

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.0393, 20.2357,
48.3552)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0085B8
RGB	0, 133, 184
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 72%
CMY	0.9998, 0.4784, 0.2784
CMYK	1.00, 0.28, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	197°, 100%, 36%
HSV	197°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552
YIQ	99.0470, -95.6390, -12.3350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

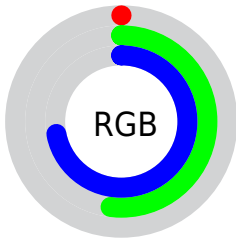
Format	Color
RYB	0, 77, 184
Decimal	34232
CIELab	52.10, -11.62, -35.17
CIELCh	52, 37.040, 251.723
Yxy	20.2357, 0.1990, 0.2363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224312 (0xFF0085B8)
YUV	99.0470, 41.8818, -86.8642
Hunter-Lab	44.9841, -11.1091, -32.2443

Details

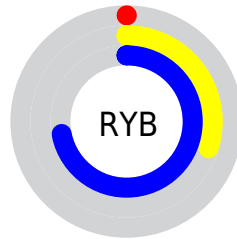
The XYZ color **17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **20.9533, 12.5620, 1.3216**, and the grayscale version is **11.7902, 12.4042, 13.5081**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.9032, 43.7888, 88.8924**, and **7.2671, 7.9793, 22.6299** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.0378, 20.2328, 48.3551**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.0128, 21.8000, 48.6063**.

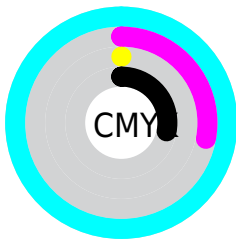
Distribution



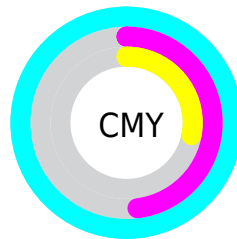
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.0393, 20.2357,
48.3552

■ 17.0393, 20.2357,
48.3552

■ 228.5506,
253.1883, 396.7476

■ 10.3580, 12.5665,
33.7463

■ 37.9364, 43.8120,
89.1041

■ 5.7010, 7.1307,
22.4230

■ 52.8829, 60.4879,
116.0811

■ 2.7031, 3.5440,
13.9667

■ 71.3152, 80.9348,
148.0179

■ 0.9988, 1.4219,
7.9590

■ 93.5986, 105.5371,
185.3330

■ 0.0000, 0.2328,
3.9814

■ 120.0985,
134.6792, 228.4450

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.6151

■ 151.1802,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

168.7455, 277.7724

0.3016

187.2091,
208.1204, 333.7338

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 17.0393, 20.2357,
48.3552

■ 17.0393, 20.2357,
48.3552

■ 17.0378, 20.2328,
48.3551

■ 18.0128, 21.8000,
48.6063

■ 19.2622, 23.5572,
48.8796

■ 20.8785, 25.5554,
49.1801

■ 22.9063, 27.8180,
49.5099

■ 25.3834, 30.3654,
49.8711

■ 28.3431, 33.2152,
50.2651

■ 31.8154, 36.3836,
50.6937

■ 35.8278, 39.8854,
51.1581

■ 40.4057, 43.7342,
51.6597

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.2951, 20.2357, 39.0275



17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552



20.7510, 20.2357, 49.4047

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552



27.2792, 20.2357, 18.0624



14.7835, 20.2357, 9.8471

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552



20.9533, 12.5620, 1.3216

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7917, 20.2357, 7.2737



17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552



25.1953, 20.2357, 10.8657

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552



27.0081, 20.2357, 29.2406



21.6083, 20.2357, 7.5724



13.1153, 20.2357, 16.1197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552



23.3213, 20.2357, 44.9538



21.6083, 20.2357, 7.5724



15.6536, 20.2357, 8.6306

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.0400, 20.2364, 48.3557



57.3187, 65.6378, 91.8530



17.6977, 34.5042, 8.6439



11.7686, 13.6195, 19.7302



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.0400, 20.2364, 48.3557



30.6745, 36.2551, 87.5858



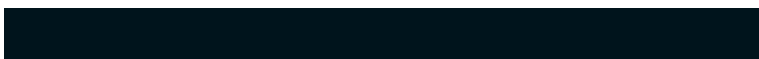
9.5150, 5.1864, 45.8474



9.0505, 9.7782, 11.4898



11.8040, 14.0676, 33.3463



0.4652, 0.5941, 1.1919

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.0015, 11.8849, 23.2197



43.4001, 21.4995, 41.5226



29.3039, 29.2632, 4.1051



9.2718, 9.1191, 10.7789



16.5718, 8.2025, 16.1636



0.6090, 0.2991, 0.7003

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552.

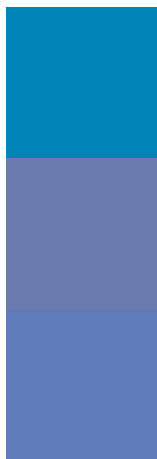


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.0393, 20.2357,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552

Protanopia

20.7608, 20.1400, 43.3506

Deuteranopia

20.6652, 20.1440, 49.2534



Tritanopia

14.4338, 20.3151, 31.1774

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552

Protanomaly

17.8806, 19.3650, 44.9149

Deuteranomaly

18.2098, 19.6422, 48.7305

Tritanomaly

15.2372, 20.1815, 36.8106

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552

Achromatopsia

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877

Achromatomaly

11.7636, 14.0373, 23.2086

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 133, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 133, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 133, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 133, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 133, 184) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 133, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 133, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 133, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.0393, 20.2357, 48.3552 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 133, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 133,  
184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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