

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.6885, 8.0667, 27.2224)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.6885, 8.0667, 27.2224)
contains.

XYZ(16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(16.7437, 8.0985,
27.0662)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	910390
RGB	145, 3, 144
RGB Percent	57%, 1%, 56%
CMY	0.4314, 0.9882, 0.4353
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 0.01, 0.43
HSL	300°, 96%, 29%
HSV	300°, 98%, 57%
XYZ	16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662
YIQ	61.5320, 39.3710, 73.9550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

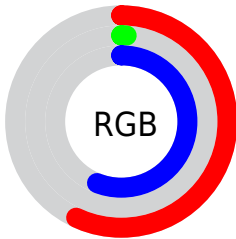
Format	Color
RYB	145, 3, 144
Decimal	9503632
CIELab	34.19, 63.97, -39.22
CIElCh	34, 75.034, 328.484
Yxy	8.0985, 0.3226, 0.1560
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287693712 (0xFF910390)
YUV	61.5320, 40.6567, 73.2014
Hunter-Lab	28.4579, 55.2225, -36.4701

Details

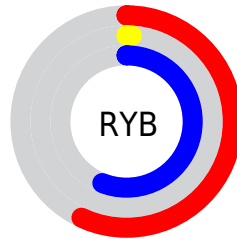
The XYZ color **16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **10.1853, 20.2794, 3.4928**, and the grayscale version is **4.4523, 4.6841, 5.1010**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.2746, 22.0826, 55.7239**, and **6.1922, 2.9640, 10.6017** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.7097, 8.0328, 27.0469**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.9276, 8.4536, 27.1661**.

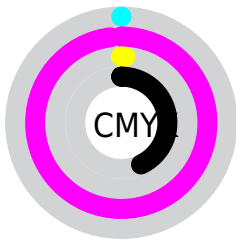
Distribution



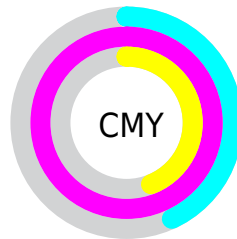
- Red (57%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.7437, 8.0985,
27.0662

■ 16.7437, 8.0985,
27.0662

226.8762,
176.5026, 301.7478

■ 10.1461, 4.1580,
17.3901

■ 37.4317, 22.1513,
55.9951

■ 5.5589, 1.7624,
10.3481

■ 52.2528, 33.0325,
76.0850

■ 2.6169, 0.4635,
5.5218

■ 70.5458, 46.9960,
100.4831

■ 0.9546, 0.0000,
2.4925

■ 92.6760, 64.4262,
129.6082

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8362

■ 119.0088, 85.7076,
163.8786

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 149.9095,

111.2245, 203.7130

185.7435,
141.3614, 249.5299

16.7437, 8.0985,
27.0662

16.7437, 8.0985,
27.0662

16.7097, 8.0328,
27.0469

16.9276, 8.4536,
27.1661

17.2438, 9.0735,
27.3101

17.7320, 10.0372,
27.5115

18.4121, 11.3849,
27.7769

19.3015, 13.1512,
28.1121

■ 20.4157, 15.3669,
28.5222

■ 21.7684, 18.0598,
29.0119

■ 23.3725, 21.2555,
29.5854

■ 25.2400, 24.9778,
30.2468

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.1840, 8.0985, 48.2524



16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662



18.8015, 8.0985, 9.4390

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662



7.9113, 8.0985, 0.0000



2.5854, 8.0985, 24.9057

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662



10.1853, 20.2794, 3.4928

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.1459, 8.0985, 8.2247



16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662



4.4745, 8.0985, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662



12.6895, 8.0985, 0.0000



2.6892, 8.0985, 1.4409



4.2236, 8.0985, 46.3918

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662



18.0670, 8.0985, 3.3615



2.6892, 8.0985, 1.4409



2.3258, 8.0985, 18.2730

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.7440, 8.0989, 27.0664



38.5449, 31.4687, 51.7973



5.1813, 2.1292, 26.9265



8.3640, 6.5810, 11.4467



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.7440, 8.0989, 27.0664



29.9212, 14.3842, 48.4208



12.9462, 6.5798, 7.0675



5.6247, 5.5104, 6.7874



14.3327, 6.8901, 23.2009



0.1374, 0.0660, 0.2236

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.7440, 8.0989, 27.0664



29.9212, 14.3842, 48.4208



11.3996, 20.7651, 9.8870



5.6247, 5.5104, 6.7874



14.3327, 6.8901, 23.2009



0.1374, 0.0660, 0.2236

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

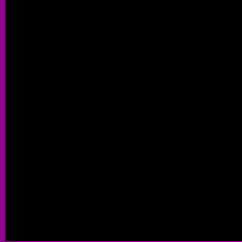
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.7437, 8.0985,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662

Protanopia

10.1244, 8.6396, 39.1642

Deuteranopia

8.8317, 8.6396, 24.1238



Tritanopia

12.4321, 8.4867, 5.2578

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662



Protanomaly

9.1292, 5.7861, 34.3539



Deuteranomaly

9.6529, 6.4046, 24.7722



Tritanomaly

13.1974, 7.5674, 10.6626

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662



Achromatopsia

4.5787, 4.8172, 5.2459



Achromatomaly

7.1383, 4.6339, 10.6434

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 3, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 3, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 3, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 3, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 3, 144) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 3, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 3, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 3, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 3, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 3,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.7437, 8.0985, 27.0662 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 3, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 3,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor