

# Converting Colors

XYZ(16.9156, 29.7819, 0.5197)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(16.9156, 29.7819, 0.5197)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.8441, 30.2608,  
4.9004)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	54A900
RGB	84, 169, 0
RGB Percent	33%, 66%, 0%
CMY	0.6706, 0.3372, 0.9999
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 1.00, 0.34
HSL	90°, 100%, 33%
HSV	90°, 100%, 66%
XYZ	17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004
YIQ	124.3190, 3.5890, -70.5790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

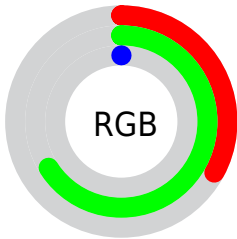
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	0, 169, 85
Decimal	5548288
CIELab	61.88, -49.38, 63.13
CIELCh	62, 80.152, 128.033
Yxy	30.2608, 0.3366, 0.5709
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283738368 (0xFF54A900)
YUV	124.3190, -61.2893, -35.3598
Hunter-Lab	55.0098, -38.3653, 33.2252

# Details

The XYZ color **17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **10.9100, 4.7972, 37.8889**, and the grayscale version is **19.4636, 20.4772, 22.2997**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.3166, 60.0956, 16.0060**, and **6.3834, 12.5619, 2.0883** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.8441, 30.2617, 4.9006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7529, 30.7187, 5.4677**.

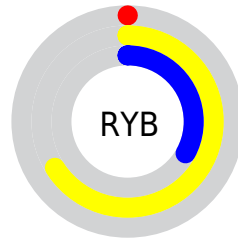
# Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (66%)

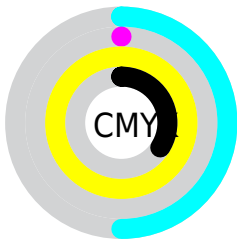
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (33%)

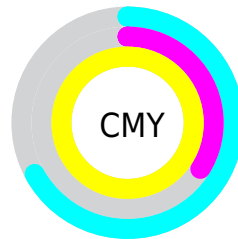


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.8441, 30.2608,  
4.9004

■ 17.8441, 30.2608,  
4.9004

233.0535,  
303.1182, 157.7617

■ 10.9371, 20.0366,  
2.1312

■ 39.3037, 60.0744,  
16.0382

■ 6.0916, 12.4217,  
0.6343

■ 54.5870, 80.4326,  
25.2439

■ 2.9420, 7.0315,  
0.0000

■ 73.3931, 104.9375,  
37.4322

■ 1.1232, 3.4818,  
0.0000

■ 96.0874, 133.9737,  
53.0217

■ 0.0444, 1.3882,  
0.0000

■ 123.0352,  
167.9255, 72.4308


■ 0.0000, 0.2080,  
0.0000


■ 154.6019,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


207.1772, 96.0782


0.0000


 191.1529,  
252.1133, 124.3823


 17.8441, 30.2608,  
4.9004


 17.8441, 30.2608,  
4.9004


 17.8441, 30.2617,  
4.9006

 18.7529, 30.7187,  
5.4677

 19.8417, 31.2585,  
6.4872

 21.1486, 31.8970,  
8.1413

 22.6921, 32.6418,  
10.5121

 24.4880, 33.4996,  
13.6693

■ 26.5507, 34.4765,  
17.6745

■ 28.8933, 35.5779,  
22.5828

■ 31.5276, 36.8089,  
28.4451

■ 34.4651, 38.1744,  
35.3082

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.9779, 30.2608, 2.2530



17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004



13.5737, 30.2608, 15.4386

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004



21.7229, 30.2608, 123.5534



54.3661, 30.2608, 25.3720

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004



10.9100, 4.7972, 37.8889

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.4123, 30.2608, 60.3163



17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004



31.7383, 30.2608, 132.7129

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004



15.3948, 30.2608, 84.3120



43.4147, 30.2608, 104.7008



48.2332, 30.2608, 8.3262



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004



12.6941, 30.2608, 30.9649



43.4147, 30.2608, 104.7008



54.6571, 30.2608, 35.0158

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8448, 30.2621, 4.9011



51.5018, 63.6015, 39.9202



19.5730, 14.8554, 1.8362



10.8457, 13.6842, 7.8932



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8448, 30.2621, 4.9011



31.7151, 54.0702, 8.7650



14.1889, 28.3774, 4.7300



7.7786, 8.5839, 8.0362



13.3602, 22.5847, 3.6551



0.3842, 0.5800, 0.0917



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.9100, 4.7972, 37.8889



19.2950, 8.4653, 67.8421



23.5249, 11.3004, 38.4792



7.4779, 7.4790, 9.4678



8.1920, 3.6066, 28.2399



0.2583, 0.1182, 0.6898



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

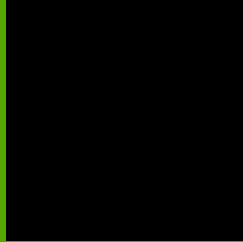
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8441, 30.2608,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004

### Protanopia

26.8959, 29.8197, 4.3382

### Deuteranopia

30.3218, 29.7359, 5.7316



## Tritanopia

25.3761, 30.1420, 42.5107

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004

## Protanomaly

22.2050, 29.0953, 4.4456

## Deuteranomaly

23.7891, 28.6752, 5.0401

## Tritanomaly

20.5972, 29.2251, 18.7428

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004

## Achromatopsia

19.1579, 20.1556, 21.9495

## Achromatomaly

17.0960, 22.5719, 10.8529

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 169, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 169, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 169, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 169, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 169, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 169, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 169, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 169, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 169, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 169, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.8441, 30.2608, 4.9004 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 169, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 169,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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