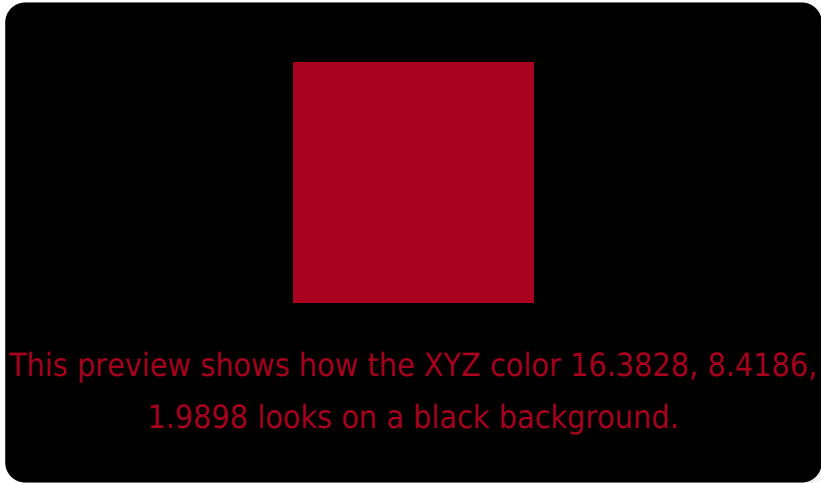
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.3828, 8.4186,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898

Protanopia

8.2758, 9.0294, 3.9960

Deuteranopia

9.0921, 9.0451, 1.7186



Tritanopia

16.1072, 8.5571, 0.8028

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898

Protanomaly

9.4651, 6.7915, 2.9098

Deuteranomaly

10.4075, 7.1736, 1.4979

Tritanomaly

16.1053, 8.4567, 1.1001

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898

Achromatopsia

3.5063, 3.6889, 4.0173

Achromatomaly

5.7650, 3.7664, 2.9058

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 0, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 0, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 0, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 0, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 0, 30) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 0, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 0, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 0, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 0, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 0, 30)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.3828, 8.4186, 1.9898 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 0, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168, 0,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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