

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.5885, 19.2185, 24.4247)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.5885, 19.2185, 24.4247)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(16.4874, 19.1018,  
24.2908)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	617E83
RGB	97, 126, 131
RGB Percent	38%, 49%, 51%
CMY	0.6196, 0.5059, 0.4863
CMYK	0.26, 0.04, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	189°, 15%, 45%
HSV	189°, 26%, 51%
XYZ	16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908
YIQ	117.8990, -18.8890, -4.5930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

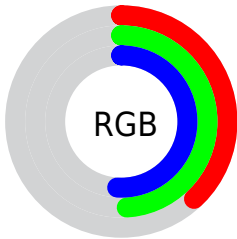
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	97, 113, 131
Decimal	6389379
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.81, -9.10, -6.12
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 10.968, 213.891
Yxy	19.1018, 0.2753, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284579459 (0xFF617E83)
YUV	117.8990, 6.4588, -18.3284
Hunter-Lab	43.7056, -9.1479, -2.3584

# Details

The XYZ color **16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **16.2694, 15.1913, 13.3845**, and the grayscale version is **17.1734, 18.0678, 19.6758**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.9846, 41.9968, 51.5043**, and **5.4435, 6.5699, 8.9639** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.9614, 17.9535, 24.1499**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.2498, 20.3800, 24.4449**.

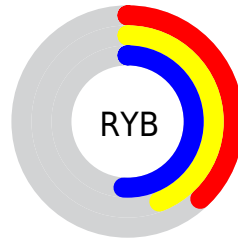
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (49%)

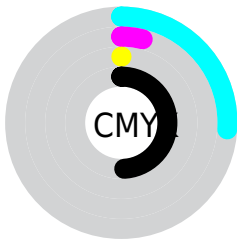
Blue (51%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (51%)

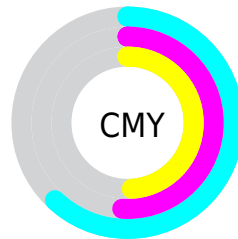


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.4874, 19.1018,  
24.2908

■ 16.4874, 19.1018,  
24.2908

225.4151,  
247.0102, 287.6212

■ 9.9627, 11.7439,  
15.3353

■ 36.9930, 41.9060,  
51.4541

■ 5.4363, 6.5695,  
8.9058

■ 51.7046, 58.1211,  
70.4990

■ 2.5428, 3.1944,  
4.5838

■ 69.8759, 78.0574,  
93.7440

■ 0.9169, 1.2340,  
1.9508

■ 91.8722, 102.0992,  
121.6078

■ 0.0000, 0.0892,  
0.5248

118.0589,  
130.6311, 154.5089

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

148.8014,

164.0372, 192.8658

184.4651,  
202.7021, 237.0970

■ 16.4874, 19.1018,  
24.2908

■ 16.4874, 19.1018,  
24.2908

■ 14.9614, 17.9535,  
24.1499

■ 18.2498, 20.3800,  
24.4449

■ 13.6589, 16.9269,  
24.0204

■ 20.2574, 21.7912,  
24.6115

■ 12.5680, 16.0164,  
23.9021

■ 22.5208, 23.3413,  
24.7914

■ 11.6752, 15.2149,  
23.7945

■ 25.0494, 25.0353,  
24.9851

■ 10.9655, 14.5148,  
23.6968

■ 27.8519, 26.8778,  
25.1931

■ 10.4217, 13.9069,  
23.6081

■ 30.9368, 28.8730,  
25.4156

■ 10.0150, 13.3765,  
23.5272

■ 34.3123, 31.0254,  
25.6531

■ 9.8625, 13.1701,  
23.4953

■ 37.9861, 33.3388,  
25.9060

■ 41.9657, 35.8171,  
26.1746

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.1635, 19.1018, 21.2044



16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908



17.2579, 19.1018, 26.6032

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908



20.0831, 19.1018, 23.5245



18.0153, 19.1018, 15.4160

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908



16.2694, 15.1913, 13.3845

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.0841, 19.1018, 15.9065



16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908



20.3052, 19.1018, 20.3980

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908



19.3373, 19.1018, 26.1309



19.9329, 19.1018, 17.6583



17.0232, 19.1018, 16.2461



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



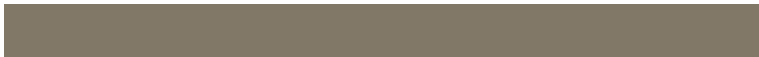
16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908



17.9358, 19.1018, 27.2836



19.9329, 19.1018, 17.6583



18.3774, 19.1018, 15.4324

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.4880, 19.1026, 24.2912



35.4349, 38.4376, 44.0047



15.4217, 19.7245, 15.4443



8.1345, 8.8684, 10.2357



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.4880, 19.1026, 24.2912



27.9006, 32.9951, 43.3513



14.5455, 15.2177, 23.6438



4.7449, 5.1654, 5.9477



9.7094, 12.9667, 23.1278



0.0376, 0.0528, 0.0814



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.4012, 14.8816, 21.6948



29.8435, 24.2179, 37.7817



18.0596, 18.7717, 13.9812



4.8292, 4.7514, 5.7132



12.0790, 5.8959, 15.5202



0.0438, 0.0212, 0.0642



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

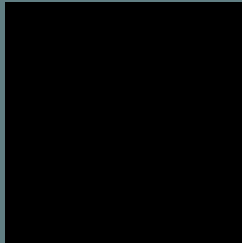
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

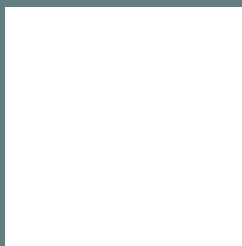
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.4874, 19.1018,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908

### Protanopia

18.4324, 19.0302, 22.7804

### Deuteranopia

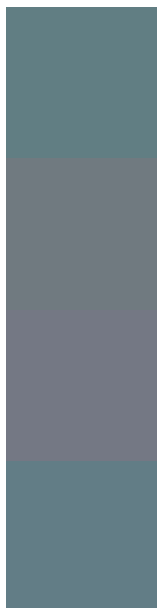
19.3473, 18.9281, 24.8241



## Tritanopia

16.7438, 19.0132, 25.7091

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908

## Protanomaly

17.5379, 18.9223, 23.1501

## Deuteranomaly

18.0838, 18.8119, 24.5077

## Tritanomaly

16.6737, 18.9851, 25.3400

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908

## Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

## Achromatomaly

16.8429, 18.4198, 21.4066

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(97, 126, 131) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 126, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 126, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 126, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 126, 131) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 126, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 126, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 126, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 126, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 126,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.4874, 19.1018, 24.2908 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 126, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 126,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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