

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.0683, 8.5769, 10.8353)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.0683, 8.5769, 10.8353)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.0360, 8.5592,
10.8794)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3005C
RGB	163, 0, 92
RGB Percent	64%, 0%, 36%
CMY	0.3608, 0.9999, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.44, 0.36
HSL	326°, 100%, 32%
HSV	326°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794
YIQ	59.2250, 67.6160, 63.1680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

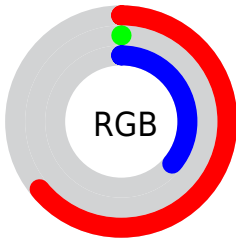
Format	Color
RYB	163, 0, 92
Decimal	10682460
CIELab	35.12, 61.56, -4.67
CIELCh	35, 61.738, 355.665
Yxy	8.5592, 0.4671, 0.2347
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288872540 (0xFFA3005C)
YUV	59.2250, 16.1581, 91.0107
Hunter-Lab	29.2561, 52.7434, -1.5688

Details

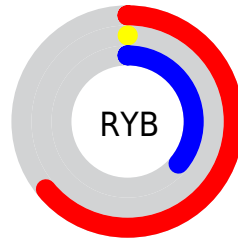
The XYZ color **17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **14.2355, 26.6497, 10.3585**, and the grayscale version is **4.1615, 4.3782, 4.7679**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.0383, 23.0897, 28.0431**, and **6.3188, 3.2005, 2.8695** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.0356, 8.5591, 10.8773**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.5513, 9.0695, 12.6553**.

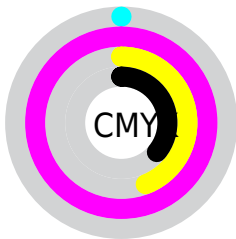
Distribution



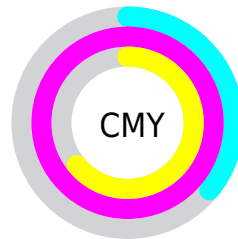
- Red (64%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (36%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.0360, 8.5592,
10.8794


 17.0360, 8.5592,
10.8794


228.5319,
180.0546, 207.5459


 10.3556, 4.4548,
5.8726


 37.9308, 23.0476,
28.0702

 5.6994, 1.9311,
2.7003

 52.8759, 34.2004,
41.0913


 2.7021, 0.5670,
0.9436

 71.3066, 48.4715,
57.6209

 0.9983, 0.0000,
0.0000

 93.5883, 66.2452,
78.0776

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 120.0863, 87.9060,
102.8799

 151.1660,

113.8383, 132.4464

187.1928,
144.4263, 167.1955

17.0360, 8.5592,
10.8794

17.0360, 8.5592,
10.8794

17.0356, 8.5591,
10.8773

17.5513, 9.0695,
12.6553

18.2497, 9.8982,
14.6395

19.1970, 11.1757,
16.8577

20.4220, 12.9585,
19.3230

21.9493, 15.2947,
22.0469

■ 23.8007, 18.2267,
25.0401

■ 25.9958, 21.7928,
28.3122

■ 28.5525, 26.0280,
31.8723

■ 31.4877, 30.9647,
35.7291

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.1889, 8.5592, 25.3035



17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794



15.9861, 8.5592, 3.1506

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794



5.5185, 8.5592, 0.3431



4.8558, 8.5592, 36.6475

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794



14.2355, 26.6497, 10.3585

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.3974, 8.5592, 20.6348



17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794



3.6944, 8.5592, 2.0630

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794



8.6631, 8.5592, 0.0000



3.0444, 8.5592, 7.9163



7.6293, 8.5592, 45.6611

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794



13.9107, 8.5592, 1.1579



3.0444, 8.5592, 7.9163



4.2312, 8.5592, 31.5169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.0362, 8.5597, 10.8795



46.3154, 38.6338, 50.3574



9.1837, 3.9710, 34.9327



10.0340, 8.0757, 10.7706



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.0362, 8.5597, 10.8795



30.4073, 15.2878, 18.9420



15.1642, 7.8109, 1.0216



7.2333, 7.1498, 8.2150



13.2630, 6.6612, 8.5753



0.3019, 0.1492, 0.3022

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.0362, 8.5597, 10.8795



30.4073, 15.2878, 18.9420



18.7760, 28.4659, 34.2685



7.2333, 7.1498, 8.2150



13.2630, 6.6612, 8.5753



0.3019, 0.1492, 0.3022

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

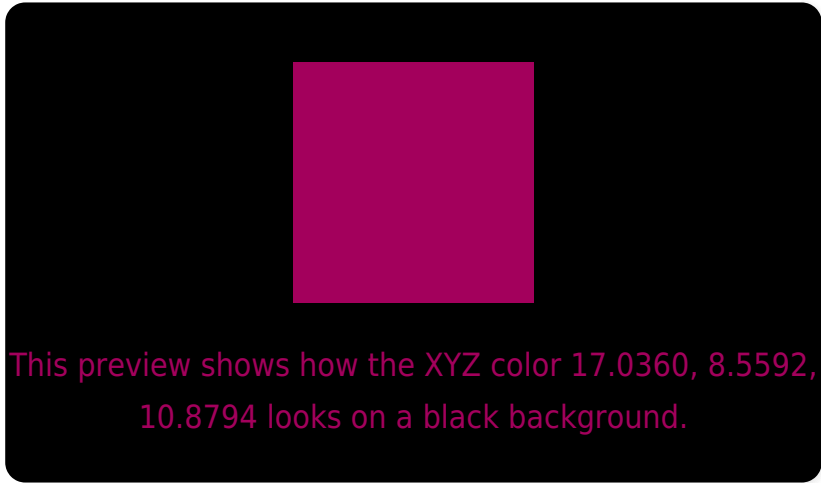
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.0360, 8.5592,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794

Protanopia

9.7191, 9.2355, 23.1002

Deuteranopia

9.3490, 9.2221, 9.8816



Tritanopia

15.4620, 8.8689, 2.6472

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794

Protanomaly

10.0775, 6.7141, 17.5944

Deuteranomaly

10.6423, 7.1727, 10.0561

Tritanomaly

15.7429, 8.4853, 4.6790

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794

Achromatopsia

4.1570, 4.3735, 4.7627

Achromatomaly

6.7602, 4.3825, 6.4508

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 0, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 0, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 0, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 0, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 0, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 0, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 0, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.0360, 8.5592, 10.8794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 0, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 0,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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