

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.6250, 18.6091, 19.3096)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.6250, 18.6091, 19.3096)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.5423, 18.4950,
19.2210)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E7A74
RGB	110, 122, 116
RGB Percent	43%, 48%, 45%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5216, 0.5451
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.05, 0.52
HSL	150°, 5%, 45%
HSV	150°, 10%, 48%
XYZ	16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210
YIQ	117.7280, -5.2260, -4.4100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

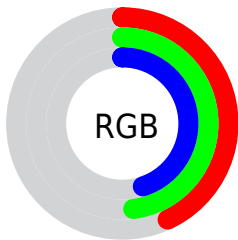
Format	Color
RYB	110, 118, 122
Decimal	7240308
CIELab	50.09, -5.71, 1.76
CIELCh	50, 5.977, 162.912
Yxy	18.4950, 0.3049, 0.3409
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285430388 (0xFF6E7A74)
YUV	117.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775
Hunter-Lab	43.0058, -6.5997, 3.6050

Details

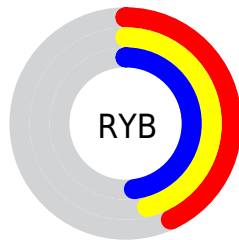
The XYZ color **16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.7550, 16.5508, 18.8354**, and the grayscale version is **17.1390, 18.0316, 19.6364**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.1042, 40.7806, 42.9616**, and **5.4125, 6.2066, 6.3816** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.7844, 17.6290, 17.3468**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5336, 19.4797, 21.2286**.

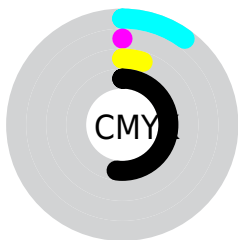
Distribution



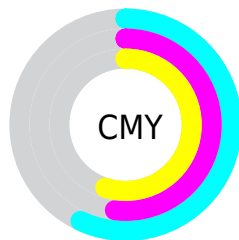
- Red (43%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.5423, 18.4950,
19.2210

■ 16.5423, 18.4950,
19.2210

225.7288,
243.6465, 260.1294

■ 10.0020, 11.3060,
11.6516

■ 37.0870, 40.8790,
42.9489

■ 5.4625, 6.2730,
6.3873

■ 51.8221, 56.8428,
59.9445

■ 2.5586, 3.0118,
3.0094

■ 70.0196, 76.5002,
80.9192

■ 0.9249, 1.1379,
1.0994

■ 92.0447, 100.2357,
106.2917

■ 0.0000, 0.0101,
0.0000

118.2628,
128.4337, 136.4804

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

149.0393,

161.4786, 171.9039

184.7395,
199.7547, 212.9807

■ 16.5423, 18.4950,
19.2210

■ 16.5423, 18.4950,
19.2210

■ 14.7844, 17.6290,
17.3468

■ 18.5336, 19.4797,
21.2286

■ 13.2494, 16.8747,
15.6020

■ 20.7652, 20.5850,
23.3711

■ 11.9283, 16.2280,
13.9842

■ 23.2455, 21.8158,
25.6513

■ 10.8108, 15.6839,
12.4905

■ 25.9823, 23.1759,
28.0719

■ 9.8859, 15.2365,
11.1178

■ 28.9827, 24.6690,
30.6351

■ 9.1413, 14.8796,
9.8629

■ 32.2539, 26.2988,
33.3434

■ 8.5633, 14.6063,
8.7224

■ 35.8025, 28.0687,
36.1992

■ 8.1360, 14.4084,
7.6928

■ 39.6350, 29.9819,
39.2045

■ 7.8071, 14.2589,
6.7685

■ 43.7577, 32.0416,
42.3618

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8362, 18.4950, 17.9049



16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210



16.5223, 18.4950, 20.8544

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210



17.8274, 18.4950, 23.3875



18.4019, 18.4950, 18.0563

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210



16.7550, 16.5508, 18.8354

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.6797, 18.4950, 19.4380



16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210



18.3432, 18.4950, 22.5493

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210



17.2558, 18.4950, 23.3216



18.6580, 18.4950, 21.0835



17.9061, 18.4950, 17.2580

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210



16.6662, 18.4950, 21.9094



18.6580, 18.4950, 21.0835



18.5244, 18.4950, 18.4646

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.5428, 18.4958, 19.2214



31.4260, 33.6860, 36.1777



17.0037, 18.7724, 17.4793



7.1274, 7.6736, 8.2138



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.5428, 18.4958, 19.2214



28.3067, 32.1454, 32.9846



16.8910, 18.6351, 21.0550



4.0267, 4.4803, 4.6742



8.2096, 15.0075, 7.0887



38.7311, 71.4155, 31.5516

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.7550, 16.5508, 18.8354



28.7656, 27.9392, 32.1498



16.4279, 16.4200, 17.1128



4.0741, 4.0454, 4.5879



9.3330, 4.7094, 5.0445



44.0897, 22.2922, 21.8005

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

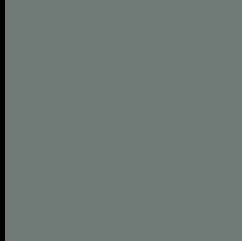
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

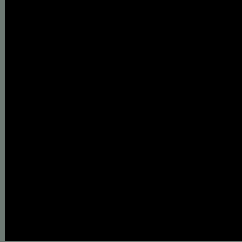
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

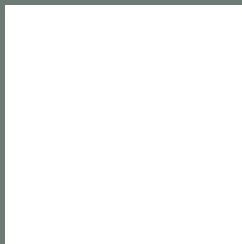
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.5423, 18.4950,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210

Protanopia

17.5417, 18.3093, 18.5291

Deuteranopia

18.7017, 18.3711, 19.3899



Tritanopia

17.3610, 18.4627, 23.4175

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210

Protanomaly

17.1626, 18.2830, 18.8441

Deuteranomaly

17.8577, 18.4522, 19.4500

Tritanomaly

17.0310, 18.5095, 21.7438

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210

Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

Achromatomaly

16.8779, 18.1228, 19.4381

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 122, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 122, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 122, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 122, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

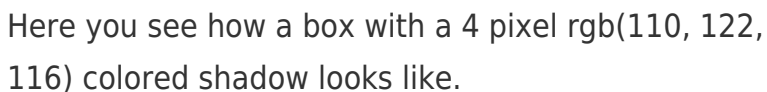
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 122, 116) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 122, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 122, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 122, 116); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 122, 116); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 122, 116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.5423, 18.4950, 19.2210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 122, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
122, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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