

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.8936, 16.5152,
38.3738)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A70A6
RGB	90, 112, 166
RGB Percent	35%, 44%, 65%
CMY	0.6470, 0.5608, 0.3490
CMYK	0.46, 0.33, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	223°, 30%, 50%
HSV	223°, 46%, 65%
XYZ	16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738
YIQ	111.5780, -30.4460, 12.1300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

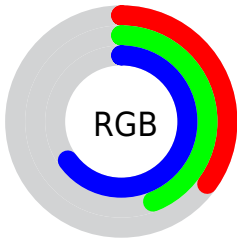
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 107, 166
Decimal	5927078
CIE _{Lab}	47.64, 6.80, -31.54
CIE _{LCh}	48, 32.266, 282.165
Yxy	16.5152, 0.2353, 0.2301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284117158 (0xFF5A70A6)
YUV	111.5780, 26.8300, -18.9239
Hunter-Lab	40.6389, 3.0844, -27.5381

Details

The XYZ color **16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **27.5453, 28.7926, 13.7794**, and the grayscale version is **15.2087, 16.0007, 17.4248**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.6543, 37.6110, 73.6817**, and **5.6551, 5.3706, 16.6582** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.2384, 13.3396, 37.9011**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.0811, 20.2189, 38.9210**.

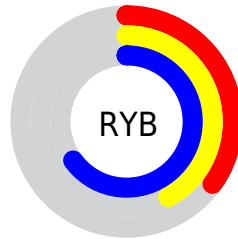
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (44%)

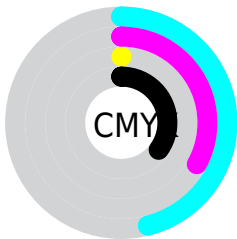
Blue (65%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (65%)

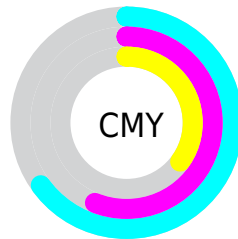


Cyan (46%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.8936, 16.5152,
38.3738

■ 16.8936, 16.5152,
38.3738

227.7267,
232.3629, 354.5669

■ 10.2535, 9.8895,
25.9689

■ 37.6878, 37.4903,
73.8905

■ 5.6309, 5.3257,
16.5748

■ 52.5726, 52.6085,
97.8393

■ 2.6605, 2.4396,
9.7731

■ 70.9364, 71.3263,
126.4732

■ 0.9769, 0.8462,
5.1451

■ 93.1444, 94.0280,
160.2106

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.2724

119.5621,
121.0982, 199.4701

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7157

150.5548,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

152.9211, 244.6704

0.0000

186.4879,
189.8812, 296.2298

■ 16.8936, 16.5152,
38.3738

■ 16.8936, 16.5152,
38.3738

■ 14.2384, 13.3396,
37.9011

■ 20.0811, 20.2189,
38.9210

■ 12.0828, 10.6646,
37.4984

■ 23.8274, 24.4728,
39.5446

■ 10.3932, 8.4627,
37.1624

■ 28.1592, 29.2996,
40.2480

■ 9.1304, 6.7027,
36.8893

■ 33.1011, 34.7204,
41.0338

■ 8.2450, 5.3470,
36.6743

■ 38.6760, 40.7550,
41.9048

■ 7.9420, 4.8713,
36.5984

■ 44.9060, 47.4224,
42.8634

■ 51.8116, 54.7407,
43.9120

■ 59.4127, 62.7272,
45.0529

■ 67.7284, 71.3987,
46.2884

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.0611, 16.5152, 37.7046



16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738



19.7166, 16.5152, 32.4892

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738



20.1711, 16.5152, 9.2974



10.9928, 16.5152, 13.5482

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738



27.5453, 28.7926, 13.7794

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2649, 16.5152, 8.6008



16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738



17.4555, 16.5152, 6.7140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738



21.7582, 16.5152, 14.8423



14.5587, 16.5152, 6.5056



10.8813, 16.5152, 21.5365

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738



21.1224, 16.5152, 26.4527



14.5587, 16.5152, 6.5056



11.2909, 16.5152, 11.5458

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8942, 16.5158, 38.3742



52.3975, 54.6015, 73.2528



22.8264, 31.4358, 30.9314



11.3307, 11.7827, 16.3292



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8942, 16.5158, 38.3742



25.7365, 24.0825, 68.7672



16.3891, 13.0817, 37.7380



7.3021, 7.6412, 9.5084



6.1944, 3.8490, 28.3919



0.1940, 0.1801, 0.7052

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.3073, 16.5899, 17.3562



37.0335, 25.0297, 24.7252



28.2076, 34.5713, 14.8599



7.6171, 7.5767, 8.3009



12.6272, 6.4596, 2.8487



0.3290, 0.1659, 0.1842

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

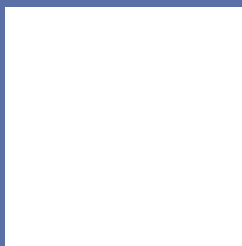
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738.

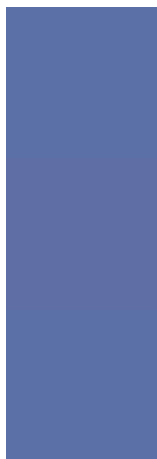


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8936, 16.5152,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738

Protanopia

17.1953, 16.5184, 37.8794

Deuteranopia

16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738



Tritanopia

13.7837, 16.4409, 23.2158

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738

Protanomaly

16.9902, 16.4126, 37.8698

Deuteranomaly

16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738

Tritanomaly

14.6952, 16.2828, 27.9596

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738

Achromatopsia

15.4009, 16.2029, 17.6450

Achromatomaly

15.6679, 16.1973, 24.1304

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 112, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 112, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 112, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 112, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 112, 166) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 112, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 112, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 112, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 112, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 112,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.8936, 16.5152, 38.3738 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 112, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 112,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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