

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.8549, 15.6416, 26.9421)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.8549, 15.6416, 26.9421)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(16.8554, 15.6414,  
26.9417)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	73698C
RGB	115, 105, 140
RGB Percent	45%, 41%, 55%
CMY	0.5490, 0.5882, 0.4510
CMYK	0.18, 0.25, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	257°, 14%, 48%
HSV	257°, 25%, 55%
XYZ	16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417
YIQ	111.9800, -5.2750, 13.0050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

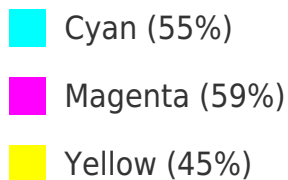
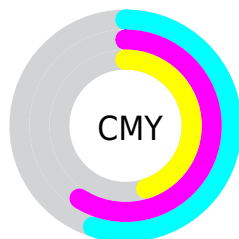
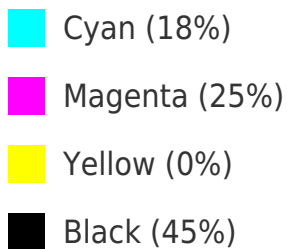
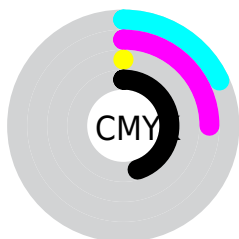
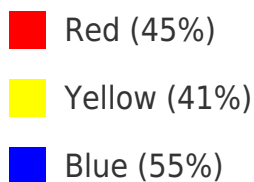
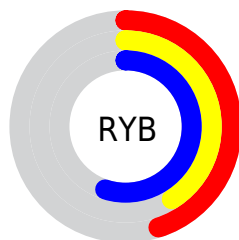
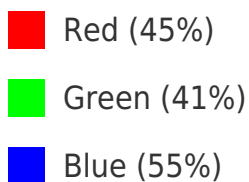
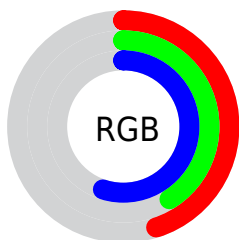
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">115, 105, 140</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7563660</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">46.50, 11.51, -17.80</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">47, 21.200, 302.895</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">15.6414, 0.2836, 0.2632</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285753740</a> (0xFF73698C)
YUV	<a href="#">111.9800, 13.8139, 2.6485</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">39.5492, 6.8634, -12.7051</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **21.1343, 24.5223, 16.9846**, and the grayscale version is **15.3575, 16.1573, 17.5953**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.5624, 35.8875, 55.9862**, and **5.6053, 4.9225, 10.3276** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3008, 12.3794, 26.4470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.7885, 19.4478, 27.5221**.

# Distribution





# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 16.8554, 15.6414,  
26.9417


 16.8554, 15.6414,  
26.9417


227.5102,  
227.2163, 301.1260


 10.2261, 9.2708,  
17.2974


 37.6226, 35.9745,  
55.7929


 5.6125, 4.9182,  
10.2826


 52.4912, 50.7058,  
75.8369

 2.6494, 2.1994,  
5.4787


 70.8369, 68.9927,  
100.1845

 0.9712, 0.7196,  
2.4671

 93.0251, 91.2198,  
129.2543

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8227

119.4212,  
117.7712, 163.4648

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

150.3906,

149.0315, 203.2345

186.2984,  
185.3851, 248.9821

■ 16.8554, 15.6414,  
26.9417

■ 16.8554, 15.6414,  
26.9417

■ 14.3008, 12.3794,  
26.4470

■ 19.7885, 19.4478,  
27.5221

■ 12.1071, 9.6345,  
26.0328

■ 23.1135, 23.8203,  
28.1908

■ 10.2576, 7.3800,  
25.6951

■ 26.8453, 28.7817,  
28.9518

■ 8.7337, 5.5861,  
25.4291

■ 30.9971, 34.3530,  
29.8083

■ 7.5147, 4.2195,  
25.2296

■ 35.5819, 40.5542,  
30.7636

6.5774, 3.2421,  
25.0904

40.6118, 47.4042,  
31.8207

5.8918, 2.6033,  
25.0032

46.0988, 54.9215,  
32.9825

5.6087, 2.3445,  
24.9682

52.0540, 63.1234,  
34.2517

58.4885, 72.0268,  
35.6311

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0446, 15.6414, 29.1710



16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417



18.2149, 15.6414, 22.0333

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417



16.5238, 15.6414, 9.5588



11.6297, 15.6414, 17.5435

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417



21.1343, 24.5223, 16.9846

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.9562, 15.6414, 12.8493



16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417



14.6901, 15.6414, 8.8354

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417



18.0127, 15.6414, 12.1344



13.0409, 15.6414, 9.9083



12.1101, 15.6414, 23.0938



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417



18.6285, 15.6414, 18.3046



13.0409, 15.6414, 9.9083



11.6488, 15.6414, 15.8175

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8559, 15.6420, 26.9421



39.4305, 40.2531, 49.4344



18.5535, 20.8846, 27.8645



9.0178, 9.1857, 11.3772



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8559, 15.6420, 26.9421



27.0995, 24.2218, 46.9899



19.3667, 16.9364, 27.0596



4.9002, 4.9570, 6.3044



5.0011, 2.0923, 22.1859



0.0462, 0.0206, 0.1480



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.8966, 17.2909, 23.4086



33.4631, 27.6762, 39.4303



18.6850, 23.2596, 16.8700



5.1739, 5.1050, 6.0045



11.6625, 5.7751, 11.2591



0.0838, 0.0409, 0.1081



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8554, 15.6414,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417

### Protanopia

15.7934, 15.6872, 28.1821

### Deuteranopia

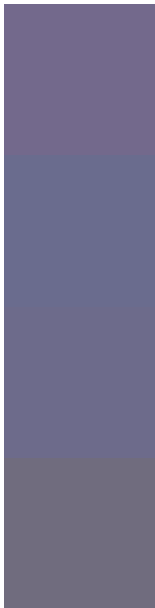
15.9666, 15.6534, 26.6060



## Tritanopia

15.2942, 15.6248, 19.3493

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417

**Protanomaly**  
16.1889, 15.7423, 27.7765

**Deuteranomaly**  
16.2246, 15.6307, 26.5880

**Tritanomaly**  
15.8105, 15.6762, 21.9312

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417

**Achromatopsia**  
15.4009, 16.2029, 17.6450

**Achromatomaly**  
15.7915, 15.8531, 20.6400

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 105, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 105, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 105, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 105, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 105, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 105, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 105, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 105, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 105, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 105,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.8554, 15.6414, 26.9417 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 105, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
105, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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