

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.8276, 19.8795, 48.0781)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.8276, 19.8795, 48.0781)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.9030, 19.9632,
48.3098)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0084B8
RGB	0, 132, 184
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 72%
CMY	0.9998, 0.4823, 0.2784
CMYK	1.00, 0.28, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	197°, 100%, 36%
HSV	197°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098
YIQ	98.4600, -95.3640, -11.8120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

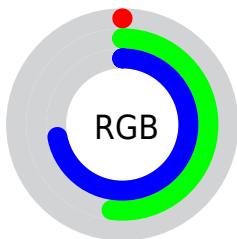
Format	Color
RYB	0, 77, 184
Decimal	33976
CIELab	51.80, -11.05, -35.65
CIELCh	52, 37.325, 252.786
Yxy	19.9632, 0.1984, 0.2344
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224056 (0xFF0084B8)
YUV	98.4600, 42.1712, -86.3494
Hunter-Lab	44.6802, -10.6619, -32.8303

Details

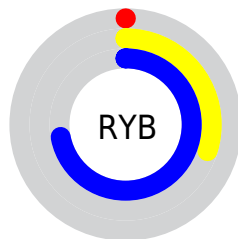
The XYZ color **16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **20.9972, 12.6499, 1.3361**, and the grayscale version is **11.6422, 12.2485, 13.3387**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.6932, 43.3689, 88.8225**, and **7.1900, 7.8252, 22.6042** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.9018, 19.9607, 48.3098**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.8840, 21.5425, 48.5634**.

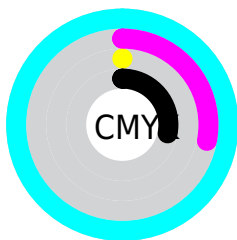
Distribution



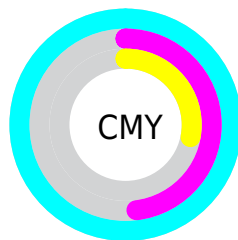
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.9030, 19.9632,
48.3098

■ 16.9030, 19.9632,
48.3098

■ 227.7799,
251.7158, 396.5629

■ 10.2602, 12.3683,
33.7106

■ 37.7038, 43.3555,
89.0358

■ 5.6354, 6.9950,
22.3958

■ 52.5926, 59.9216,
115.9997

■ 2.6632, 3.4590,
13.9469

■ 70.9608, 80.2470,
147.9222

■ 0.9783, 1.3758,
7.9454

■ 93.1737, 104.7160,
185.2218

■ 0.0000, 0.1988,
3.9728

■ 119.5968,
133.7130, 228.3172

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.6104

■ 150.5952,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

167.6223, 277.6268

0.2982

186.5345,
206.8285, 333.5692

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 16.9030, 19.9632,
48.3098

■ 16.9030, 19.9632,
48.3098

■ 16.9018, 19.9607,
48.3098

■ 17.8840, 21.5425,
48.5634

■ 19.1421, 23.3173,
48.8396

■ 20.7684, 25.3356,
49.1435

■ 22.8075, 27.6211,
49.4771

■ 25.2973, 30.1940,
49.8425

■ 28.2710, 33.0721,
50.2413

■ 31.7588, 36.2716,
50.6751

■ 35.7881, 39.8073,
51.1452

■ 40.3843, 43.6931,
51.6529

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.1230, 19.9632, 39.1700



16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098



20.6293, 19.9632, 49.0226

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098



26.9846, 19.9632, 17.4464



14.4519, 19.9632, 9.7563

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098



20.9972, 12.6499, 1.3361

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4105, 19.9632, 7.0973



16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098



24.8262, 19.9632, 10.4386

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098



26.8011, 19.9632, 28.4996



21.2085, 19.9632, 7.2966



12.8423, 19.9632, 16.1381

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098



23.1900, 19.9632, 44.3620



21.2085, 19.9632, 7.2966



15.3034, 19.9632, 8.5098

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.9037, 19.9639, 48.3103



57.2165, 65.4335, 91.8189



17.6975, 34.5041, 8.6435



11.7440, 13.5702, 19.7220



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.9037, 19.9639, 48.3103



30.4258, 35.7578, 87.5029



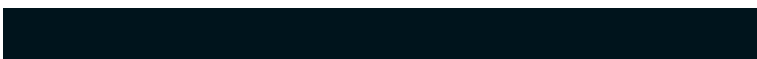
9.5148, 5.1860, 45.8473



9.0463, 9.7699, 11.4884



11.7108, 13.8813, 33.3152



0.4625, 0.5887, 1.1910

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.9327, 11.8573, 22.8576



43.2746, 21.4493, 40.8616



29.3037, 29.2628, 4.1049



9.2697, 9.1183, 10.7679



16.5248, 8.1837, 15.9161



0.6076, 0.2985, 0.6931

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

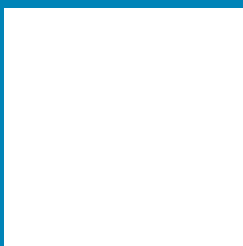
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098.

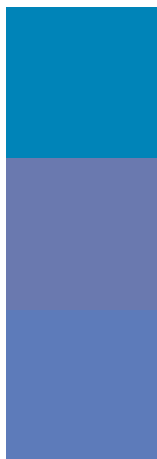


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.9030, 19.9632,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098

Protanopia

20.5191, 19.8341, 43.3043

Deuteranopia

20.4601, 20.0382, 49.2438



Tritanopia

14.2121, 19.9979, 30.7147

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098

Protanomaly

17.6842, 19.0749, 44.8692

Deuteranomaly

18.0214, 19.3543, 48.6849

Tritanomaly

15.0091, 19.8660, 36.3012

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098

Achromatopsia

11.6093, 12.2139, 13.3009

Achromatomaly

11.5250, 13.7610, 22.8176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 132, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 132, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 132, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 132, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 132, 184) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 132, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 132, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 132, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.9030, 19.9632, 48.3098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 132, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 132,  
184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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