

# Converting Colors

XYZ(161.3599, 149.4477,  
81.2311)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(161.3599, 149.4477, 81.2311)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(88.6329, 97.4331,  
75.1078)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFD2
RGB	255, 255, 210
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.1765
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 91%
HSV	60°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078
YIQ	249.8700, 14.4450, -13.9950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

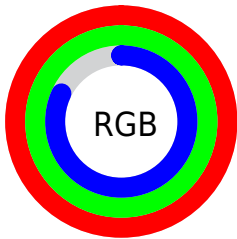
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	210, 255, 210
Decimal	16777170
CIE Lab	99.00, -7.19, 21.56
CIE LCh	99, 22.728, 108.455
Yxy	97.4331, 0.3394, 0.3731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967250 (0xFFFFFFFFD2)
YUV	249.8700, -19.6559, 4.4990
Hunter-Lab	98.7082, -12.4591, 23.9815

# Details

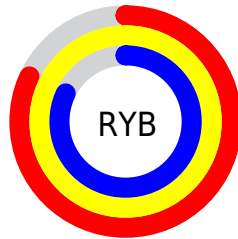
The XYZ color **88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **67.6761, 67.0162, 103.9762**, and the grayscale version is **90.9068, 95.6410, 104.1530**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **49.3992, 54.7605, 38.9766** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.7045, 96.2618, 59.6871**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.0681, 98.8072, 93.1974**.

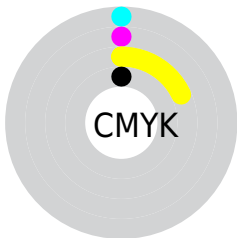
# Distribution



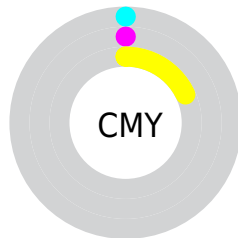
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 88.6329, 97.4331,  
75.1078

 88.6329, 97.4331,  
75.1078


511.8781,  
551.9253, 497.5533

 67.1799, 74.1617,  
55.1989


144.3260,  
157.6218, 128.2134

 49.5021, 54.9264,  
39.1614

179.2968,  
195.3079, 162.2473

 35.2341, 39.3428,  
26.5765


219.5042,  
238.5676, 201.8266

 24.0106, 27.0265,  
17.0258

265.3136,  
287.7854, 247.3699

 15.4663, 17.5931,  
10.0907

317.0903,  
343.3457, 299.2956

 9.2357, 10.6583,  
5.3528

375.1997,

 4.9536, 5.8375,

405.6328, 358.0224

2.3934

440.0072,  
475.0312, 423.9688

■ 2.2545, 2.7465,  
0.7828

■ 0.7712, 1.0009,  
0.0000

■ 88.6329, 97.4331,  
75.1078

■ 88.6329, 97.4331,  
75.1078

■ 85.7045, 96.2618,  
59.6871

■ 92.0681, 98.8072,  
93.1974

■ 83.2582, 95.2833,  
46.8052

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 81.2684, 94.4874,  
36.3272

■ 79.7069, 93.8628,  
28.1043

■ 78.5422, 93.3969,  
21.9710

■ 77.7386, 93.0754,  
17.7393

■ 77.2540, 92.8816,  
15.1875

■ 77.0329, 92.7932,  
14.0232

■ 77.0000, 92.7800,  
13.8500

# Harmonies

## Analogous

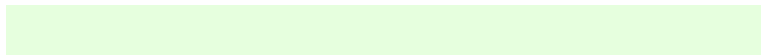
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.1803, 97.4331, 74.2074



88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078



83.3965, 97.4331, 83.6850

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078



84.4130, 97.4331, 135.8029



105.6575, 97.4331, 113.5586

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078



67.6761, 67.0162, 103.9762

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102.4724, 97.4331, 132.1701



88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078



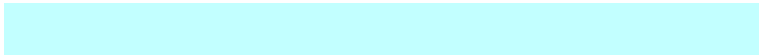
90.0810, 97.4331, 145.9980

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



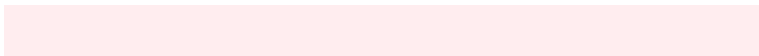
88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078



81.0415, 97.4331, 118.0613



96.6986, 97.4331, 144.5944



105.2242, 97.4331, 94.9531

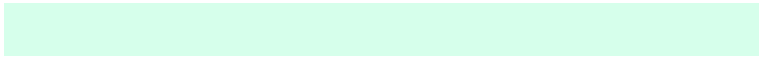


# Rectangle

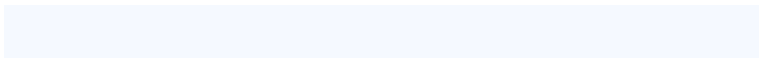
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078



81.2566, 97.4331, 93.2463



96.6986, 97.4331, 144.5944



104.9685, 97.4331, 120.0578

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.6331, 97.4332, 75.1092



93.0646, 99.2058, 98.4450



75.9202, 72.0075, 70.8716



19.8622, 21.2112, 20.7689



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

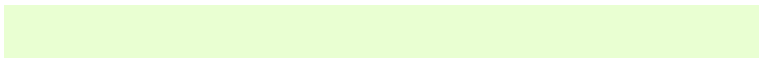
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.6331, 97.4332, 75.1092



87.5956, 97.0183, 69.6459



80.8347, 93.4130, 74.7442



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2342, 48.4795, 7.2369



3.9175, 4.7203, 0.7046



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.6761, 67.0162, 103.9762



63.2503, 61.6834, 103.1802



74.5387, 70.5540, 104.2974



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657

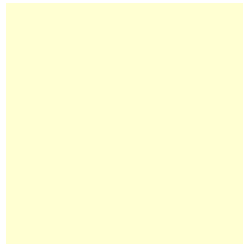


0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

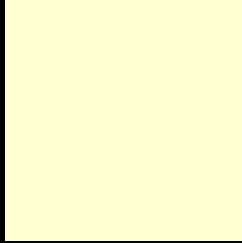
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

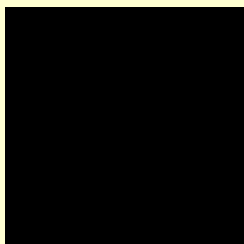
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.6329, 97.4331,

75.178.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078

### Protanopia

92.3795, 97.4125, 99.5215

### Deuteranopia

92.9925, 97.1565, 104.2943

## **Tritanopia**

93.4202, 97.2852, 108.4619

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078



## Protanomaly

90.9308, 97.3368, 90.3392

## Deuteranomaly

91.0458, 96.8790, 92.4981

## Tritanomaly

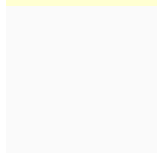
91.2634, 96.9236, 95.5594

# Monochromacy



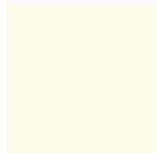
## Original Color

88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078



## Achromatopsia

90.8653, 95.5973, 104.1055



## Achromatomaly

89.9507, 96.3144, 92.4469

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 88.6329, 97.4331, 75.1078 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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