

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(16.8118, 18.0011,  
15.4204)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	797667
RGB	121, 118, 103
RGB Percent	47%, 46%, 40%
CMY	0.5255, 0.5372, 0.5961
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.15, 0.53
HSL	50°, 8%, 44%
HSV	50°, 15%, 47%
XYZ	16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204
YIQ	117.1870, 6.6030, -4.0290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

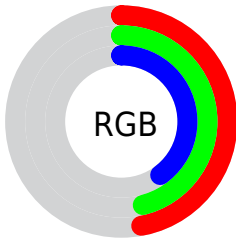
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	107, 121, 103
Decimal	7960167
CIE Lab	49.50, -1.65, 8.68
CIE LCh	49, 8.832, 100.748
Yxy	18.0011, 0.3347, 0.3583
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286150247 (0xFF797667)
YUV	117.1870, -6.9942, 3.3440
Hunter-Lab	42.4277, -3.5186, 8.1504

# Details

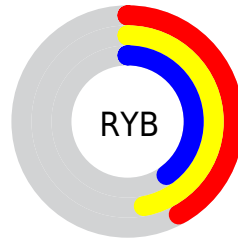
The XYZ color **16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **14.1987, 14.5718, 20.1537**, and the grayscale version is **16.9865, 17.8711, 19.4616**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.4410, 39.9668, 36.3129**, and **5.5765, 6.0436, 4.6140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.0133, 17.3067, 12.3716**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.7042, 18.7425, 18.9346**.

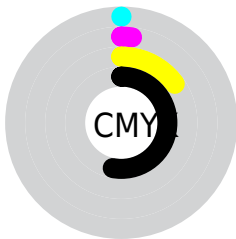
# Distribution



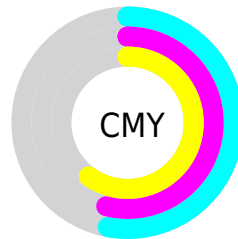
- Red (47%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.8118, 18.0011,  
15.4204

■ 16.8118, 18.0011,  
15.4204

227.2629,  
240.8772, 237.6247

■ 10.1949, 10.9508,  
8.9651

■ 37.5481, 40.0392,  
36.3417

■ 5.5916, 6.0337,  
4.6219

■ 52.3982, 55.7958,  
51.6447

■ 2.6367, 2.8656,  
1.9724

■ 70.7233, 75.2232,  
70.7341

■ 0.9647, 1.0620,  
0.5382

■ 92.8889, 98.7059,  
94.0283

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

119.2603,  
126.6283, 121.9460

150.2029,

159.3747, 154.9055

186.0820,  
197.3295, 193.3256

■ 16.8118, 18.0011,  
15.4204

■ 16.8118, 18.0011,  
15.4204

■ 16.0133, 17.3067,  
12.3716

■ 17.7042, 18.7425,  
18.9346

■ 15.3036, 16.6552,  
9.7673

■ 18.6928, 19.5298,  
22.9318

■ 14.6789, 16.0457,  
7.5867

■ 19.7812, 20.3653,  
27.4299

■ 14.1351, 15.4766,  
5.8067

■ 20.9728, 21.2504,  
32.4456

■ 13.6671, 14.9457,  
4.4022

■ 22.2705, 22.1862,  
37.9948

■ 13.2698, 14.4509,  
3.3452

■ 23.6774, 23.1740,  
44.0928

■ 12.9369, 13.9897,  
2.6037

■ 25.1962, 24.2150,  
50.7543

■ 12.6591, 13.5583,  
2.1278

■ 26.8296, 25.3103,  
57.9933

■ 12.5244, 13.3433,  
1.9154

■ 28.5802, 26.4609,  
65.8233

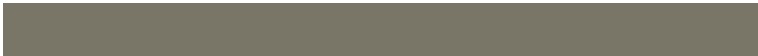
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.6444, 18.0011, 15.5713



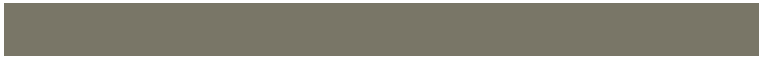
16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204



16.0827, 18.0011, 16.3186

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204



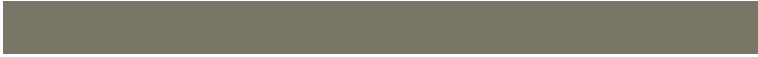
15.9216, 18.0011, 22.7577



18.6706, 18.0011, 21.1559

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204



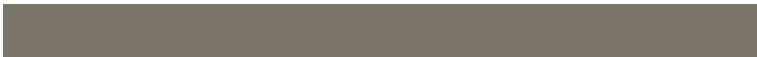
14.1987, 14.5718, 20.1537

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.1792, 18.0011, 23.2945



16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204



16.5855, 18.0011, 24.2701

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204



15.5799, 18.0011, 20.4703



17.4107, 18.0011, 24.4742

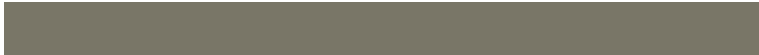


18.7360, 18.0011, 18.7550



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204



15.7464, 18.0011, 17.4378



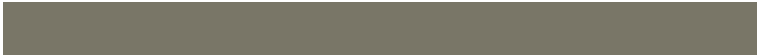
17.4107, 18.0011, 24.4742



18.5490, 18.0011, 21.9343

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8123, 18.0019, 15.4208



31.8343, 33.6687, 34.4305



15.3371, 14.8063, 15.6854



7.2543, 7.6784, 7.7739



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177

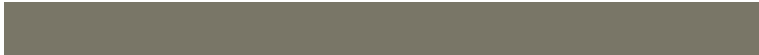


7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8123, 18.0019, 15.4208



29.5759, 31.7821, 25.5691



16.3560, 18.2991, 15.5022



4.2537, 4.5258, 4.2739



13.4147, 14.2854, 2.0503



63.4557, 67.0748, 9.6023



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.1987, 14.5718, 20.1537



23.9092, 24.3454, 35.8319



14.6083, 14.3324, 20.0859



3.8466, 3.9915, 5.0109



3.9631, 2.0087, 19.5641

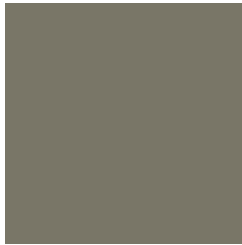


18.4715, 8.7157, 93.1785



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

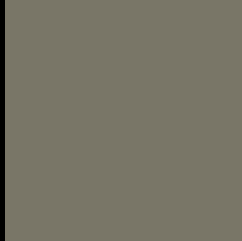
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

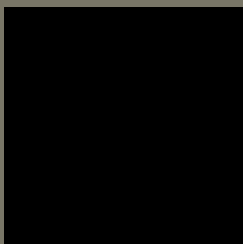
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

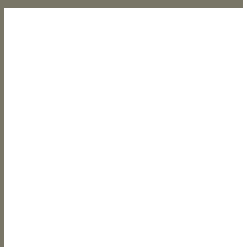
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204.



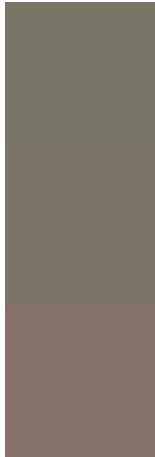
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8118, 18.0011,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204

### Protanopia

16.9779, 17.9128, 15.3947

### Deuteranopia

18.2353, 17.8781, 15.5864



## **Tritanopia**

18.0810, 18.0018, 21.5905

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204

## Protanomaly

16.8355, 17.8394, 15.3880

## Deuteranomaly

17.6827, 17.9281, 15.6252

## Tritanomaly

17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204

## Achromatopsia

16.9083, 17.7888, 19.3720

## Achromatomaly

16.7571, 17.7440, 17.8710

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 118, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 118, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 118, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 118, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 118, 103) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 118, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 118, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 118, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 118, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 118,  
103) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.8118, 18.0011, 15.4204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 118, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
118, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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