

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.5220, 17.8083, 21.1091)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.5220, 17.8083, 21.1091)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(16.4217, 17.6770,  
20.9588)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6E767A
RGB	110, 118, 122
RGB Percent	43%, 46%, 48%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5372, 0.5216
CMYK	0.10, 0.03, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	200°, 5%, 45%
HSV	200°, 10%, 48%
XYZ	16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588
YIQ	116.0640, -6.0520, -0.4520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

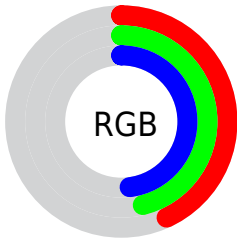
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	110, 115, 122
Decimal	7239290
CIE Lab	49.10, -2.13, -3.23
CIE LCh	49, 3.872, 236.619
Yxy	17.6770, 0.2983, 0.3211
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285429370 (0xFF6E767A)
YUV	116.0640, 2.9264, -5.3181
Hunter-Lab	42.0440, -3.8579, -0.1250

# Details

The XYZ color **16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.8579, 17.2979, 17.2025**, and the grayscale version is **16.6131, 17.4783, 19.0339**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.9150, 39.4868, 45.7205**, and **5.3794, 5.8855, 7.1558** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5388, 16.0114, 20.7368**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5353, 19.4931, 21.1982**.

# Distribution



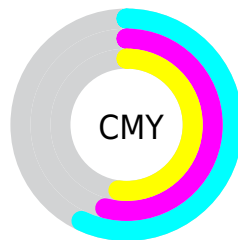
- Red (43%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.4217, 17.6770,  
20.9588

■ 16.4217, 17.6770,  
20.9588

225.0392,  
239.0441, 269.8333

■ 9.9158, 10.7183,  
12.9029

■ 36.8803, 39.4862,  
45.8989

■ 5.4050, 5.8778,  
7.2318

■ 51.5637, 55.1055,  
63.6201

■ 2.5240, 2.7709,  
3.5268

■ 69.7037, 74.3804,  
85.4003

■ 0.9074, 1.0133,  
1.3695

■ 91.6656, 97.6955,  
111.6579

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1178

117.8147,  
125.4349, 142.8114

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

148.5164,

157.9833, 179.2795

184.1362,  
195.7249, 221.4806

■ 16.4217, 17.6770,  
20.9588

■ 16.4217, 17.6770,  
20.9588

■ 14.5388, 16.0114,  
20.7368

■ 18.5353, 19.4931,  
21.1982

■ 12.8763, 14.4892,  
20.5306

■ 20.8863, 21.4621,  
21.4544

■ 11.4253, 13.1059,  
20.3401

■ 23.4831, 23.5892,  
21.7281

■ 10.1759, 11.8560,  
20.1647

■ 26.3330, 25.8785,  
22.0197

■ 9.1172, 10.7335,  
20.0038

■ 29.4433, 28.3342,  
22.3298

■ 8.2372, 9.7317,  
19.8568

■ 32.8207, 30.9600,  
22.6586

■ 7.5223, 8.8433,  
19.7230

■ 36.4719, 33.7597,  
23.0066

■ 6.9569, 8.0597,  
19.6016

■ 40.4032, 36.7369,  
23.3740

■ 6.4891, 7.3538,  
19.4900

■ 44.6208, 39.8951,  
23.7613

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.1873, 17.6770, 20.1535



16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588



16.7605, 17.6770, 21.3048

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588



17.5053, 17.6770, 19.3650



16.4918, 17.6770, 17.5209

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588



16.8579, 17.2979, 17.2025

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.8425, 17.6770, 17.3266



16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588



17.4309, 17.6770, 18.3686

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588



17.3889, 17.6770, 20.3641



17.1870, 17.6770, 17.6315



16.2274, 17.6770, 18.1720



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588



17.0011, 17.6770, 21.2196



17.1870, 17.6770, 17.6315



16.6033, 17.6770, 17.4011

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.4222, 17.6777, 20.9592



31.3604, 33.2309, 37.1542



16.4161, 18.4447, 18.5552



7.1088, 7.5454, 8.4884



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.4222, 17.6777, 20.9592



28.0414, 30.3568, 36.7744



15.7598, 16.3530, 20.7384



3.9999, 4.2981, 5.0620



6.8162, 7.7148, 20.5152



31.7073, 35.1873, 97.5905



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.8724, 16.5978, 19.4548



29.0208, 28.0413, 33.4939



17.5332, 18.6485, 17.4276



4.1004, 4.0559, 4.7263



10.0238, 4.9857, 8.6824



47.4075, 23.6194, 39.2717



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

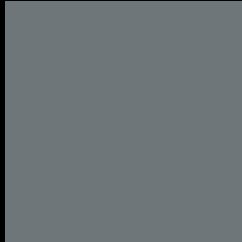
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

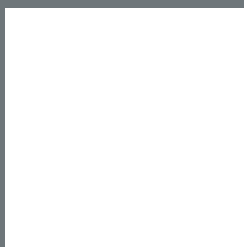
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4217, 17.6770,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588

### Protanopia

17.0327, 17.6532, 20.5988

### Deuteranopia

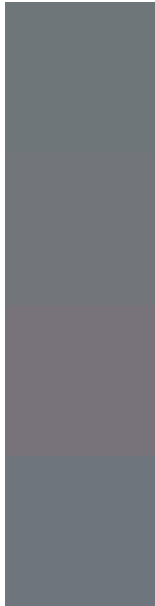
17.9377, 17.6003, 21.1907



## Tritanopia

16.7476, 17.6344, 22.5998

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588

## Protanomaly

16.7519, 17.6805, 20.6189

## Deuteranomaly

17.4516, 17.6846, 21.2326

## Tritanomaly

16.6185, 17.5828, 21.9200

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588

## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

## Achromatomaly

16.5707, 17.6080, 19.6649

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 118, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 118, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 118, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 118, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 118, 122) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 118, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 118, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 118, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 118, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 118,  
122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.4217, 17.6770, 20.9588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 118, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
118, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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