

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.8058, 8.1457, 24.1877)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.8058, 8.1457, 24.1877)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.9098, 8.1957,
24.3576)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	950089
RGB	149, 0, 137
RGB Percent	58%, 0%, 54%
CMY	0.4157, 0.9999, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.08, 0.42
HSL	305°, 100%, 29%
HSV	305°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576
YIQ	60.1690, 44.8270, 74.1950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

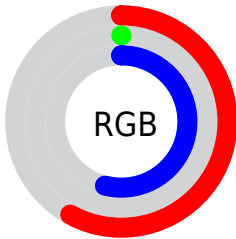
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 0, 137
Decimal	9765001
CIE _{Lab}	34.39, 64.03, -34.54
CIE _{LCh}	34, 72.748, 331.658
Yxy	8.1957, 0.3419, 0.1657
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287955081 (0xFF950089)
YUV	60.1690, 37.8777, 77.9048
Hunter-Lab	28.6281, 55.3355, -30.4059

Details

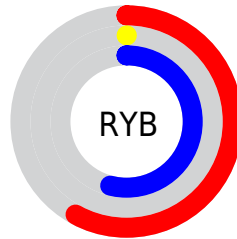
The XYZ color **16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **10.8142, 21.5218, 3.9325**, and the grayscale version is **4.2642, 4.4863, 4.8855**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.7900, 22.3347, 51.6095**, and **6.1939, 2.9990, 9.0565** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.9099, 8.1958, 24.3573**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1662, 8.5697, 24.8703**.

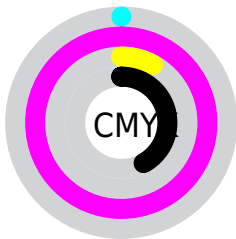
Distribution



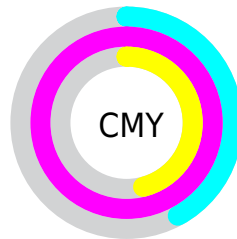
- Red (58%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.9098, 8.1957,
24.3576

■ 16.9098, 8.1957,
24.3576

■ 227.8184,
177.2590, 287.9680

■ 10.2651, 4.2204,
15.3845

■ 37.7155, 22.3412,
51.5643

■ 5.6387, 1.7976,
8.9400

■ 52.6071, 33.2802,
70.6348

■ 2.6652, 0.4857,
4.6058

■ 70.9785, 47.3093,
93.9083

■ 0.9793, 0.0000,
1.9632

■ 93.1950, 64.8128,
121.8032

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.5325

■ 119.6218, 86.1751,
154.7381

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 150.6244,

111.7807, 193.1315

186.5682,
142.0138, 237.4020

16.9098, 8.1957,
24.3576

16.9098, 8.1957,
24.3576

16.9099, 8.1958,
24.3573

17.1662, 8.5697,
24.8703

17.5437, 9.1846,
25.4280

18.1002, 10.1559,
26.0501

18.8579, 11.5281,
26.7441

19.8359, 13.3394,
27.5164

■ 21.0510, 15.6234,
28.3724

■ 22.5185, 18.4105,
29.3174

■ 24.2523, 21.7286,
30.3560

■ 26.2652, 25.6035,
31.4924

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.6627, 8.1957, 44.8387



16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576



18.5263, 8.1957, 8.2906

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576



7.5654, 8.1957, 0.0000



2.8460, 8.1957, 26.6187

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576



10.8142, 21.5218, 3.9325

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.2927, 8.1957, 9.5883



16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576



4.3613, 8.1957, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576



12.1280, 8.1957, 0.0000



2.7318, 8.1957, 1.9514



4.6333, 8.1957, 46.7688

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576



17.5647, 8.1957, 2.9436



2.7318, 8.1957, 1.9514



2.5445, 8.1957, 20.0180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.9101, 8.1961, 24.3578



40.1512, 32.6348, 52.3936



5.5495, 2.2344, 28.5729



8.6670, 6.7927, 11.4652



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.9101, 8.1961, 24.3578



30.2518, 14.6649, 43.4556



13.3366, 6.7667, 5.5399



6.0154, 5.9012, 7.1871



14.2370, 6.8998, 20.5266



0.1791, 0.0864, 0.2765

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9101, 8.1961, 24.3578



30.2518, 14.6649, 43.4556



12.3653, 22.1423, 12.1003



6.0154, 5.9012, 7.1871



14.2370, 6.8998, 20.5266



0.1791, 0.0864, 0.2765

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

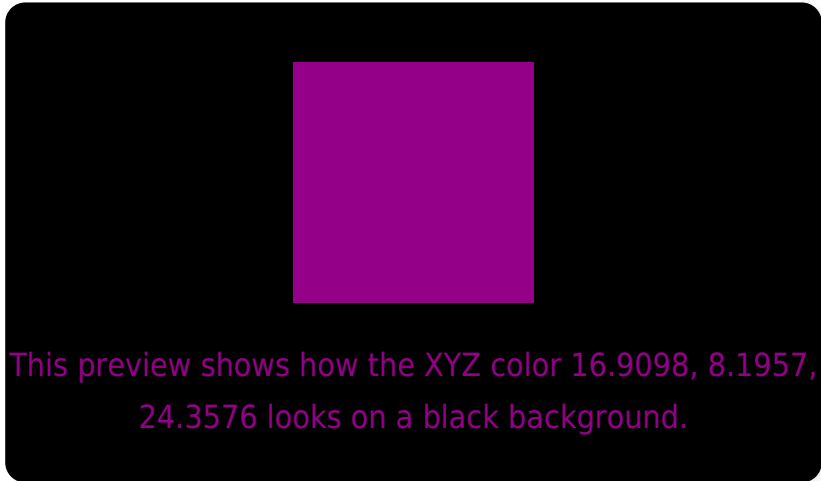
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

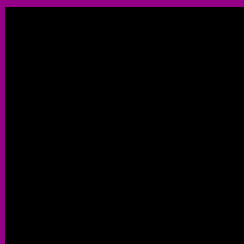
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.9098, 8.1957,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576

Protanopia

10.2931, 8.8251, 39.6890

Deuteranopia

9.0572, 8.9177, 22.0128



Tritanopia

13.0422, 8.5965, 4.8428

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576

Protanomaly

9.0073, 5.7435, 33.4347

Deuteranomaly

9.9522, 6.5393, 22.5675

Tritanomaly

13.7533, 7.7452, 9.5742

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576

Achromatopsia

4.2949, 4.5186, 4.9208

Achromatomaly

6.8682, 4.3661, 9.7133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 0, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 0, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 0, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 0, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 0, 137) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 0, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 0, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 0, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 0, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 0,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.9098, 8.1957, 24.3576 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 0, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149, 0,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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