

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.0933, 15.3615, 0.0000)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.0933, 15.3615, 0.0000)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.5046, 15.5077,
2.0707)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	996200
RGB	153, 98, 0
RGB Percent	60%, 38%, 0%
CMY	0.4000, 0.6157, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 1.00, 0.40
HSL	38°, 100%, 30%
HSV	38°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707
YIQ	103.2730, 64.2380, -18.8180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

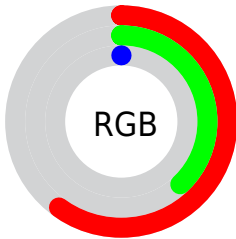
Format	Color
RYB	86, 153, 0
Decimal	10052096
CIELab	46.32, 15.84, 54.07
CIELCh	46, 56.341, 73.667
Yxy	15.5077, 0.4989, 0.4420
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288242176 (0xFF996200)
YUV	103.2730, -50.9136, 43.6106
Hunter-Lab	39.3798, 10.4298, 24.4482

Details

The XYZ color **17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **7.1160, 5.0324, 30.7331**, and the grayscale version is **13.0840, 13.7654, 14.9905**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.7411, 35.8289, 9.2887**, and **6.0077, 4.8544, 0.6204** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.5047, 15.5081, 2.0708**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.1258, 16.6088, 2.7139**.

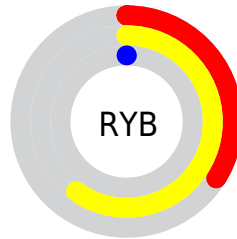
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (38%)

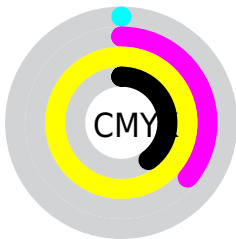
Blue (0%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (0%)

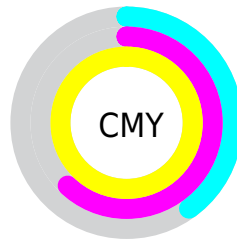


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.5046, 15.5077,
2.0707

■ 17.5046, 15.5077,
2.0707

231.1637,
226.4190, 123.4651

■ 10.6924, 9.1765,
0.5982

■ 38.7281, 35.7414,
9.2332

■ 5.9262, 4.8565,
0.0000

■ 53.8701, 50.4127,
15.8047

■ 2.8405, 2.1633,
0.0000

■ 72.5195, 68.6327,
24.9277

■ 1.0700, 0.6999,
0.0000

■ 95.0415, 90.7860,
37.0209


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 121.8016,
117.2569, 52.5026


■ 153.1651,


148.4297, 71.7916


 189.4973,
184.6890, 95.3062


 17.5046, 15.5077,
2.0707


 17.5046, 15.5077,
2.0707


 17.5047, 15.5081,
2.0708

 18.1258, 16.6088,
2.7139

 18.8480, 17.8073,
3.7130

 19.7024, 19.1174,
5.2266

 20.7015, 20.5452,
7.3185

 21.8564, 22.0961,
10.0430

■ 23.1767, 23.7749,
13.4481

■ 24.6713, 25.5862,
17.5773

■ 26.3481, 27.5341,
22.4702

■ 28.2149, 29.6226,
28.1636

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.5176, 15.5077, 4.3843



17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707



12.6551, 15.5077, 1.9927

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707



7.4398, 15.5077, 23.9704



22.1152, 15.5077, 44.3071

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707



7.1160, 5.0324, 30.7331

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.0412, 15.5077, 58.0763



17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707



8.9973, 15.5077, 42.6650

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707



7.5108, 15.5077, 10.4630



12.2823, 15.5077, 57.3504



25.5510, 15.5077, 25.5103

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707



10.1729, 15.5077, 3.0230



12.2823, 15.5077, 57.3504



20.5018, 15.5077, 50.0411

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.5049, 15.5085, 2.0710



44.0151, 45.6220, 31.0004



13.8532, 7.0589, 4.3870



9.4847, 9.7929, 6.1885



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.5049, 15.5085, 2.0710



31.1683, 27.4117, 3.6482



21.0011, 27.7364, 4.2470



6.5220, 6.8491, 6.5841



14.4997, 12.8819, 1.7222



0.2510, 0.2610, 0.0371

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.1160, 5.0324, 30.7331



12.5821, 8.6887, 54.9859



6.0466, 2.4530, 30.2916



6.0572, 6.3717, 7.8396



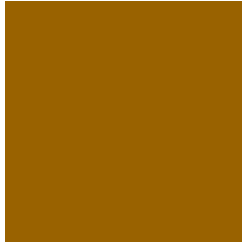
5.9105, 4.2176, 25.4103



0.1208, 0.1279, 0.3907

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.5046, 15.5077,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707

Protanopia

14.0570, 15.6781, 2.6019

Deuteranopia

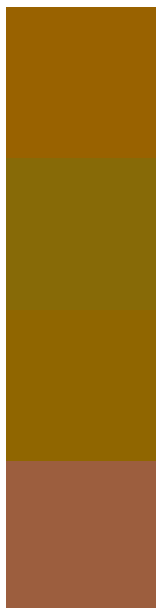
15.6990, 15.5921, 2.1822



Tritanopia

19.8503, 15.5321, 13.5070

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707

Protanomaly

15.1841, 15.4743, 2.3876

Deuteranomaly

16.2530, 15.4320, 2.1221

Tritanomaly

18.5825, 15.4211, 6.5546

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707

Achromatopsia

12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7705

Achromatomaly

13.5222, 13.7657, 7.0986

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 98, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 98, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 98, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 98, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 98, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 98, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 98, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 98, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 98, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 98, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.5046, 15.5077, 2.0707 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 98, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 98,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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