

# Converting Colors

XYZ(160.6468, 119.8657,  
77.2687)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(160.6468, 119.8657, 77.2687)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(78.9801, 77.7264,  
73.1273)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDDD4
RGB	255, 221, 212
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 83%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1333, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.17, 0.00
HSL	13°, 100%, 92%
HSV	13°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273
YIQ	230.1400, 23.1530, 4.4090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

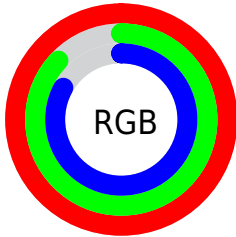
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 223, 212
Decimal	16768468
CIE Lab	90.65, 10.35, 8.74
CIE LCh	91, 13.548, 40.178
Yxy	77.7264, 0.3436, 0.3382
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294958548 (0xFFFFDDD4)
YUV	230.1400, -8.9430, 21.8022
Hunter-Lab	88.1626, 5.6240, 12.5351

# Details

The XYZ color **78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **78.1562, 87.1259, 107.3055**, and the grayscale version is **75.3712, 79.2963, 86.3537**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.0107, 41.7125, 37.6827** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.0072, 66.5283, 55.8332**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.1039, 90.4127, 93.3133**.

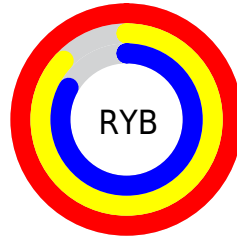
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (87%)

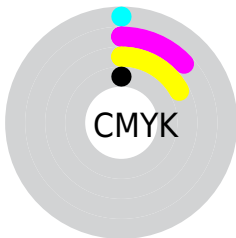
Blue (83%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (83%)

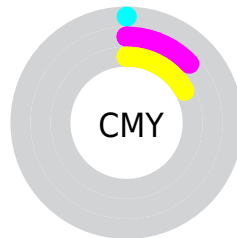


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)


Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 78.9801, 77.7264,  
73.1273

 78.9801, 77.7264,  
73.1273


480.2781,  
487.2371, 490.5385

 59.1850, 57.8493,  
53.5876


130.8889,  
130.1644, 125.3805

 43.0090, 41.6875,  
37.8811


163.7334,  
163.4940, 158.9311

 30.0867, 28.8566,  
25.5893

201.6583,  
202.0765, 197.9891

 20.0528, 18.9724,  
16.2937

245.0291,  
246.2964, 242.9730

 12.5419, 11.6503,  
9.5756

294.2112,  
296.5380, 294.3013

 7.1887, 6.5061,  
5.0166

349.5698,

 3.6278, 3.1552,

353.1857, 352.3926

2.1981

411.4703,  
416.6240, 417.6655

■ 1.4938, 1.2133,  
0.6733

■ 0.3216, 0.0725,  
0.0000

■ 78.9801, 77.7264,  
73.1273

■ 78.9801, 77.7264,  
73.1273

■ 71.0072, 66.5283,  
55.8332

■ 88.1039, 90.4127,  
93.3133

■ 64.1334, 56.7537,  
41.2933

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 58.3109, 48.3481,  
29.3660

■ 53.4864, 41.2495,  
19.8952

■ 49.6014, 35.3908,  
12.7077

■ 46.5912, 30.6992,  
7.6078

■ 44.3820, 27.0935,  
4.3663

■ 42.8855, 24.4808,  
2.6947

■ 42.5315, 23.8430,  
2.3605

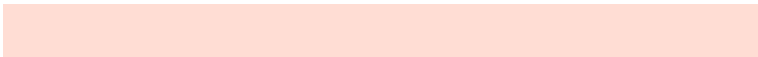
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.4935, 77.7264, 81.3683



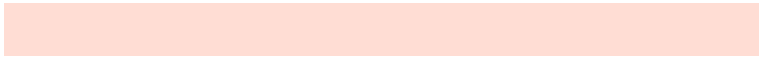
78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273



76.1136, 77.7264, 68.2252

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273



67.9010, 77.7264, 78.4450



75.0368, 77.7264, 104.4093

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



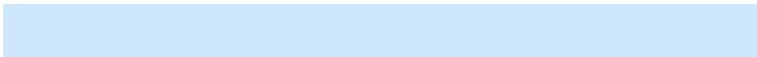
78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273



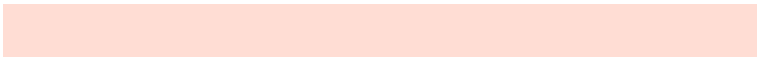
78.1562, 87.1259, 107.3055

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.6839, 77.7264, 103.4758



78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273



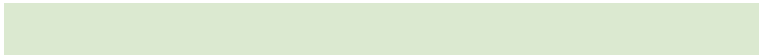
67.6327, 77.7264, 87.9794

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273



69.7424, 77.7264, 71.1284



68.9978, 77.7264, 97.2816



78.1711, 77.7264, 99.7422



# Rectangle

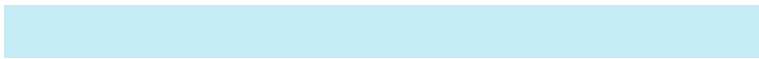
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273



73.8563, 77.7264, 67.2697



68.9978, 77.7264, 97.2816



73.8969, 77.7264, 104.7481

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.9820, 77.7298, 73.1289



89.9328, 92.9423, 97.4011



81.4799, 75.0262, 97.6983



19.1006, 19.6878, 20.5150



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

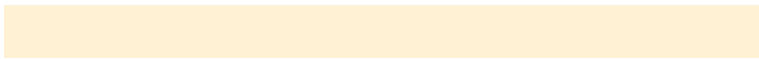
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.9820, 77.7298, 73.1289



76.3582, 74.0579, 67.3968



84.9059, 89.5776, 75.1036



18.3175, 18.6033, 18.7697



22.3093, 12.6299, 1.2620

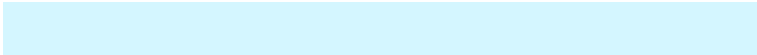


2.2466, 1.3785, 0.1477

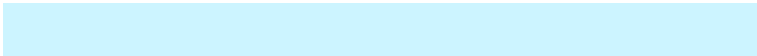


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.1562, 87.1259, 107.3055



75.3988, 84.9512, 107.0310



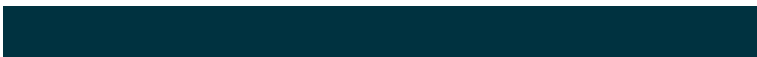
72.1003, 75.0142, 105.2868



18.2129, 19.7975, 23.1113



20.5301, 25.9698, 53.3652

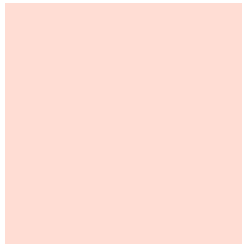


2.0761, 2.6828, 5.2217



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

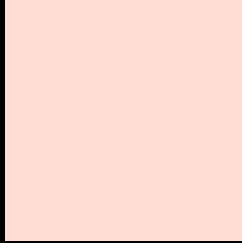
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273.



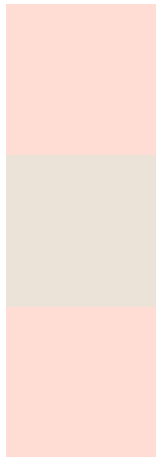
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.9801, 77.7264,

73.1273.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273

### Protanopia

74.1247, 77.5582, 76.0292

### Deuteranopia

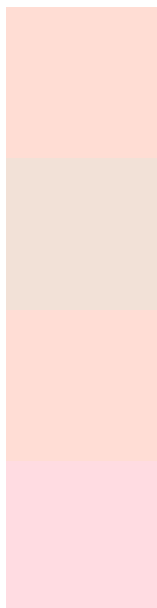
79.1067, 77.7770, 73.7939



## Tritanopia

81.4228, 77.8635, 88.5796

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273

## Protanomaly

75.8089, 77.6340, 75.2793

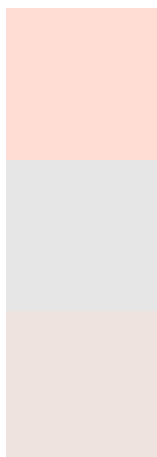
## Deuteranomaly

79.1067, 77.7770, 73.7939

## Tritanomaly

80.5607, 77.9374, 82.7489

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273

## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723

## Achromatomaly

76.3850, 78.6166, 80.9606

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 221, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 221, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 221, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 221, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 221, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 221, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 221, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 221, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 221, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 221,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 78.9801, 77.7264, 73.1273 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 221, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
221, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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