

Converting Colors

XYZ(166.3544, 127.0942,
189.2553)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(166.3544, 127.0942, 189.2553)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(89.5742, 89.0484,
107.0747)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FFEDFF |
| RGB | 255, 237, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 93%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.0706, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 300°, 100%, 96% |
| HSV | 300°, 7%, 100% |
| XYZ | 89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747 |
| YIQ | 244.4340, 4.9500, 9.4140 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

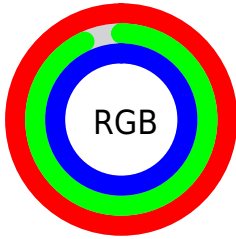
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R _Y B | 255, 237, 255 |
| Decimal | 16772607 |
| CIE Lab | 95.60, 9.18, -6.47 |
| CIE LCh | 96, 11.228, 324.804 |
| Yxy | 89.0484, 0.3135, 0.3117 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294962687 (0xFFFFE0FF) |
| YUV | 244.4340, 5.2090, 9.2664 |
| Hunter-Lab | 94.3655, 4.2974, -1.2194 |

Details

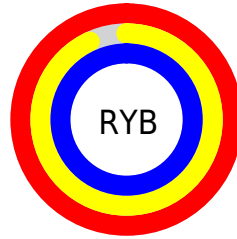
The XYZ color **89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **85.9740, 95.6403, 94.0544**, and the grayscale version is **86.2951, 90.7892, 98.8694**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **50.0056, 49.1307, 60.2737** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.7102, 75.3203, 104.7867**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

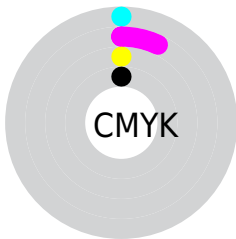
Distribution



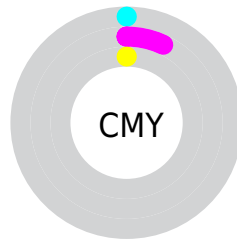
- Red (100%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 89.5742, 89.0484,
107.0747

 89.5742, 89.0484,
107.0747


514.9033,
524.9305, 604.0838

 67.9627, 67.1917,
81.5722

145.6282,
146.0159, 172.9823

 50.1409, 49.2404,
60.4792


180.8013,
181.8954, 214.2246

 35.7436, 34.8102,
43.3772

221.2256,
223.2180, 261.5505

 24.4055, 23.5167,
29.8476

267.2666,
270.3680, 315.3786

 15.7610, 14.9755,
19.4719

319.2894,
323.7299, 376.1274

 9.4450, 8.8022,
11.8315

377.6596,

 5.0920, 4.6124,

383.6880, 444.2155

6.5079

442.7425,
450.6267, 520.0615

■ 2.3366, 2.0217,
3.0826

■ 0.8133, 0.6200,
1.1369

■ 89.5742, 89.0484,
107.0747

■ 89.5742, 89.0484,
107.0747

■ 82.7102, 75.3203,
104.7867

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 76.8502, 63.6003,
102.8334

■ 71.9487, 53.7974,
101.1996

■ 67.9548, 45.8096,
99.8683

■ 64.8128, 39.5255,
98.8209

■ 62.4608, 34.8216,
98.0369

■ 60.8287, 31.5574,
97.4929

■ 59.8340, 29.5680,
97.1613

■ 59.3715, 28.6429,
97.0072

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.1487, 89.0484, 113.1974



89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747



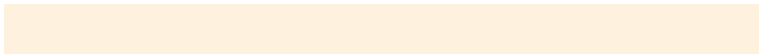
90.6786, 89.0484, 98.5038

Triad

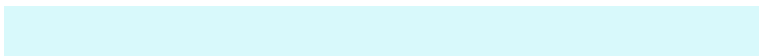
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747



85.1757, 89.0484, 81.0175



79.3709, 89.0484, 104.2554

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



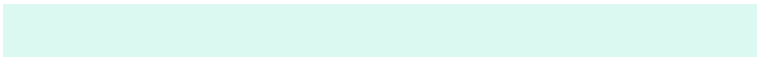
89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747



85.9740, 95.6403, 94.0544

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.8714, 89.0484, 95.4296



89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747



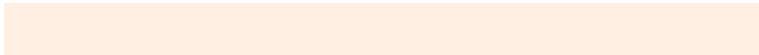
82.1756, 89.0484, 82.3521

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



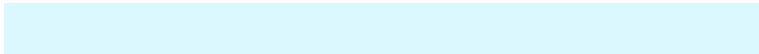
89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747



88.1001, 89.0484, 83.7384



79.8862, 89.0484, 87.5006



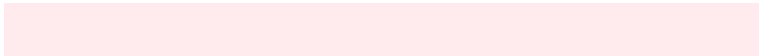
81.2675, 89.0484, 111.5017

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



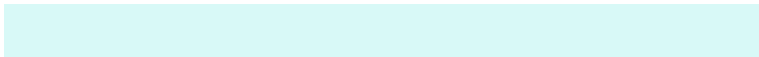
89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747



90.4983, 89.0484, 92.6857



79.8862, 89.0484, 87.5006



79.0360, 89.0484, 101.3608

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.5759, 89.0518, 107.0753



93.4445, 96.7891, 108.3648



83.2630, 85.7974, 106.7799



20.0178, 20.7505, 23.2001



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.5759, 89.0518, 107.0753



88.8839, 87.6679, 106.8446



88.1609, 88.4858, 99.6241



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.5759, 89.0518, 107.0753



88.8839, 87.6679, 106.8446



87.3221, 96.1796, 101.1533



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

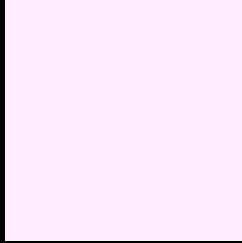
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

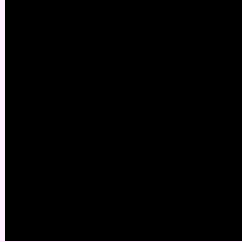
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

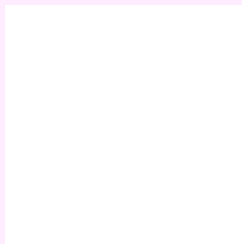
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747.

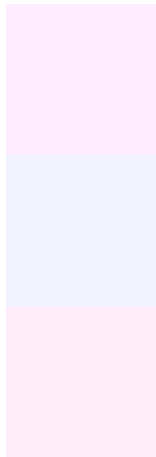


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.5742, 89.0484,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747

Protanopia

86.1232, 89.0078, 107.2488

Deuteranopia

89.0949, 88.8566, 104.5507



Tritanopia

89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747

Protanomaly

87.5679, 89.3143, 107.2318

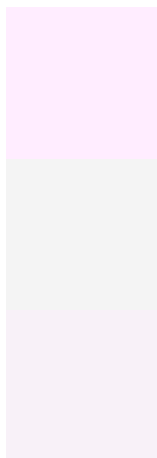
Deuteranomaly

89.2538, 88.9202, 105.3876

Tritanomaly

89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747

Achromatopsia

85.9880, 90.4661, 98.5176

Achromatomaly

87.1100, 89.6444, 101.5188

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 237, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 237, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 237, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 237, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 237, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 237, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 237, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 237, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 237, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 237,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 237, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
237, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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