

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.9712, 17.9590, 18.5835)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.9712, 17.9590, 18.5835)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.9869, 18.0233,
18.5031)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	767672
RGB	118, 118, 114
RGB Percent	46%, 46%, 45%
CMY	0.5373, 0.5372, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.03, 0.54
HSL	60°, 2%, 45%
HSV	60°, 3%, 46%
XYZ	16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031
YIQ	117.5440, 1.2840, -1.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

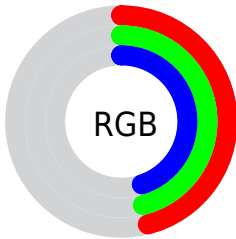
Format	Color
R_{YB}	114, 118, 114
Decimal	7763570
CIE Lab	49.52, -0.79, 2.19
CIE LCh	50, 2.332, 109.850
Yxy	18.0233, 0.3174, 0.3368
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285953650 (0xFF767672)
YUV	117.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999
Hunter-Lab	42.4539, -2.8717, 3.8767

Details

The XYZ color **16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.2274, 16.9205, 19.5511**, and the grayscale version is **17.0829, 17.9725, 19.5721**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.8352, 40.0487, 41.8124**, and **5.6993, 6.0758, 6.0266** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.3575, 17.7720, 15.1908**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.7040, 18.3108, 22.2727**.

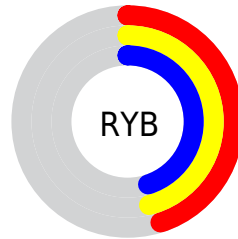
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (46%)

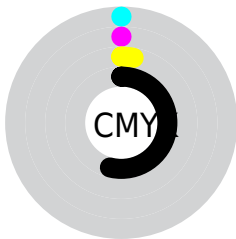
Blue (45%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (45%)

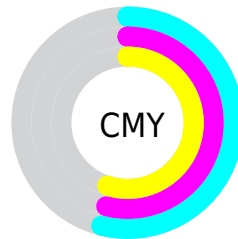


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.9869, 18.0233,
18.5031

■ 16.9869, 18.0233,
18.5031

228.2546,
241.0023, 256.0223

■ 10.3204, 10.9667,
11.1386

■ 37.8470, 40.0770,
41.7182

■ 5.6758, 6.0445,
6.0448

■ 52.7714, 55.8430,
58.4059

■ 2.6877, 2.8721,
2.8031

■ 71.1790, 75.2808,
79.0384

■ 0.9909, 1.0653,
0.9950

■ 93.4354, 98.7749,
104.0343

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

119.9057,
126.7098, 133.8121

150.9555,

159.4697, 168.7904

186.9500,
197.4391, 209.3876

■ 16.9869, 18.0233,
18.5031

■ 16.9869, 18.0233,
18.5031

■ 16.3575, 17.7720,
15.1908

■ 17.7040, 18.3108,
22.2727

■ 15.8110, 17.5533,
12.3172

■ 18.5104, 18.6335,
26.5147

■ 15.3443, 17.3666,
9.8644

■ 19.4096, 18.9932,
31.2453

■ 14.9538, 17.2103,
7.8125

■ 20.4043, 19.3912,
36.4791

■ 14.6355, 17.0828,
6.1403

■ 21.4973, 19.8285,
42.2306

■ 14.3848, 16.9824,
4.8245

■ 22.6913, 20.3062,
48.5133

■ 14.1968, 16.9072,
3.8392

■ 23.9886, 20.8252,
55.3404

■ 14.0661, 16.8548,
3.1552

■ 25.3917, 21.3866,
62.7246

■ 13.9853, 16.8223,
2.7339

■ 26.9029, 21.9912,
70.6783

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.2055, 18.0233, 18.4520



16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031



16.8082, 18.0233, 18.8510

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031



16.8584, 18.0233, 20.5681



17.5518, 18.0233, 19.8393

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031



16.2274, 16.9205, 19.5511

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4571, 18.0233, 20.4185



16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031



17.0559, 18.0233, 20.8452

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031



16.7345, 18.0233, 20.0399



17.2751, 18.0233, 20.7899



17.5329, 18.0233, 19.2145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031



16.7353, 18.0233, 19.2086



17.2751, 18.0233, 20.7899



17.5321, 18.0233, 20.0460

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.9874, 18.0241, 18.5035



30.1521, 31.8044, 34.0283



16.5263, 17.1015, 18.3497



6.9347, 7.3132, 7.8354



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.9874, 18.0241, 18.5035



29.7845, 31.6573, 32.0951



16.7188, 17.8856, 18.4909



4.0358, 4.2939, 4.3214



15.0824, 18.1796, 2.7141



73.4961, 88.5904, 13.2260

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2274, 16.9205, 19.5511



28.1765, 29.3223, 34.3117



16.4903, 17.0560, 19.5634



3.7961, 3.9459, 4.6518



3.5385, 1.4155, 18.6293



17.2413, 6.8967, 90.7828

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

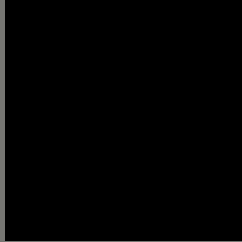
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

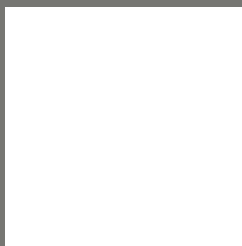
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.9869, 18.0233,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031

Protanopia

17.2837, 18.0024, 18.4835

Deuteranopia

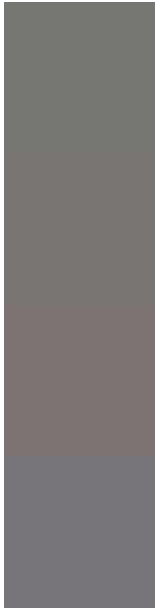
18.3177, 18.0183, 18.7321



Tritanopia

17.6928, 17.9645, 21.9370

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031

Protanomaly

17.1443, 17.9306, 18.4769

Deuteranomaly

17.8294, 17.9349, 18.7417

Tritanomaly

17.4202, 18.0250, 20.6502

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031

Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

Achromatomaly

17.1605, 18.0928, 19.4174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 118, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 118, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 118, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 118, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

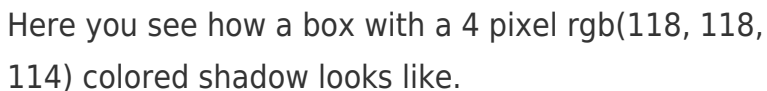
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 118, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 118, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 118, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 118, 114); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 118, 114); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 118, 114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.9869, 18.0233, 18.5031 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 118, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
118, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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