

Converting Colors

XYZ(16.9716, 12.8483, 15.7719)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(16.9716, 12.8483, 15.7719)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.9769, 12.8072,
15.7646)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F516C
RGB	143, 81, 108
RGB Percent	56%, 32%, 42%
CMY	0.4392, 0.6823, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.24, 0.44
HSL	334°, 28%, 44%
HSV	334°, 43%, 56%
XYZ	16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646
YIQ	102.6160, 28.2850, 21.5410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

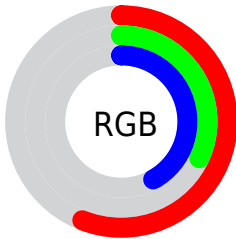
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 81, 108
Decimal	9392492
CIE _{Lab}	42.47, 29.55, -4.21
CIE _{LCh}	42, 29.852, 351.898
Yxy	12.8072, 0.3727, 0.2812
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287582572 (0xFF8F516C)
YUV	102.6160, 2.6543, 35.4168
Hunter-Lab	35.7871, 22.0503, -1.0668

Details

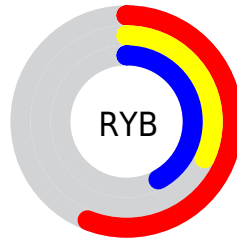
The XYZ color **16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **16.3688, 22.6556, 20.0343**, and the grayscale version is **12.7792, 13.4447, 14.6413**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.7980, 31.0115, 36.7945**, and **5.7005, 3.6488, 4.8187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6141, 10.7375, 13.2878**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6041, 15.3416, 18.5261**.

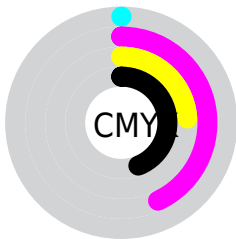
Distribution



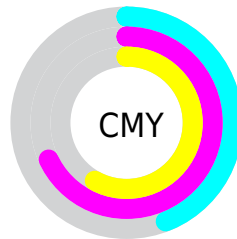
- Red (56%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.9769, 12.8072,
15.7646

■ 16.9769, 12.8072,
15.7646

228.1981,
209.6783, 239.7467

■ 10.3132, 7.2959,
9.2052

■ 37.8300, 30.9570,
36.9501

■ 5.6710, 3.6478,
4.7766

■ 52.7501, 44.3643,
52.4133

■ 2.6848, 1.4786,
2.0604

■ 71.1530, 61.1723,
71.6816

■ 0.9894, 0.2736,
0.5920

■ 93.4042, 81.7656,
95.1733

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 119.8689,
106.5284, 123.3072

150.9126,

135.8452, 156.5017

186.9005,
170.1004, 195.1754

■ 16.9769, 12.8072,
15.7646

■ 16.9769, 12.8072,
15.7646

■ 15.6141, 10.7375,
13.2878

■ 18.6041, 15.3416,
18.5261

■ 14.4993, 9.1020,
11.0846

■ 20.5084, 18.3652,
21.5813

■ 13.6159, 7.8692,
9.1440

■ 22.7033, 21.9029,
24.9397

■ 12.9447, 7.0026,
7.4538

■ 25.2008, 25.9773,
28.6101

■ 12.4632, 6.4589,
6.0005

■ 28.0123, 30.6098,
32.6008

■ 12.2047, 6.1904,
5.1480

■ 31.1486, 35.8205,
36.9199

■ 34.6199, 41.6286,
41.5751

■ 38.4362, 48.0523,
46.5740

■ 42.6068, 55.1090,
51.9236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.9037, 12.8072, 23.0706



16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646



16.6434, 12.8072, 9.8162

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646



10.6299, 12.8072, 5.3196



9.6941, 12.8072, 26.1408

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646



16.3688, 22.6556, 20.0343

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.5844, 12.8072, 19.0940



16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646



9.0765, 12.8072, 7.6125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646



12.7927, 12.8072, 4.9247



8.3731, 12.8072, 12.2708



11.5734, 12.8072, 30.1556

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646



15.6846, 12.8072, 7.2003



8.3731, 12.8072, 12.2708



9.2288, 12.8072, 23.9612

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.9773, 12.8078, 15.7649



40.6912, 39.2785, 44.7129



14.9843, 11.5204, 27.4206



9.1392, 8.6960, 9.9645



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.9773, 12.8078, 15.7649



28.0188, 19.3138, 23.9031



15.9915, 12.7906, 9.4113



5.5003, 5.4606, 6.1326



10.8014, 5.4776, 4.6055



0.1140, 0.0567, 0.1006

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9773, 12.8078, 15.7649



28.0188, 19.3138, 23.9031



17.7152, 22.4598, 29.3882



5.5003, 5.4606, 6.1326



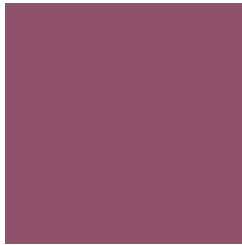
10.8014, 5.4776, 4.6055



0.1140, 0.0567, 0.1006

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.9769, 12.8072,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646

Protanopia

12.8771, 13.0118, 19.6021

Deuteranopia

13.1018, 12.9434, 15.1724



Tritanopia

16.0432, 12.7587, 11.5146

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646

Protanomaly

14.0062, 12.6671, 18.2298

Deuteranomaly

14.3138, 12.7598, 15.3441

Tritanomaly

16.4063, 12.8004, 12.9153

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646

Achromatopsia

12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7705

Achromatomaly

14.1132, 13.0559, 15.1408

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 81, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 81, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 81, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 81, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 81, 108) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 81, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 81, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 81, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 81, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 81,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.9769, 12.8072, 15.7646 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 81, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143, 81,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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