

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.0907, 8.6469, 8.1965)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.0907, 8.6469, 8.1965)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.1372, 8.6715,  
8.1677)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6004F
RGB	166, 0, 79
RGB Percent	65%, 0%, 31%
CMY	0.3490, 0.9999, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.52, 0.35
HSL	331°, 100%, 33%
HSV	331°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677
YIQ	58.6400, 73.5770, 59.7610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

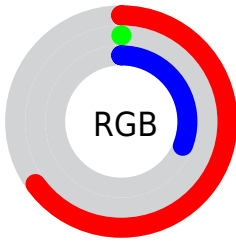
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	166, 0, 79
Decimal	10879055
CIELab	35.34, 61.16, 4.18
CIElCh	35, 61.301, 3.906
Yxy	8.6715, 0.5044, 0.2552
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289069135 (0xFFA6004F)
YUV	58.6400, 10.0375, 94.1547
Hunter-Lab	29.4474, 52.3468, 4.1682

# Details

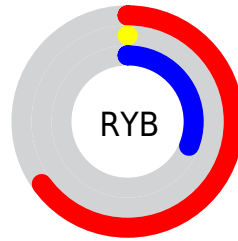
The XYZ color **17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **15.3578, 27.9611, 13.6094**, and the grayscale version is **4.0896, 4.3026, 4.6855**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.9847, 23.1760, 22.8935**, and **6.3668, 3.2471, 1.8813** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.1367, 8.6713, 8.1653**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6696, 9.1960, 10.0115**.

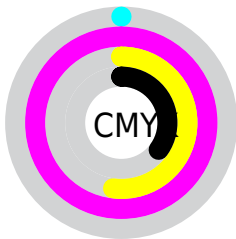
# Distribution



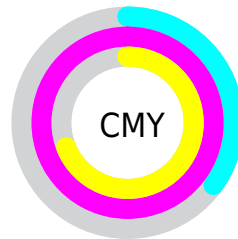
- Red (65%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (69%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 17.1372, 8.6715,  
8.1677


 17.1372, 8.6715,  
8.1677


229.1026,  
180.9080, 187.0250


 10.4283, 4.5275,  
4.1131


 38.1032, 23.2647,  
22.8381


 5.7483, 1.9728,  
1.6876

 53.0911, 34.4828,  
34.2911


 2.7318, 0.5916,  
0.3522

 71.5692, 48.8276,  
49.0472

 1.0136, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 93.9031, 66.6837,  
67.5251

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 120.4580, 88.4354,  
90.1433

 151.5993,

114.4671, 117.3203

187.6924,  
145.1632, 149.4747

17.1372, 8.6715,  
8.1677

17.1372, 8.6715,  
8.1677

17.1367, 8.6713,  
8.1653

17.6696, 9.1960,  
10.0115

18.4059, 10.0591,  
12.1353

19.4141, 11.3952,  
14.5689

20.7251, 13.2636,  
17.3293

22.3653, 15.7149,  
20.4318

■ 24.3579, 18.7937,  
23.8903

■ 26.7240, 22.5402,  
27.7179

■ 29.4830, 26.9913,  
31.9267

■ 32.6529, 32.1812,  
36.5284

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.0497, 8.6715, 20.9638



17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677



15.3332, 8.6715, 2.1825

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677



4.9814, 8.6715, 0.7034



5.5817, 8.6715, 40.2831

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677



15.3578, 27.9611, 13.6094

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.7644, 8.6715, 25.1543



17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677



3.4944, 8.6715, 3.1753

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677



7.7842, 8.6715, 0.0000



3.1234, 8.6715, 10.8419



8.7174, 8.6715, 45.6441



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677



12.9710, 8.6715, 0.7973



3.1234, 8.6715, 10.8419



4.8298, 8.6715, 35.8145

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1374, 8.6720, 8.1678



48.2372, 40.4857, 49.8898



10.7005, 4.7216, 36.4237



10.3896, 8.4155, 10.5189



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1374, 8.6720, 8.1678



30.9960, 15.6954, 14.2637



15.7563, 8.1676, 0.7467



7.6742, 7.5995, 8.6014



13.3120, 6.7335, 6.4547



0.3499, 0.1742, 0.2939



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.1374, 8.6720, 8.1678



30.9960, 15.6954, 14.2637



20.0219, 29.0308, 40.6246



7.6742, 7.5995, 8.6014



13.3120, 6.7335, 6.4547



0.3499, 0.1742, 0.2939



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

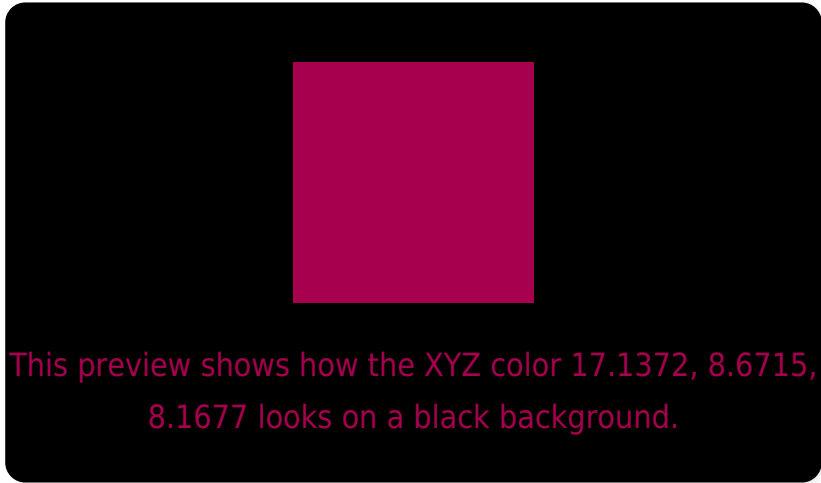
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1372, 8.6715,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677

### Protanopia

9.4276, 9.3316, 17.2239

### Deuteranopia

9.4085, 9.3070, 7.4314



## Tritanopia

16.0472, 8.9714, 2.1822

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677

## Protanomaly

10.0985, 6.8929, 13.1101

## Deuteranomaly

10.7115, 7.2652, 7.4944

## Tritanomaly

16.3007, 8.7130, 3.6189

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677

## Achromatopsia

4.1570, 4.3735, 4.7627

## Achromatomaly

6.7135, 4.3762, 5.6451

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 0, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(166, 0, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 0, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 0, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 0, 79) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 0, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 0, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 0, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 0, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 0, 79)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.1372, 8.6715, 8.1677 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 0, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166, 0,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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