

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.7920, 15.2533, 23.7051)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.7920, 15.2533, 23.7051)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.7333, 15.2064,
23.5259)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	796683
RGB	121, 102, 131
RGB Percent	47%, 40%, 51%
CMY	0.5255, 0.6000, 0.4863
CMYK	0.08, 0.22, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	279°, 12%, 46%
HSV	279°, 22%, 51%
XYZ	16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259
YIQ	110.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

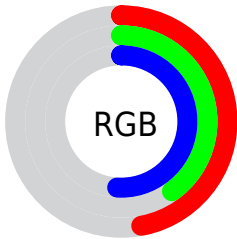
Format	Color
R_{YB}	121, 102, 131
Decimal	7956099
CIE _{Lab}	45.92, 13.35, -13.26
CIE _{LCh}	46, 18.820, 315.201
Yxy	15.2064, 0.3017, 0.2742
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286146179 (0xFF796683)
YUV	110.9870, 9.8664, 8.7814
Hunter-Lab	38.9954, 8.3542, -8.4729

Details

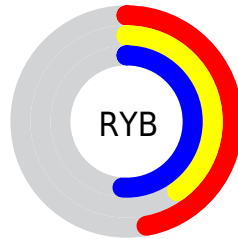
The XYZ color **16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **17.1971, 20.6370, 15.6480**, and the grayscale version is **15.0780, 15.8632, 17.2750**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.4985, 35.2418, 50.1734**, and **5.5617, 4.7193, 8.6004** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.9281, 12.5136, 23.1015**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7726, 18.3228, 24.0202**.

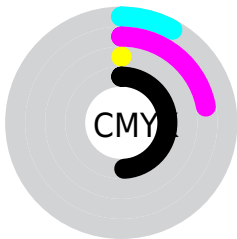
Distribution



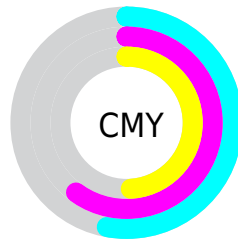
- Red (47%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.7333, 15.2064,
23.5259

■ 16.7333, 15.2064,
23.5259

226.8171,
224.6121, 283.6237

■ 10.1386, 8.9644,
14.7734

■ 37.4139, 35.2149,
50.1895

■ 5.5540, 4.7179,
8.5156

■ 52.2306, 49.7501,
68.9377

■ 2.6139, 2.0827,
4.3342

■ 70.5186, 67.8185,
91.8548

■ 0.9530, 0.6549,
1.8104

■ 92.6434, 89.8045,
119.3594

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.4348

118.9703,
116.0924, 151.8701

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

149.8646,

147.0668, 189.8053

185.6918,
183.1119, 233.5837

■ 16.7333, 15.2064,
23.5259

■ 16.7333, 15.2064,
23.5259

■ 14.9281, 12.5136,
23.1015

■ 18.7726, 18.3228,
24.0202

■ 13.3455, 10.2230,
22.7428

■ 21.0539, 21.8787,
24.5863

■ 11.9755, 8.3146,
22.4466

■ 23.5863, 25.8918,
25.2274

■ 10.8062, 6.7656,
22.2093

■ 26.3782, 30.3782,
25.9462

■ 9.8249, 5.5509,
22.0266

■ 29.4375, 35.3531,
26.7452

■ 9.0169, 4.6419,
21.8937

■ 32.7718, 40.8310,
27.6269

■ 8.3650, 4.0051,
21.8051

■ 36.3882, 46.8259,
28.5934

■ 7.9187, 3.6090,
21.7522

■ 40.2938, 53.3512,
29.6471

■ 44.4952, 60.4198,
30.7900

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2699, 15.2064, 26.5271



16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259



17.6156, 15.2064, 18.8963

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259



15.2484, 15.2064, 9.4518



11.6987, 15.2064, 18.9611

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259



17.1971, 20.6370, 15.6480

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.6939, 15.2064, 14.4196



16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259



13.6662, 15.2064, 9.4627

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259



16.7166, 15.2064, 11.0883



12.3903, 15.2064, 11.1215



12.4040, 15.2064, 23.5808

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259



17.7172, 15.2064, 15.7760



12.3903, 15.2064, 11.1215



11.6170, 15.2064, 17.3637

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.7338, 15.2070, 23.5262



35.5942, 35.8789, 43.5025



15.3875, 16.0856, 23.7668



8.2433, 8.2851, 10.1174



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.7338, 15.2070, 23.5262



28.1414, 24.4941, 41.6978



17.9199, 15.8519, 22.0748



4.7061, 4.6846, 5.8569



7.7976, 3.5540, 21.4117



0.0349, 0.0164, 0.0745

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.0366, 15.4985, 17.4234



28.8402, 25.1497, 28.3884



16.2161, 20.1057, 16.7581



4.7340, 4.7133, 5.2114



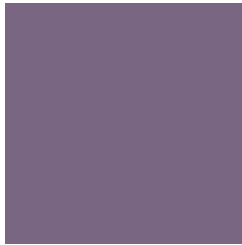
9.6843, 4.9380, 2.9097



0.0367, 0.0184, 0.0269

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

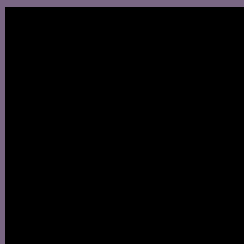
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.7333, 15.2064,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259

Protanopia

15.2152, 15.2992, 25.0728

Deuteranopia

15.4900, 15.1710, 23.2310



Tritanopia

15.5034, 15.1470, 17.7293

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259

Protanomaly

15.7638, 15.2805, 24.6728

Deuteranomaly

15.8909, 15.2256, 23.2204

Tritanomaly

15.9482, 15.1786, 19.8585

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259

Achromatopsia

15.1092, 15.8961, 17.3108

Achromatomaly

15.7028, 15.6780, 19.3381

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 102, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 102, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 102, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 102, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 102, 131) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 102, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 102, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 102, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 102, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 102,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.7333, 15.2064, 23.5259 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 102, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
102, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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