

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.7968, 18.8131, 15.4144)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.7968, 18.8131, 15.4144)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.8174, 18.9071,
15.3334)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	757B66
RGB	117, 123, 102
RGB Percent	46%, 48%, 40%
CMY	0.5412, 0.5176, 0.6000
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.17, 0.52
HSL	77°, 9%, 44%
HSV	77°, 17%, 48%
XYZ	16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334
YIQ	118.8120, 3.1650, -7.8030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

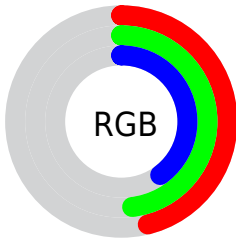
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 123, 108
Decimal	7699302
CIE _{Lab}	50.58, -6.27, 10.74
CIE _{LCh}	51, 12.436, 120.303
Yxy	18.9071, 0.3294, 0.3703
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285889382 (0xFF757B66)
YUV	118.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891
Hunter-Lab	43.4823, -7.0566, 9.5298

Details

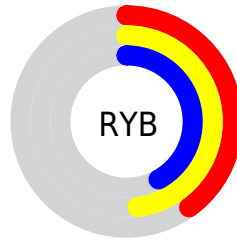
The XYZ color **16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **14.5114, 14.1214, 20.7007**, and the grayscale version is **17.5002, 18.4116, 20.0502**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.4419, 41.3949, 36.1536**, and **5.5926, 6.4386, 4.5624** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7888, 18.4428, 12.3338**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.9553, 19.4185, 18.8114**.

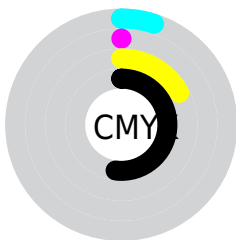
Distribution



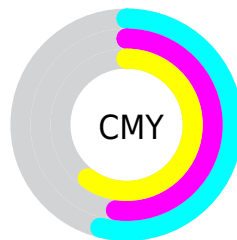
- Red (46%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.8174, 18.9071,
15.3334

■ 16.8174, 18.9071,
15.3334

227.2947,
245.9354, 237.0853

■ 10.1989, 11.6032,
8.9045

■ 37.5577, 41.5771,
36.1875

■ 5.5943, 6.4741,
4.5830

■ 52.4101, 57.7119,
51.4499

■ 2.6383, 3.1354,
1.9503

■ 70.7379, 77.5591,
70.4937

■ 0.9655, 1.2028,
0.5245

■ 92.9064, 101.5032,
93.7377

■ 0.0000, 0.0640,
0.0000

119.2810,
129.9284, 121.6003

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

150.2270,

163.2193, 154.5001

186.1098,
201.7602, 192.8556

■ 16.8174, 18.9071,
15.3334

■ 16.8174, 18.9071,
15.3334

■ 15.7888, 18.4428,
12.3338

■ 17.9553, 19.4185,
18.8114

■ 14.8639, 18.0213,
9.7906

■ 19.2048, 19.9759,
22.7863

■ 14.0386, 17.6416,
7.6815

■ 20.5703, 20.5819,
27.2770

■ 13.3081, 17.3019,
5.9823

■ 22.0552, 21.2377,
32.3011

■ 12.6672, 17.0000,
4.6660

■ 23.6629, 21.9448,
37.8754

■ 12.1099, 16.7334,
3.7028

■ 25.3966, 22.7044,
44.0158

■ 11.6294, 16.4995,
3.0580

■ 27.2593, 23.5179,
50.7378

■ 11.2115, 16.2925,
2.6572

■ 29.2542, 24.3864,
58.0561

■ 11.0939, 16.2342,
2.5488

■ 31.3840, 25.3110,
65.9850

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.9583, 18.9071, 14.5945



16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334



16.0167, 18.9071, 17.4466

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334



16.8379, 18.9071, 26.9628



20.4096, 18.9071, 20.5512

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334



14.5114, 14.1214, 20.7007

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.0774, 18.9071, 24.0824



16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334



17.9830, 18.9071, 28.0284

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334



16.0281, 18.9071, 24.1506



19.1754, 18.9071, 26.9205



20.0641, 18.9071, 17.3918

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334



15.7647, 18.9071, 19.4801



19.1754, 18.9071, 26.9205



20.3733, 18.9071, 21.7343

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8179, 18.9079, 15.3338



32.5724, 34.9600, 35.0028



15.9245, 15.8854, 14.7975



7.6416, 8.2203, 8.1504



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8179, 18.9079, 15.3338



29.4640, 33.5640, 25.5276



15.4912, 18.2240, 15.2717



4.2014, 4.5791, 4.2869



11.4706, 16.7905, 2.6363



53.8463, 79.6442, 12.5349

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.5114, 14.1214, 20.7007



24.6213, 23.5131, 36.7974



15.8596, 14.8164, 20.7638



3.8953, 3.9439, 4.9991



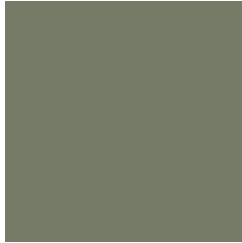
4.4158, 1.8492, 19.5095



20.3251, 8.4400, 93.0276

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

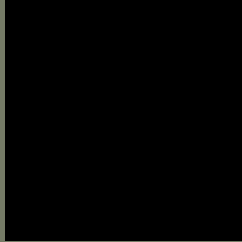
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8174, 18.9071,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334

Protanopia

17.8178, 18.8846, 15.0179

Deuteranopia

19.1748, 18.8733, 15.4643



Tritanopia

18.4444, 18.8436, 23.4339

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334

Protanomaly

17.3547, 18.8253, 15.0309

Deuteranomaly

18.2509, 18.9188, 15.5217

Tritanomaly

17.7920, 18.7579, 20.1357

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334

Achromatopsia

17.5343, 18.4475, 20.0893

Achromatomaly

17.1683, 18.4767, 18.2843

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 123, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 123, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 123, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 123, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 123, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 123, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 123, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 123, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 123, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 123,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.8174, 18.9071, 15.3334 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 123, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
123, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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