

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.8912, 11.2294,
6.5874)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 9E3F43 |
| RGB | 158, 63, 67 |
| RGB Percent | 62%, 25%, 26% |
| CMY | 0.3804, 0.7529, 0.7373 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.60, 0.58, 0.38 |
| HSL | 357°, 43%, 43% |
| HSV | 357°, 60%, 62% |
| XYZ | 16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874 |
| YIQ | 91.8610, 55.3360, 21.3840 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

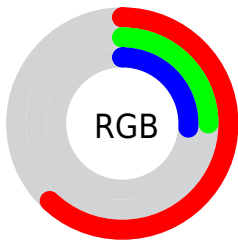
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 158, 63, 67 |
| Decimal | 10370883 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 39.96, 39.89, 17.98 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 40, 43.749, 24.260 |
| Yxy | 11.2294, 0.4867, 0.3235 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288560963 (0xFF9E3F43) |
| YUV | 91.8610, -12.2565, 58.0039 |
| Hunter-Lab | 33.5103, 31.3317, 11.8021 |

Details

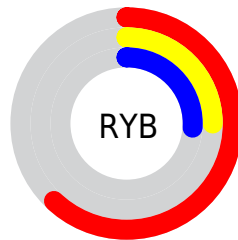
The XYZ color **16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **20.1103, 27.8439, 34.8887**, and the grayscale version is **10.1596, 10.6886, 11.6399**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.7271, 28.0241, 19.6404**, and **5.5968, 2.9629, 1.1411** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7421, 9.5653, 4.2495**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.4107, 13.4444, 9.6345**.

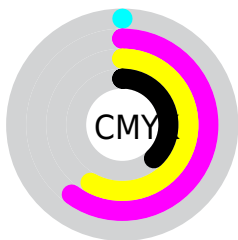
Distribution



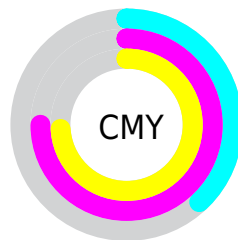
- Red (62%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.8912, 11.2294,
6.5874


 16.8912, 11.2294,
6.5874


227.7131,
199.2347, 173.6886


 10.2518, 6.2214,
3.1309


 37.6837, 28.0836,
19.6368


 5.6298, 2.9801,
1.1619

 52.5675, 40.6985,
30.0667


 2.6598, 1.1214,
0.0000

 70.9301, 56.6179,
43.6583

 0.9765, 0.0000,
0.0000

 93.1369, 76.2260,
60.8299

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 119.5533, 99.9074,
82.0003

 150.5445,

128.0464, 107.5878

186.4760,
161.0273, 138.0111

■ 16.8912, 11.2294,
6.5874

■ 16.8912, 11.2294,
6.5874

■ 15.7421, 9.5653,
4.2495

■ 18.4107, 13.4444,
9.6345

■ 14.9309, 8.4023,
2.5629

■ 20.3277, 16.2508,
13.4411

■ 14.4209, 7.6845,
1.4619

■ 22.6677, 19.6877,
18.0538

■ 14.1369, 7.2836,
0.8516

■ 25.4540, 23.7900,
23.5150

■ 28.7080, 28.5903,
29.8645

■ 32.4498, 34.1189,
37.1392

■ 36.6985, 40.4043,
45.3742

■ 41.4718, 47.4737,
54.6027

■ 46.7869, 55.3526,
64.8562

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.5567, 11.2294, 13.9668



16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874



14.4372, 11.2294, 3.0862

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874



6.6195, 11.2294, 4.8581



10.1029, 11.2294, 37.3628

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874



20.1103, 27.8439, 34.8887

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.6279, 11.2294, 31.3037



16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874



5.8751, 11.2294, 10.6379

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874



8.4605, 11.2294, 2.4684



6.2060, 11.2294, 20.4125



13.2415, 11.2294, 34.5208

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874



12.3273, 11.2294, 2.1888



6.2060, 11.2294, 20.4125



9.1741, 11.2294, 36.2367

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8915, 11.2300, 6.5876



47.2081, 44.6526, 44.6259



21.1335, 12.8210, 33.7085



10.2991, 9.5600, 9.3884



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8915, 11.2300, 6.5876



28.0392, 16.5812, 6.5862



20.1265, 17.8853, 7.0949



6.6438, 6.6504, 6.9754



11.3260, 5.8350, 0.7017



0.2054, 0.1055, 0.0280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.8915, 11.2300, 6.5876



28.0392, 16.5812, 6.5862



14.3814, 15.8447, 34.6480



6.6438, 6.6504, 6.9754



11.3260, 5.8350, 0.7017



0.2054, 0.1055, 0.0280

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

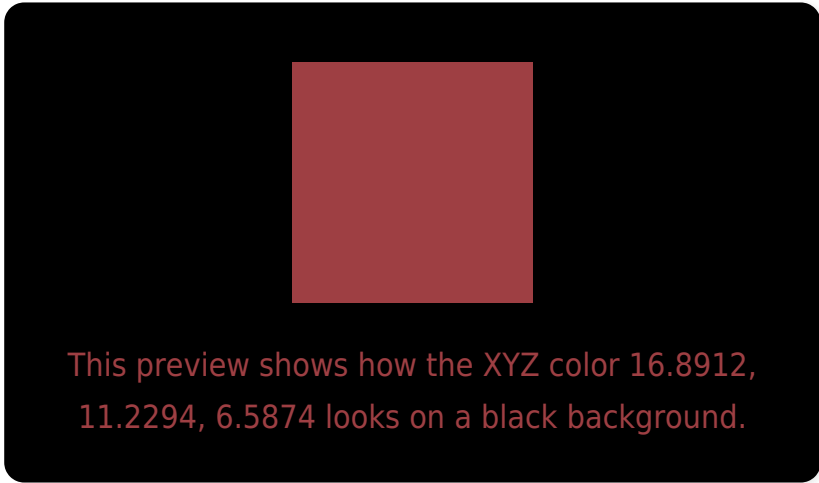
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8912, 11.2294,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874

Protanopia

10.8329, 11.4878, 9.4310

Deuteranopia

11.5500, 11.4074, 6.1505



Tritanopia

16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874

Protanomaly

12.2829, 10.7733, 8.2695

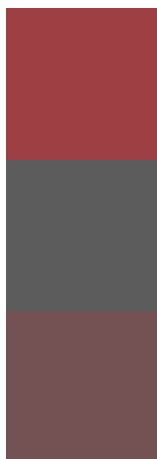
Deuteranomaly

13.0738, 11.0009, 6.2848

Tritanomaly

16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874

Achromatopsia

10.1725, 10.7023, 11.6548

Achromatomaly

11.7062, 10.2224, 9.5397

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 63, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 63, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 63, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 63, 67) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 63, 67) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 63, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 63, 67)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 63, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 63, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 63,  
67) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.8912, 11.2294, 6.5874 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 63, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158, 63,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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