

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.0279, 18.7037,
21.1251)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F7A7A
RGB	111, 122, 122
RGB Percent	44%, 48%, 48%
CMY	0.5647, 0.5216, 0.5216
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	180°, 5%, 46%
HSV	180°, 9%, 48%
XYZ	17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251
YIQ	118.7110, -6.5560, -2.3320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

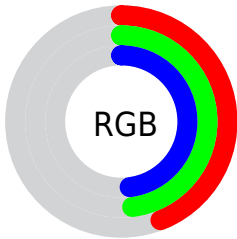
Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 117, 122
Decimal	7305850
CIE Lab	50.34, -4.08, -1.41
CIE LCh	50, 4.311, 199.025
Yxy	18.7037, 0.2995, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285495930 (0xFF6F7A7A)
YUV	118.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625
Hunter-Lab	43.2478, -5.4030, 1.3122

Details

The XYZ color **17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.5803, 16.6546, 17.3804**, and the grayscale version is **17.4402, 18.3485, 19.9815**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.8803, 41.1146, 45.9838**, and **5.6350, 6.3029, 7.2229** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5965, 17.9663, 21.0578**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6701, 19.5508, 21.2030**.

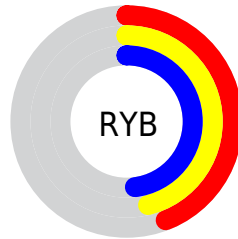
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (48%)

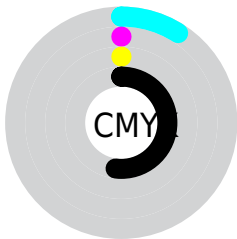
Blue (48%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (48%)

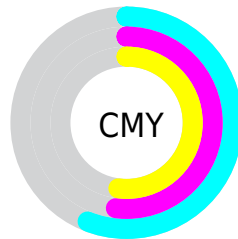


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.0279, 18.7037,
21.1251

■ 17.0279, 18.7037,
21.1251

228.4862,
244.8081, 270.7454

■ 10.3498, 11.4564,
13.0233

■ 37.9170, 41.2328,
46.1791

■ 5.6955, 6.3747,
7.3137

■ 52.8586, 57.2834,
63.9685

■ 2.6997, 3.0742,
3.5776

■ 71.2856, 77.0372,
85.8241

■ 0.9970, 1.1706,
1.3966

■ 93.5631, 100.8786,
112.1646

■ 0.0000, 0.0375,
0.1391

120.0565,
129.1920, 143.4084

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

151.1313,

162.3618, 179.9741

187.1528,
200.7723, 222.2803

■ 17.0279, 18.7037,
21.1251

■ 17.0279, 18.7037,
21.1251

■ 15.5965, 17.9663,
21.0578

■ 18.6701, 19.5508,
21.2030

■ 14.3658, 17.3319,
20.9996

■ 20.5294, 20.5093,
21.2907

■ 13.3273, 16.7965,
20.9503

■ 22.6140, 21.5839,
21.3889

■ 12.4714, 16.3553,
20.9096

■ 24.9309, 22.7783,
21.4980

■ 11.7875, 16.0028,
20.8770

■ 27.4872, 24.0961,
21.6183

■ 11.2640, 15.7329,
20.8518

■ 30.2893, 25.5406,
21.7501

■ 10.8877, 15.5389,
20.8335

■ 33.3435, 27.1151,
21.8937

■ 10.6437, 15.4132,
20.8215

■ 36.6561, 28.8228,
22.0493

■ 10.4867, 15.3322,
20.8134

■ 40.2329, 30.6667,
22.2174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.9995, 18.7037, 19.9298



17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251



17.2552, 18.7037, 22.1538

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251



18.3913, 18.7037, 21.9129



17.9308, 18.7037, 18.1870

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251



16.5803, 16.6546, 17.3804

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.3098, 18.7037, 18.6755



17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251



18.5785, 18.7037, 20.8068

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251



18.0407, 18.7037, 22.6208



18.5484, 18.7037, 19.6236



17.5165, 18.7037, 18.2647

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251



17.4910, 18.7037, 22.5920



18.5484, 18.7037, 19.6236



18.0667, 18.7037, 18.2896

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.0284, 18.7045, 21.1255



31.6284, 33.7670, 37.2432



16.4079, 18.4589, 17.7373



7.1843, 7.6963, 8.5135



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.0284, 18.7045, 21.1255



29.3589, 32.5971, 37.1361



16.3933, 17.4341, 20.9144



4.1071, 4.5124, 5.0976



11.0244, 16.1334, 21.9113



52.5873, 76.9580, 104.5175

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.5803, 16.6546, 17.3804



28.3886, 28.1578, 29.0258



17.1779, 17.8498, 17.5791



3.9983, 4.0151, 4.1889



8.4503, 4.3563, 0.3961



40.3083, 20.7797, 1.8876

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

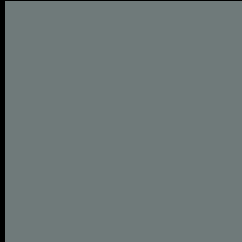
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

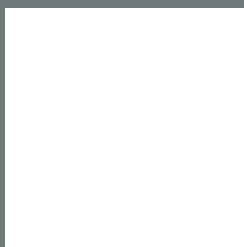
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.0279, 18.7037,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251

Protanopia

17.8721, 18.6147, 20.4203

Deuteranopia

19.0265, 18.6667, 21.3391



Tritanopia

17.5487, 18.7312, 23.8097

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251

Protanomaly

17.5038, 18.5953, 20.7559

Deuteranomaly

18.2220, 18.5979, 21.3682

Tritanomaly

17.3502, 18.6518, 22.7644

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251

Achromatopsia

17.5343, 18.4475, 20.0893

Achromatomaly

17.3091, 18.5020, 20.4283

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 122, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 122, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 122, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 122, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 122, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 122, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 122, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 122, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 122, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 122,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.0279, 18.7037, 21.1251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 122, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
122, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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