

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(16.8377, 13.8203,  
9.1773)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	92594F
RGB	146, 89, 79
RGB Percent	57%, 35%, 31%
CMY	0.4275, 0.6510, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.46, 0.43
HSL	9°, 30%, 44%
HSV	9°, 46%, 57%
XYZ	16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773
YIQ	104.9030, 37.1820, 8.9740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

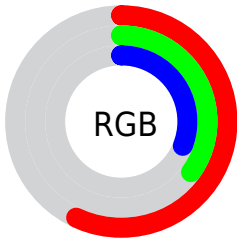
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	146, 91, 79
Decimal	9591119
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	43.97, 22.30, 15.71
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	44, 27.284, 35.166
Yxy	13.8203, 0.4227, 0.3469
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287781199 (0xFF92594F)
YUV	104.9030, -12.7702, 36.0421
Hunter-Lab	37.1757, 15.7893, 11.3865

# Details

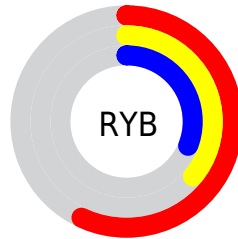
The XYZ color **16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **17.2164, 21.3448, 30.4065**, and the grayscale version is **13.4278, 14.1271, 15.3844**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.6315, 32.8712, 24.7835**, and **5.6455, 4.1044, 2.0848** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.4157, 11.7355, 6.3632**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5515, 16.3020, 12.6648**.

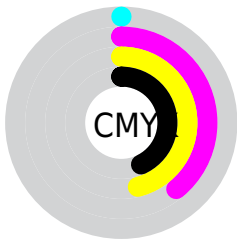
# Distribution



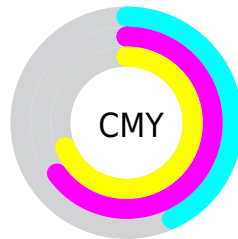
- Red (57%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (69%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.8377, 13.8203,  
9.1773

■ 16.8377, 13.8203,  
9.1773

227.4099,  
216.1100, 194.9616

■ 10.2134, 7.9958,  
4.7586

■ 37.5923, 32.7698,  
24.8193

■ 5.6040, 4.0923,  
2.0501

■ 52.4534, 46.6637,  
36.8797

■ 2.6442, 1.7253,  
0.5858

■ 70.7908, 64.0160,  
52.3244

■ 0.9685, 0.4400,  
0.0000

■ 92.9699, 85.2113,  
71.5720

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 119.3559,  
110.6340, 95.0409

150.3144,

140.6684, 123.1498

186.2106,  
175.6990, 156.3172

■ 16.8377, 13.8203,  
9.1773

■ 16.8377, 13.8203,  
9.1773

■ 15.4157, 11.7355,  
6.3632

■ 18.5515, 16.3020,  
12.6648

■ 14.2681, 10.0249,  
4.1781

■ 20.5713, 19.1975,  
16.8647

■ 13.3770, 8.6667,  
2.5736

■ 22.9114, 22.5255,  
21.8139

■ 12.7219, 7.6361,  
1.4936

■ 25.5852, 26.3026,  
27.5463

■ 12.2766, 6.9036,  
0.8578

■ 28.6050, 30.5449,  
34.0942

■ 12.1371, 6.6771,  
0.6491

■ 31.9827, 35.2673,  
41.4875

■ 35.7296, 40.4844,  
49.7552

■ 39.8563, 46.2099,  
58.9243

■ 44.3733, 52.4571,  
69.0212

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.7288, 13.8203, 14.0008



16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773



14.9612, 13.8203, 6.6198

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773



9.7112, 13.8203, 10.5790



13.5138, 13.8203, 30.3018

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773



17.2164, 21.3448, 30.4065

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.4652, 13.8203, 28.6533



16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773



9.4136, 13.8203, 16.1461

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773



10.8830, 13.8203, 7.2597



10.0206, 13.8203, 23.0037



15.6798, 13.8203, 27.0371



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773



13.4894, 13.8203, 6.0259



10.0206, 13.8203, 23.0037



12.7884, 13.8203, 30.3114

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8380, 13.8210, 9.1776



41.1360, 40.7540, 40.0122



19.1701, 13.5111, 25.2894



8.9590, 8.7939, 8.4914



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8380, 13.8210, 9.1776



27.1450, 20.6285, 11.1276



20.1555, 20.4558, 10.2834



5.8666, 5.9469, 6.0791



10.6918, 5.8980, 0.5749



0.1442, 0.0989, 0.0115



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.2164, 21.3448, 30.4065



27.8740, 35.5538, 53.3670



13.3196, 13.5513, 29.1076



5.8911, 6.4162, 7.3977



10.9433, 14.5815, 26.1688



0.1501, 0.2107, 0.3257



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

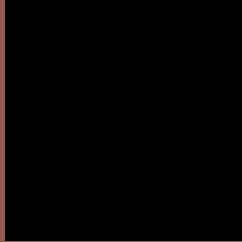
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8377, 13.8203,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773

### Protanopia

13.0604, 13.8875, 10.7963

### Deuteranopia

14.0651, 13.8611, 8.9553



## Tritanopia

17.4166, 13.8097, 12.1035

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773

## Protanomaly

14.1916, 13.7592, 10.0914

## Deuteranomaly

14.9181, 13.7411, 9.0738

## Tritanomaly

17.2838, 13.8871, 11.0020

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773

## Achromatopsia

13.4271, 14.1263, 15.3836

## Achromatomaly

14.3189, 13.7613, 12.9678

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 89, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 89, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 89, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 89, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 89, 79) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 89, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 89, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 89, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 89, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 89,  
79) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.8377, 13.8203, 9.1773 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 89, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146, 89,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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