

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.0215, 25.6797,  
15.3688)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	509A61
RGB	80, 154, 97
RGB Percent	31%, 60%, 38%
CMY	0.6863, 0.3961, 0.6196
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.37, 0.40
HSL	134°, 32%, 46%
HSV	134°, 48%, 60%
XYZ	17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688
YIQ	125.3760, -25.8070, -33.4150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

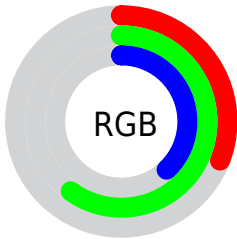
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	80, 140, 154
Decimal	5282401
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.73, -35.98, 22.99
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 42.696, 147.421
Yxy	25.6797, 0.2931, 0.4422
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283472481 (0xFF509A61)
YUV	125.3760, -13.9894, -39.7948
Hunter-Lab	50.6751, -28.7243, 17.4911

# Details


The XYZ color **17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **20.7112, 14.4140, 25.3583**, and the grayscale version is **19.6723, 20.6968, 22.5388**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.9773, 52.8074, 36.2082**, and **5.6804, 9.9152, 4.6320** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3549, 24.8805, 12.6165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0702, 26.6678, 18.5719**.

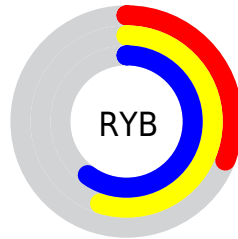
# Distribution



 Red (31%)

 Green (60%)

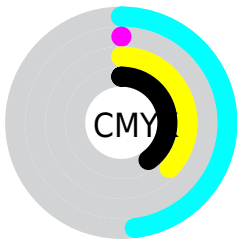
 Blue (38%)



 Red (31%)

 Yellow (55%)

 Blue (60%)

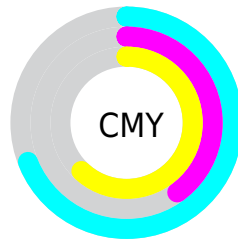


 Cyan (48%)


 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (37%)

 Black (40%)



 Cyan (69%)

 Magenta (40%)

 Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.0215, 25.6797,  
15.3688

■ 17.0215, 25.6797,  
15.3688

228.4501,  
281.2062, 237.3049

■ 10.3452, 16.5842,  
8.9291

■ 37.9060, 52.7578,  
36.2503

■ 5.6925, 9.9385,  
4.5988

■ 52.8450, 71.5091,  
51.5292

■ 2.6979, 5.3582,  
1.9593

■ 71.2689, 94.2478,  
70.5916

■ 0.9961, 2.4589,  
0.5301

■ 93.5431, 121.3584,  
93.8560

■ 0.0000, 0.8560,  
0.0000

■ 120.0330,  
153.2251, 121.7410

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

151.1039,

190.2323, 154.6652

187.1211,  
232.7646, 193.0469

■ 17.0215, 25.6797,  
15.3688

■ 17.0215, 25.6797,  
15.3688

■ 15.3549, 24.8805,  
12.6165

■ 19.0702, 26.6678,  
18.5719

■ 14.0442, 24.2548,  
10.2930

■ 21.5211, 27.8526,  
22.2431

■ 13.0627, 23.7903,  
8.3772


■ 24.3953, 29.2452,  
26.4007


■ 12.3792, 23.4711,  
6.8451


■ 27.7118, 30.8552,  
31.0617


■ 11.9385, 23.2695,  
5.6698


■ 31.4885, 32.6914,  
36.2422

 11.8651, 23.2358,  
5.4794

 35.7421, 34.7621,  
41.9575

 40.4887, 37.0753,  
48.2225

 45.7434, 39.6386,  
55.0513

 51.5209, 42.4590,  
62.4575

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.1521, 25.6797, 9.6677



17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688



15.8405, 25.6797, 26.7121

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688



23.9678, 25.6797, 66.6044



34.2224, 25.6797, 16.8899

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688



20.7112, 14.4140, 25.3583

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.6129, 25.6797, 29.2479



17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688



29.2241, 25.6797, 61.1649

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688



19.4847, 25.6797, 59.0532



33.6708, 25.6797, 46.0399



30.0972, 25.6797, 10.3059



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688



16.1735, 25.6797, 37.2719



33.6708, 25.6797, 46.0399



35.0483, 25.6797, 20.3459

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.0222, 25.6808, 15.3694



46.4903, 54.1800, 51.0414



23.4802, 29.0920, 11.9674



10.2551, 12.1335, 11.1744



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.0222, 25.6808, 15.3694



27.5968, 45.0541, 22.4114



19.1005, 26.5121, 26.3139



6.1874, 6.9477, 6.9103



9.6784, 18.9348, 4.5269



0.1568, 0.2879, 0.1314



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.7112, 14.4140, 25.3583



35.1257, 21.9953, 42.7499



18.5431, 13.5467, 13.9412



6.4005, 6.2994, 7.4891



13.5658, 6.6805, 14.7702



0.2161, 0.1052, 0.2909



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.0215, 25.6797,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688

### Protanopia

23.5116, 25.3992, 13.3362

### Deuteranopia

25.7538, 25.2484, 16.0864



## Tritanopia

21.2214, 25.7157, 36.1929

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688

## Protanomaly

20.4065, 25.0968, 14.1246

## Deuteranomaly

21.3512, 24.6628, 15.6917

## Tritanomaly

19.4701, 25.7141, 27.2297

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688

## Achromatopsia

19.4927, 20.5079, 22.3331

## Achromatomaly

18.2053, 22.0973, 19.5253

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 154, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 154, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 154, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 154, 97) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 154, 97) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 154, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 154, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 154, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 154, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 154,  
97) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.0215, 25.6797, 15.3688 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 154, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 154,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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