

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.9398, 13.2627, 6.8769)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.9398, 13.2627, 6.8769)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.8391, 13.1592,
6.8067)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	975342
RGB	151, 83, 66
RGB Percent	59%, 33%, 26%
CMY	0.4078, 0.6745, 0.7412
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.56, 0.41
HSL	12°, 39%, 43%
HSV	12°, 56%, 59%
XYZ	16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067
YIQ	101.3940, 45.9850, 9.1290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

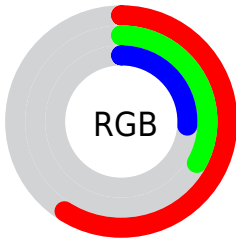
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 87, 66
Decimal	9917250
CIE _{Lab}	43.00, 26.50, 22.35
CIE _{LCh}	43, 34.669, 40.145
Yxy	13.1592, 0.4575, 0.3575
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288107330 (0xFF975342)
YUV	101.3940, -17.4492, 43.5045
Hunter-Lab	36.2756, 19.3772, 14.2678

Details

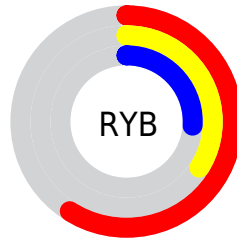
The XYZ color **16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **16.3571, 20.4415, 32.3614**, and the grayscale version is **12.5074, 13.1588, 14.3299**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.5748, 31.6750, 20.0531**, and **5.6094, 3.8104, 1.2504** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6063, 11.3144, 4.4819**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3512, 15.3744, 9.8047**.

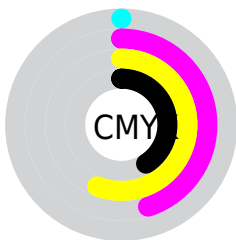
Distribution



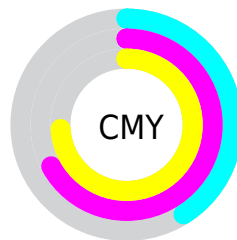
- Red (59%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.8391, 13.1592,
6.8067

■ 16.8391, 13.1592,
6.8067

227.4178,
211.9355, 175.6173

■ 10.2144, 7.5383,
3.2649

■ 37.5947, 31.5895,
20.0895

■ 5.6047, 3.8009,
1.2314

■ 52.4564, 45.1676,
30.6675

■ 2.6446, 1.5628,
0.0046

■ 70.7944, 62.1670,
44.4281

■ 0.9687, 0.3324,
0.0000

■ 92.9742, 82.9719,
61.7897

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 119.3611,
107.9668, 83.1709

■ 150.3204,

137.5361, 108.9902

186.2175,
172.0642, 139.6661

■ 16.8391, 13.1592,
6.8067

■ 16.8391, 13.1592,
6.8067

■ 15.6063, 11.3144,
4.4819

■ 18.3512, 15.3744,
9.8047

■ 14.6339, 9.8176,
2.7769

■ 20.1577, 17.9769,
13.5223

■ 13.9022, 8.6468,
1.6313

■ 22.2739, 20.9850,
18.0024

■ 13.3850, 7.7753,
0.9562

■ 24.7138, 24.4151,
23.2845

■ 13.2319, 7.5184,
0.7538

■ 27.4902, 28.2827,
29.4052

■ 30.6155, 32.6027,
36.3990

■ 34.1014, 37.3890,
44.2985

■ 37.9590, 42.6552,
53.1343

■ 42.1989, 48.4141,
62.9359

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.2484, 13.1592, 11.8997



16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067



14.3264, 13.1592, 4.4944

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067



8.2869, 13.1592, 9.9063



13.4302, 13.1592, 34.1269

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067



16.3571, 20.4415, 32.3614

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8493, 13.1592, 32.9950



16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067



8.1177, 13.1592, 17.0663

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067



9.4910, 13.1592, 5.7940



8.9907, 13.1592, 26.0000



16.1036, 13.1592, 28.6969

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067



12.4945, 13.1592, 4.1043



8.9907, 13.1592, 26.0000



12.5203, 13.1592, 34.5369

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8394, 13.1599, 6.8069



43.7732, 43.0437, 40.6377



19.0137, 12.1970, 23.9063



9.7613, 9.5201, 8.8275



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8394, 13.1599, 6.8069



27.3663, 19.3752, 6.9755



21.1428, 21.7667, 8.2414



6.3039, 6.4129, 6.5114



11.2740, 6.4304, 0.6470



0.1900, 0.1390, 0.0168

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.3571, 20.4415, 32.3614



26.3501, 33.6671, 57.5433



11.6167, 10.9606, 30.7813



6.2796, 6.8165, 7.9137



10.5675, 13.5317, 26.9626



0.1817, 0.2498, 0.4110

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

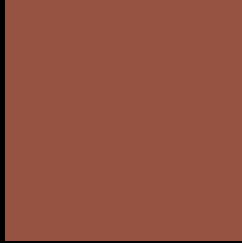
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

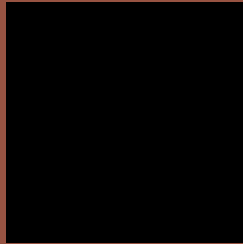
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.8391, 13.1592,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067

Protanopia

12.4178, 13.3122, 8.3936

Deuteranopia

13.4333, 13.3052, 6.5628



Tritanopia

17.4973, 13.0846, 10.4075

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067

Protanomaly

13.6870, 12.9993, 7.7490

Deuteranomaly

14.5126, 13.1854, 6.6306

Tritanomaly

17.3026, 13.1248, 9.0185

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067

Achromatopsia

12.3695, 13.0136, 14.1719

Achromatomaly

13.3719, 12.6319, 10.9659

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 83, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 83, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 83, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 83, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 83, 66) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 83, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 83, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 83, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 83, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 83,  
66) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.8391, 13.1592, 6.8067 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 83, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151, 83,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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