

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.5522, 8.3704, 8.1175)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.5522, 8.3704, 8.1175)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.5155, 8.3510,
8.1386)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3004F
RGB	163, 0, 79
RGB Percent	64%, 0%, 31%
CMY	0.3608, 0.9999, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.52, 0.36
HSL	331°, 100%, 32%
HSV	331°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386
YIQ	57.7430, 71.7890, 59.1250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

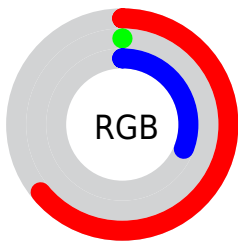
Format	Color
RYB	163, 0, 79
Decimal	10682447
CIELab	34.70, 60.46, 3.17
CIELCh	35, 60.545, 3.003
Yxy	8.3510, 0.5004, 0.2530
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288872527 (0xFFA3004F)
YUV	57.7430, 10.4797, 92.3104
Hunter-Lab	28.8981, 51.4425, 3.5308

Details

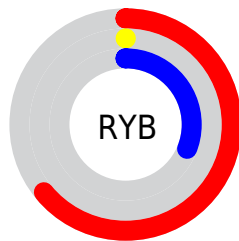
The XYZ color **16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **14.6985, 26.8348, 12.7970**, and the grayscale version is **3.9687, 4.1754, 4.5470**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.0521, 22.6953, 22.8498**, and **6.0123, 3.0644, 1.8647** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.5150, 8.3508, 8.1364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.0310, 8.8614, 9.9158**.

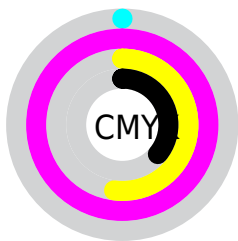
Distribution



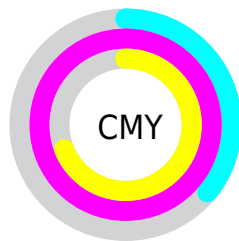
- Red (64%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (36%)





- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.5155, 8.3510,
8.1386


 16.5155, 8.3510,
8.1386


225.5757,
178.4597, 186.7901


 9.9828, 4.3204,
4.0947


 37.0411, 22.6437,
22.7804


 5.4497, 1.8543,
1.6775

 51.7648, 33.6746,
34.2153


 2.5509, 0.5207,
0.3452

 69.9494, 47.8077,
48.9510

 0.9210, 0.0000,
0.0000

 91.9605, 65.4273,
67.4061

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 118.1633, 86.9179,
89.9989

 148.9232,

112.6640, 117.1482

184.6056,
143.0498, 149.2724

16.5155, 8.3510,
8.1386

16.5155, 8.3510,
8.1386

16.5150, 8.3508,
8.1364

17.0310, 8.8614,
9.9158

17.7399, 9.6943,
11.9549

18.7083, 10.9803,
14.2844

19.9657, 12.7761,
16.9201

21.5371, 15.1299,
19.8763

■ 23.4448, 18.0845,
23.1660

■ 25.7089, 21.6782,
26.8013

■ 28.3477, 25.9462,
30.7935

■ 31.3785, 30.9212,
35.1536

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3855, 8.3510, 20.6477



16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386



14.8545, 8.3510, 2.1962

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386



4.8592, 8.3510, 0.6333



5.3036, 8.3510, 38.4514

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386



14.6985, 26.8348, 12.7970

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.5909, 8.3510, 23.7531



16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386



3.3911, 8.3510, 2.9304

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386



7.5968, 8.3510, 0.0000



3.0042, 8.3510, 10.1189



8.2880, 8.3510, 44.0159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386



12.6056, 8.3510, 0.8025



3.0042, 8.3510, 10.1189



4.5927, 8.3510, 34.0664

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.5157, 8.3515, 8.1387



45.7938, 38.4252, 47.6109



10.0484, 4.4168, 34.9731



9.9052, 8.0242, 10.0925



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.5157, 8.3515, 8.1387



29.4769, 14.9156, 14.0430



15.1045, 7.7870, 0.7076



7.2101, 7.1405, 8.0926



12.8581, 6.4993, 6.4435



0.2940, 0.1461, 0.2611

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.5157, 8.3515, 8.1387



29.4769, 14.9156, 14.0430



19.7082, 28.8387, 39.1778



7.2101, 7.1405, 8.0926



12.8581, 6.4993, 6.4435



0.2940, 0.1461, 0.2611

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

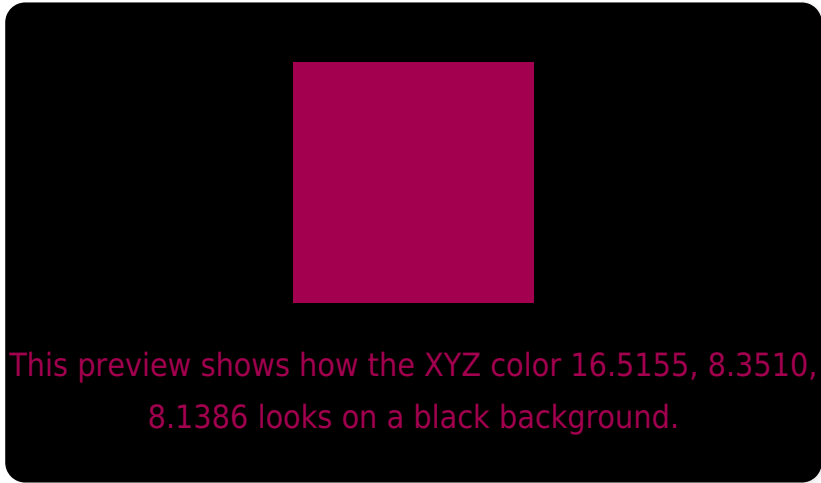
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.5155, 8.3510,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386

Protanopia

9.1881, 9.0921, 17.1903

Deuteranopia

9.0419, 8.8941, 7.3711



Tritanopia

15.4353, 8.6560, 2.1536

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386

Protanomaly

9.8064, 6.6739, 13.0833

Deuteranomaly

10.3831, 7.0289, 7.4661

Tritanomaly

15.6839, 8.3951, 3.5901

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386

Achromatopsia

4.0217, 4.2311, 4.6077

Achromatomaly

6.4688, 4.2033, 5.6246

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 0, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 0, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 0, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 0, 79) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 0, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 0, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 79)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.5155, 8.3510, 8.1386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 0, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 0,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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