

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.6626, 24.1256, 33.9155)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.6626, 24.1256, 33.9155)
contains.

XYZ(16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(16.6561, 24.1126,
33.9133)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009699
RGB	0, 150, 153
RGB Percent	0%, 59%, 60%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4118, 0.4000
CMYK	1.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	181°, 100%, 30%
HSV	181°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133
YIQ	105.4920, -90.3630, -30.8670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

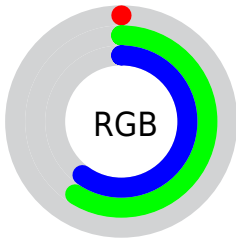
Format	Color
RYB	0, 76, 153
Decimal	38553
CIELab	56.20, -31.41, -11.09
CIELCh	56, 33.308, 199.444
Yxy	24.1126, 0.2230, 0.3229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278228633 (0xFF009699)
YUV	105.4920, 23.4214, -92.5165
Hunter-Lab	49.1046, -25.3865, -6.5745

Details

The XYZ color **16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **13.1700, 6.8380, 0.6264**, and the grayscale version is **13.5189, 14.2229, 15.4887**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.3103, 50.3413, 66.7819**, and **6.7660, 9.6947, 14.0850** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.6565, 24.1132, 33.9138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.9068, 24.3135, 33.9393**.

Distribution



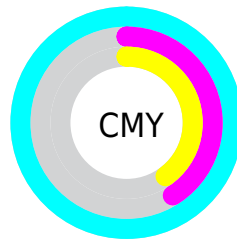
- Red (0%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.6561, 24.1126,
33.9133

■ 16.6561, 24.1126,
33.9133

226.3778,
273.3893, 334.5026

■ 10.0834, 15.4172,
22.5502

■ 37.2819, 50.2139,
66.9312

■ 5.5170, 9.1127,
14.0596

■ 52.0656, 68.3885,
89.4230

■ 2.5915, 4.8148,
8.0229

■ 70.3171, 90.4917,
116.4615

■ 0.9416, 2.1390,
4.0216

■ 92.4017, 116.9078,
148.4652

■ 0.0000, 0.6864,
1.6372

■ 118.6846,
148.0212, 185.8526

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3172

■ 149.5314,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

184.2163, 229.0423

0.0000

185.3074,
225.8775, 278.4528

■ 16.6561, 24.1126,
33.9133

■ 16.6561, 24.1126,
33.9133

■ 16.6565, 24.1132,
33.9138

■ 16.9068, 24.3135,
33.9393

■ 17.3063, 24.5908,
33.9718

■ 17.9240, 24.9807,
34.0145

■ 18.7872, 25.4974,
34.0687

■ 19.9197, 26.1531,
34.1356

■ 21.3420, 26.9583,
34.2161

■ 23.0729, 27.9229,
34.3110

■ 25.1296, 29.0556,
34.4212

■ 27.5279, 30.3646,
34.5475

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.4187, 24.1126, 22.5799



16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133



18.4590, 24.1126, 45.7419

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133



28.9761, 24.1126, 42.4791



24.2930, 24.1126, 10.5084

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133



13.1700, 6.8380, 0.6264

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.0435, 24.1126, 13.2772



16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133



30.9402, 24.1126, 30.3077

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133



25.4562, 24.1126, 51.5628



30.5811, 24.1126, 19.8454



20.5550, 24.1126, 10.9742

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133



20.4304, 24.1126, 51.3437



30.5811, 24.1126, 19.8454



25.6004, 24.1126, 11.0526

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.6568, 24.1135, 33.9139



41.1156, 49.8926, 61.4352



11.4058, 22.7886, 3.8714



8.8033, 10.8637, 13.5504



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.6568, 24.1135, 33.9139



29.8125, 43.1496, 60.7294



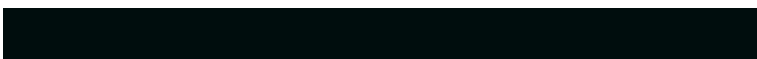
8.1964, 7.1926, 31.0937



6.3742, 7.0058, 7.9453



13.7691, 19.9349, 28.0298



0.2087, 0.3037, 0.4200

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.6425, 8.9750, 29.6049



33.3771, 16.0686, 52.9728



15.9376, 12.3733, 1.5489



6.4560, 6.3216, 7.7814



15.4088, 7.4177, 24.4753



0.2318, 0.1115, 0.3734

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

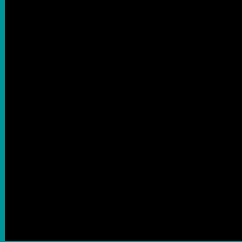
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133.

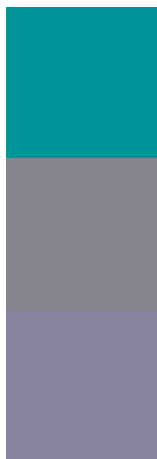


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.6561, 24.1126,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133

Protanopia

23.1770, 23.8266, 29.3640

Deuteranopia

24.3554, 23.9012, 35.2280



Tritanopia

17.5572, 24.2623, 37.4759

Trichromacy



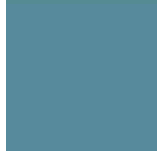
Original Color

16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133



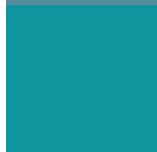
Protanomaly

18.2454, 22.5031, 30.9857



Deuteranomaly

19.0197, 22.6035, 34.8130



Tritanomaly

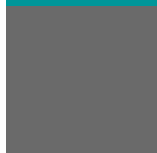
17.1160, 24.0651, 36.0907

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133



Achromatopsia

13.6994, 14.4128, 15.6956



Achromatomaly

12.8494, 16.5424, 21.2547

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 150, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 150, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 150, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 150, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 150, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 150, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 150, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 150, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 150, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 150,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.6561, 24.1126, 33.9133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 150, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 150,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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