

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.5850, 10.2079, 17.0142)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.5850, 10.2079, 17.0142)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(16.6162, 10.2432,  
17.0209)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	943772
RGB	148, 55, 114
RGB Percent	58%, 22%, 45%
CMY	0.4196, 0.7843, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.23, 0.42
HSL	322°, 46%, 40%
HSV	322°, 63%, 58%
XYZ	16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209
YIQ	89.5330, 36.4890, 38.0650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

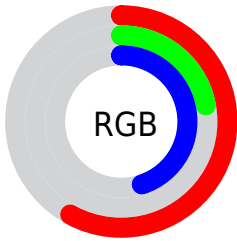
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	148, 55, 114
Decimal	9713522
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	38.28, 45.63, -14.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	38, 47.778, 342.760
Yxy	10.2432, 0.3787, 0.2334
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287903602 (0xFF943772)
YUV	89.5330, 12.0622, 51.2756
Hunter-Lab	32.0050, 36.6640, -9.1281

# Details

The XYZ color **16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **13.9692, 22.7137, 13.1003**, and the grayscale version is **9.5826, 10.0816, 10.9789**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.3175, 26.2477, 39.1759**, and **5.5995, 2.7730, 5.3944** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7168, 8.9227, 15.2462**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.7453, 11.9937, 18.9623**.

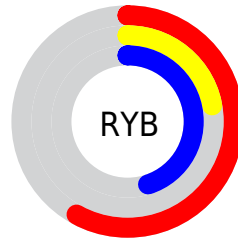
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (22%)

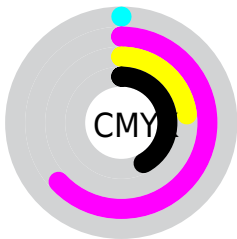
Blue (45%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (45%)

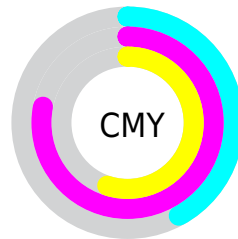


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (78%)


Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 16.6162, 10.2432,  
17.0209


 16.6162, 10.2432,  
17.0209


226.1505,  
192.3991, 247.3408


 10.0548, 5.5605,  
10.0873


 37.2136, 26.2519,  
39.1529


 5.4979, 2.5797,  
5.3505

 51.9803, 38.3468,  
55.1883

 2.5800, 0.9165,  
2.3920

 70.2128, 53.6811,  
75.0947

 0.9358, 0.0000,  
0.7821

 92.2766, 72.6393,  
99.2906

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 118.5368, 95.6059,  
128.1947

 149.3590,

122.9651, 162.2254

185.1084,  
155.1014, 201.8012

■ 16.6162, 10.2432,  
17.0209

■ 16.6162, 10.2432,  
17.0209

■ 15.7168, 8.9227,  
15.2462

■ 17.7453, 11.9937,  
18.9623

■ 15.0263, 7.9915,  
13.6294

■ 19.1206, 14.2071,  
21.0771

■ 14.5216, 7.4038,  
12.1614

■ 20.7581, 16.9146,  
23.3721

■ 14.2282, 7.1021,  
11.1847

■ 22.6720, 20.1444,  
25.8536

■ 24.8756, 23.9226,  
28.5274

■ 27.3813, 28.2734,  
31.3990

■ 30.2007, 33.2197,  
34.4736

■ 33.3447, 38.7830,  
37.7561

■ 36.8240, 44.9838,  
41.2514

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.3731, 10.2432, 28.9847



16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209



16.7892, 10.2432, 7.7895

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209



8.4769, 10.2432, 1.4113



5.9802, 10.2432, 27.2361

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209



13.9692, 22.7137, 13.1003

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.0001, 10.2432, 15.3676



16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209



6.2217, 10.2432, 2.7248

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209



11.6129, 10.2432, 1.5002



5.0779, 10.2432, 6.8176



8.0728, 10.2432, 36.7177



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209



15.6628, 10.2432, 4.2278



5.0779, 10.2432, 6.8176



5.5319, 10.2432, 23.1862

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.6165, 10.2437, 17.0211



41.2879, 37.7353, 47.2084



10.6941, 6.9240, 28.7899



9.2018, 8.2328, 10.5007



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.6165, 10.2437, 17.0211



27.2442, 15.0659, 25.8245



14.6520, 9.4579, 6.6761



5.9462, 5.8736, 6.8231



12.1665, 6.0717, 9.6238



0.1631, 0.0800, 0.1927



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.6165, 10.2437, 17.0211



27.2442, 15.0659, 25.8245



16.4724, 23.7150, 26.2822



5.9462, 5.8736, 6.8231



12.1665, 6.0717, 9.6238



0.1631, 0.0800, 0.1927



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

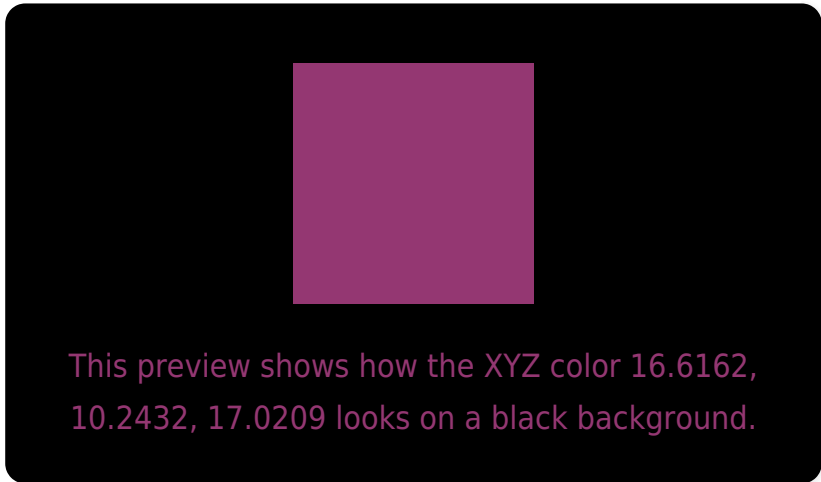
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

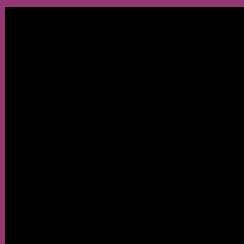
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.6162, 10.2432,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209

### Protanopia

11.0537, 10.4547, 26.2463

### Deuteranopia

10.6471, 10.4730, 15.9283



## Tritanopia

14.5553, 10.2679, 7.0091

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209

## Protanomaly

12.0061, 9.6558, 22.7037

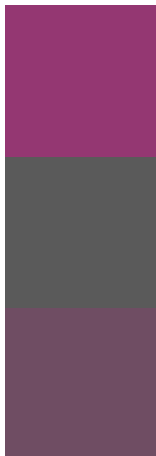
## Deuteranomaly

12.2052, 9.9002, 16.3066

## Tritanomaly

15.0794, 10.1369, 9.9659

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209

## Achromatopsia

9.7181, 10.2242, 11.1341

## Achromatomaly

11.4616, 9.5881, 13.0510

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 55, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(148, 55, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 55, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 55, 114) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 55, 114) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 55, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 55, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 55, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 55, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 55,  
114) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.6162, 10.2432, 17.0209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 55, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148, 55,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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