

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.6791, 30.7043, 13.7415)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.6791, 30.7043, 13.7415)
contains.

XYZ(16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(16.5833, 30.5430,
13.6157)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00AD55
RGB	0, 173, 85
RGB Percent	0%, 68%, 33%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3216, 0.6667
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.51, 0.32
HSL	149°, 100%, 34%
HSV	149°, 100%, 68%
XYZ	16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157
YIQ	111.2410, -74.8600, -64.0440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

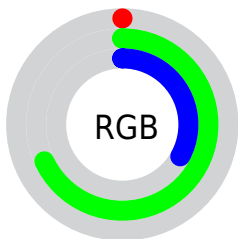
Format	Color
RYB	0, 116, 173
Decimal	44373
CIELab	62.12, -57.33, 34.68
CIELCh	62, 67.003, 148.833
Yxy	30.5430, 0.2730, 0.5028
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278234453 (0xFF00AD55)
YUV	111.2410, -12.9368, -97.5584
Hunter-Lab	55.2657, -43.1534, 24.0789

Details

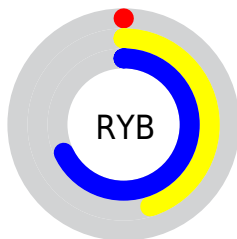
The XYZ color **16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **18.9963, 9.5896, 10.0849**, and the grayscale version is **15.2329, 16.0262, 17.4526**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.2549, 60.6984, 33.0450**, and **6.9153, 13.3210, 3.8758** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.5837, 30.5441, 13.6152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1925, 30.8149, 15.5851**.

Distribution



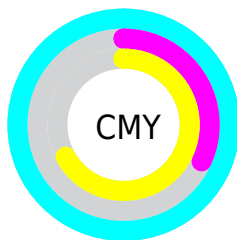
- Red (0%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (32%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.5833, 30.5430,
13.6157


 16.5833, 30.5430,
13.6157

225.9628,
304.4274, 226.1715


 10.0313, 20.2511,
7.7182


 37.1572, 60.5198,
33.1128


 5.4821, 12.5777,
3.8300


 51.9099, 80.9736,
47.5495


 2.5705, 7.1384,
1.5325


 70.1268, 105.5834,
65.6697

 0.9309, 3.5488,
0.2420

 92.1734, 134.7337,
87.8919

 0.0000, 1.4245,
0.0000

 118.4149,
168.8088, 114.6346

 0.0000, 0.2347,
0.0000

 149.2167,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

208.1932, 146.3164

0.0000

184.9443,
253.2713, 183.3559

■ 16.5833, 30.5430,
13.6157

■ 16.5833, 30.5430,
13.6157

■ 16.5837, 30.5441,
13.6152

■ 17.1925, 30.8149,
15.5851

■ 18.0525, 31.2102,
17.8006

■ 19.2474, 31.7726,
20.2742

■ 20.8161, 32.5223,
23.0149

■ 22.7921, 33.4763,
26.0311

■ 25.2048, 34.6495,
29.3309

■ 28.0809, 36.0557,
32.9217

■ 31.4447, 37.7072,
36.8110

■ 35.3189, 39.6156,
41.0057

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.4492, 30.5430, 5.9730



16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157



14.9224, 30.5430, 32.2553

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157



28.6786, 30.5430, 111.6475



47.0117, 30.5430, 14.6042

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157



18.9963, 9.5896, 10.0849

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.0318, 30.5430, 34.2774



16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157



38.2152, 30.5430, 98.4342

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157



20.9534, 30.5430, 96.3647



46.5266, 30.5430, 66.1225



38.9543, 30.5430, 6.3006

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157



15.5233, 30.5430, 51.9878



46.5266, 30.5430, 66.1225



48.7151, 30.5430, 19.6699

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.5841, 30.5442, 13.6164



49.9947, 64.4272, 58.6044



19.1016, 32.0315, 5.1763



10.3911, 13.7695, 12.1559



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.5841, 30.5442, 13.6164



29.5913, 54.6578, 23.8131



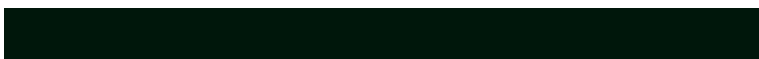
22.2113, 32.7951, 43.2490



8.0623, 9.0025, 9.3533



12.2115, 22.4499, 10.1534



0.3674, 0.6356, 0.4284

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.9963, 9.5896, 10.0849



33.9105, 17.1297, 17.4841



17.2502, 8.8912, 0.8901



8.1689, 8.0808, 9.2000



13.9838, 7.0561, 7.5601



0.4166, 0.2073, 0.3555

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.5833, 30.5430,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157

Protanopia

27.6041, 30.0300, 11.3627

Deuteranopia

30.4712, 29.8396, 14.5095



Tritanopia

23.1804, 30.4872, 45.7372

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157



Protanomaly

19.5005, 28.0362, 11.9732



Deuteranomaly

20.3069, 27.1655, 13.8460



Tritanomaly

19.7315, 30.1128, 30.7590

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157



Achromatopsia

15.1092, 15.8961, 17.3108



Achromatomaly

13.5219, 19.3491, 15.5924

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 173, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 173, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 173, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 173, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 173, 85) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 173, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 173, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 173, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 173, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 173, 85)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.5833, 30.5430, 13.6157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 173, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 173,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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