

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.8942, 6.7637, 88.6942)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.8942, 6.7637, 88.6942)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.8386, 6.7412,
88.4094)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0400F7
RGB	4, 0, 247
RGB Percent	2%, 0%, 97%
CMY	0.9840, 1.0000, 0.0314
CMYK	0.98, 1.00, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	241°, 100%, 48%
HSV	241°, 100%, 97%
XYZ	16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094
YIQ	29.3540, -76.9030, 77.6650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

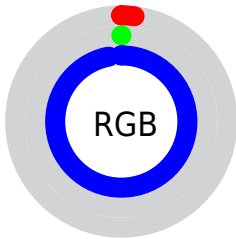
Format	Color
R _Y B	4, 0, 247
Decimal	262391
CIE Lab	31.21, 77.33, -105.19
CIE LCh	31, 130.552, 306.320
Yxy	6.7412, 0.1504, 0.0602
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278452471 (0xFF0400F7)
YUV	29.3540, 107.2995, -22.2355
Hunter-Lab	25.9638, 70.3279, -183.7137

Details

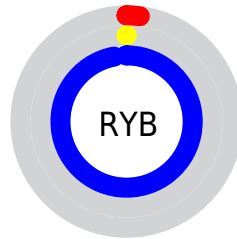
The XYZ color **16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0000FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **70.1975, 85.5633, 12.8156**, and the grayscale version is **1.1286, 1.1874, 1.2931**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.8479, 15.5223, 96.1361**, and **9.1853, 3.6741, 48.3692** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.8396, 6.7417, 88.4098**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6188, 7.6500, 88.5440**.

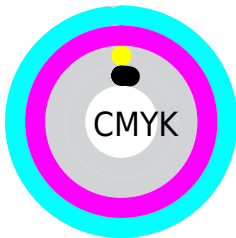
Distribution



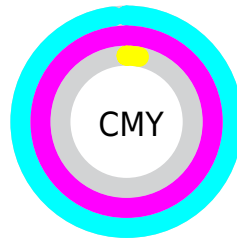
- Red (2%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.8386, 6.7412,
88.4094

■ 16.8386, 6.7412,
88.4094

227.4150,
165.4956, 543.2790

■ 10.2141, 3.3008,
66.0959

■ 37.5939, 19.4507,
147.0431

■ 5.6045, 1.2907,
47.8933

■ 52.4553, 29.4885,
184.2005

■ 2.6445, 0.1340,
33.3830

■ 70.7931, 42.4942,
227.1428

■ 0.9687, 0.0000,
22.1465

■ 92.9727, 58.8523,
276.2888

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
13.7652

■ 119.3593, 78.9471,
332.0568


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
7.8207


■ 150.3183,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

103.1629, 394.8655

3.8943

 186.2151,
131.8843, 465.1334

 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.5675

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.2675


 16.8386, 6.7412,
88.4094


 16.8386, 6.7412,
88.4094

 16.8396, 6.7417,
88.4098

 17.6188, 7.6500,
88.5440

 19.3540, 9.6934,
88.8470

 22.3007, 13.2022,
89.3689

 26.6258, 18.3821,
90.1408

■ 32.4699, 25.4063,
91.1886

■ 39.9563, 34.4260,
92.5350

■ 49.1959, 45.5771,
94.2004

■ 60.2897, 58.9834,
96.2033

■ 73.3312, 74.7593,
98.5610

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.8631, 6.7412, 128.1372



16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094



25.6359, 6.7412, 32.6230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094



12.7458, 6.7412, 0.0000



0.1164, 6.7412, 11.9550

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094



70.1975, 85.5633, 12.8156

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.3654, 6.7412, 0.0964



16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094



5.1433, 6.7412, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094



22.3643, 6.7412, 0.0000



1.5271, 6.7412, 0.0000



0.7162, 6.7412, 54.4238

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094



28.2742, 6.7412, 9.8479



1.5271, 6.7412, 0.0000



0.1036, 6.7412, 5.2988

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8396, 6.7417, 88.4098



52.8371, 48.9349, 101.2683



50.0495, 73.2372, 99.4943



10.3615, 9.3297, 21.5047



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8396, 6.7417, 88.4098



18.1027, 7.2471, 95.0525



25.0287, 10.9634, 88.7930



15.6064, 15.9398, 20.7967



8.9173, 3.5714, 46.7574



0.7925, 0.3184, 4.1099

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.5244, 26.2408, 86.9267



58.6201, 28.2120, 93.4522



41.5010, 70.7697, 11.4726



17.2012, 16.7633, 20.8058



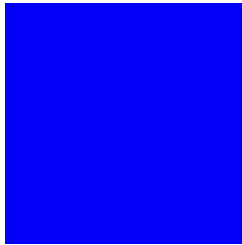
28.8417, 13.8801, 46.0021



2.5386, 1.2214, 4.0627

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

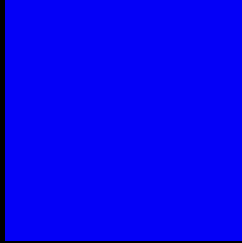
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

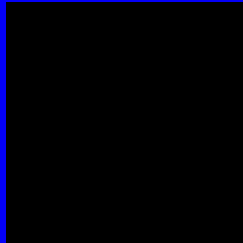
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8386, 6.7412,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094

Protanopia

7.9033, 6.8691, 30.1875

Deuteranopia

6.5502, 6.8663, 21.4022



Tritanopia

4.8136, 6.8746, 10.0901

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094

Protanomaly

9.8524, 5.5056, 46.9978

Deuteranomaly

8.4615, 5.1434, 39.0749

Tritanomaly

6.3965, 4.5970, 27.3382

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094

Achromatopsia

1.1678, 1.2286, 1.3380

Achromatomaly

3.2116, 1.6640, 14.3393

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 0, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(4, 0, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 0, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 0, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 0, 247) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 0, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(4, 0, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 0, 247); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 0, 247); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 0, 247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.8386, 6.7412, 88.4094 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 0, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 0,  
247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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