

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.7008, 16.9750, 17.1440)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.7008, 16.9750, 17.1440)
contains.

XYZ(16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(16.7456, 17.0736,
17.1648)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A716E
RGB	122, 113, 110
RGB Percent	48%, 44%, 43%
CMY	0.5216, 0.5569, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.10, 0.52
HSL	15°, 5%, 45%
HSV	15°, 10%, 48%
XYZ	16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648
YIQ	115.3490, 6.3270, 0.9750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

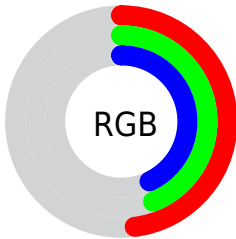
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 114, 110
Decimal	8024430
CIE Lab	48.35, 2.92, 2.91
CIE LCh	48, 4.123, 44.931
Yxy	17.0736, 0.3284, 0.3349
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286214510 (0xFF7A716E)
YUV	115.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329
Hunter-Lab	41.3202, 0.0293, 4.2945

Details

The XYZ color **16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.5400, 17.9134, 20.9983**, and the grayscale version is **16.4085, 17.2630, 18.7994**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.4323, 38.5176, 39.6442**, and **5.5352, 5.5559, 5.4833** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1571, 14.8872, 13.5807**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5295, 19.5038, 21.2657**.

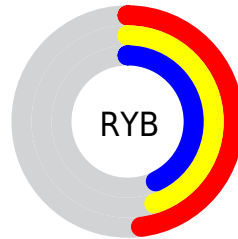
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (44%)

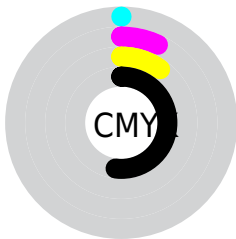
Blue (43%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (43%)

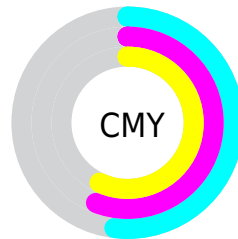


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.7456, 17.0736,
17.1648

■ 16.7456, 17.0736,
17.1648

226.8870,
235.5962, 248.1963

■ 10.1475, 10.2870,
10.1889

■ 37.4349, 38.4523,
39.4034

■ 5.5598, 5.5896,
5.4171

■ 52.2568, 53.8131,
55.5032

■ 2.6174, 2.5972,
2.4310

■ 70.5507, 72.8008,
75.4813

■ 0.9548, 0.9253,
0.8033

■ 92.6819, 95.7998,
99.7564

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

119.0158,
123.1944, 128.7468

149.9177,

155.3691, 162.8713

185.7530,
192.7082, 202.5483

■ 16.7456, 17.0736,
17.1648

■ 16.7456, 17.0736,
17.1648

■ 15.1571, 14.8872,
13.5807

■ 18.5295, 19.5038,
21.2657

■ 13.7557, 12.9350,
10.4917

■ 20.5136, 22.1829,
25.9017

■ 12.5348, 11.2095,
7.8762

■ 22.7047, 25.1184,
31.0916

■ 11.4868, 9.7026,
5.7107

■ 25.1084, 28.3171,
36.8528

■ 10.6034, 8.4053,
3.9693

■ 27.7305, 31.7852,
43.2022

■ 9.8759, 7.3079,
2.6239

■ 30.5764, 35.5291,
50.1558

■ 9.2943, 6.4002,
1.6428

■ 33.6512, 39.5545,
57.7290

■ 8.8477, 5.6708,
0.9891

■ 36.9599, 43.8674,
65.9368

■ 8.5087, 5.1011,
0.5419

■ 40.5075, 48.4734,
74.7935

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.9372, 17.0736, 18.0614



16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648



16.4168, 17.0736, 16.6602

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648



15.5392, 17.0736, 18.0567



16.4151, 17.0736, 20.6652

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648



16.5400, 17.9134, 20.9983

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.0406, 17.0736, 20.6639



16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648



15.5388, 17.0736, 19.1293

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648



15.7223, 17.0736, 17.1615



15.7211, 17.0736, 20.0925



16.7443, 17.0736, 20.0962

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648



16.1658, 17.0736, 16.6012



15.7211, 17.0736, 20.0925



16.2902, 17.0736, 20.7322

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.7461, 17.0744, 17.1652



31.5451, 32.8821, 34.9761



16.9319, 16.6216, 19.7688



7.1607, 7.4476, 7.8772



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.7461, 17.0744, 17.1652



28.7441, 29.0557, 28.5685



17.4375, 18.4572, 17.3956



4.0723, 4.1630, 4.2134



8.9470, 5.3499, 0.5611



42.0946, 24.3526, 2.4819

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.5400, 17.9134, 20.9983



28.2982, 30.8703, 36.8600



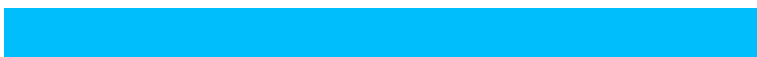
15.8486, 16.5306, 20.7679



4.0262, 4.3507, 5.0707



7.6735, 9.4294, 20.8009



35.9016, 43.5759, 98.9886

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

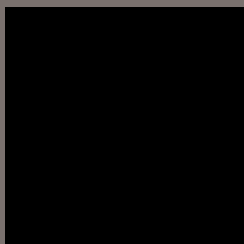
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.7456, 17.0736,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648

Protanopia

16.3578, 17.0339, 17.4646

Deuteranopia

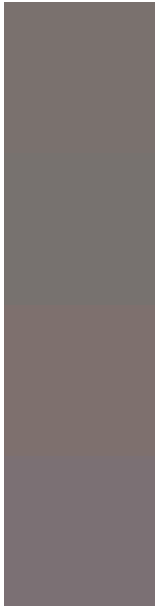
17.4010, 17.0839, 17.1322



Tritanopia

17.2430, 16.9359, 20.1295

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648

Protanomaly

16.4943, 17.1043, 17.4710

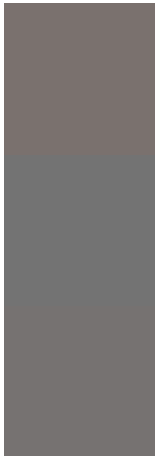
Deuteranomaly

17.2128, 17.1497, 17.1549

Tritanomaly

17.1149, 17.0602, 18.9139

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648

Achromatopsia

16.2955, 17.1441, 18.6699

Achromatomaly

16.4692, 17.0784, 18.0512

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 113, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 113, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 113, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 113, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 113, 110) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 113, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 113, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 113, 110); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 113, 110); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 113, 110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.7456, 17.0736, 17.1648 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 113, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
113, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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