

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.1014, 25.0031, 34.0616)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.1014, 25.0031, 34.0616)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.1410, 25.0824,
34.0749)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009999
RGB	0, 153, 153
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4000, 0.4000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	180°, 100%, 30%
HSV	180°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749
YIQ	107.2530, -91.1880, -32.4360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 77, 153
Decimal	39321
CIELab	57.16, -32.84, -9.66
CIELCh	57, 34.226, 196.386
Yxy	25.0824, 0.2247, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229401 (0xFF009999)
YUV	107.2530, 22.5533, -94.0609
Hunter-Lab	50.0823, -26.5513, -5.2820

Details

The XYZ color **17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **13.1377, 6.7731, 0.6156**, and the grayscale version is **14.0050, 14.7344, 16.0458**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.1327, 51.8409, 67.0280**, and **7.0520, 10.2667, 14.1804** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.1415, 25.0832, 34.0755**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.3438, 25.1875, 34.0850**.

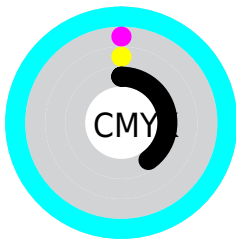
Distribution



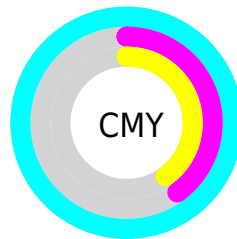
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1410, 25.0824,
34.0749

■ 17.1410, 25.0824,
34.0749

■ 229.1240,
278.2481, 335.2452

■ 10.4310, 16.1385,
22.6733

■ 38.1097, 51.7909,
67.1854

■ 5.7501, 9.6222,
14.1494

■ 53.0991, 70.3242,
89.7313

■ 2.7329, 5.1492,
8.0847

■ 71.5791, 92.8227,
116.8291

■ 1.0142, 2.3351,
4.0607

■ 93.9149, 119.6709,
148.8974

■ 0.0000, 0.7922,
1.6587

■ 120.4720,
151.2532, 186.3546

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3322

■ 151.6156,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

187.9538, 229.6192

0.0000

187.7112,
230.1573, 279.1100

■ 17.1410, 25.0824,
34.0749

■ 17.1410, 25.0824,
34.0749

■ 17.1415, 25.0832,
34.0755

■ 17.3438, 25.1875,
34.0850

■ 17.6953, 25.3687,
34.1015

■ 18.2648, 25.6623,
34.1282

■ 19.0798, 26.0824,
34.1664

■ 20.1639, 26.6413,
34.2172

■ 21.5377, 27.3495,
34.2816

■ 23.2200, 28.2168,
34.3604

■ 25.2280, 29.2519,
34.4544

■ 27.5775, 30.4631,
34.5644

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0631, 25.0824, 22.4045



17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749



18.8761, 25.0824, 46.7766

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749



29.9138, 25.0824, 45.6962



25.7144, 25.0824, 10.9002

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749



13.1377, 6.7731, 0.6156

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.6059, 25.0824, 14.1692



17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749



32.2089, 25.0824, 32.8849

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749



26.0978, 25.0824, 54.6749



32.0903, 25.0824, 21.5063



21.7164, 25.0824, 11.0518

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749



20.8637, 25.0824, 53.1663



32.0903, 25.0824, 21.5063



27.0869, 25.0824, 11.5846

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1418, 25.0833, 34.0755



41.3835, 50.4285, 61.5242



11.4240, 22.7999, 3.7994



8.8698, 10.9969, 13.5725



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1418, 25.0833, 34.0755



30.6974, 44.9196, 61.0233



8.5508, 7.9011, 31.2124



6.3846, 7.0266, 7.9487



14.1666, 20.7301, 28.1619



0.2118, 0.3099, 0.4210

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.1377, 6.7731, 0.6156



23.5267, 12.1284, 1.1011



15.5838, 11.6652, 1.4309



6.2088, 6.2227, 6.4797



10.8574, 5.5972, 0.5082



0.1623, 0.0837, 0.0076

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

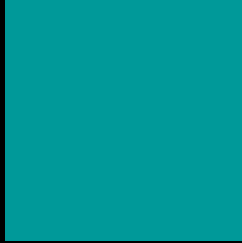
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

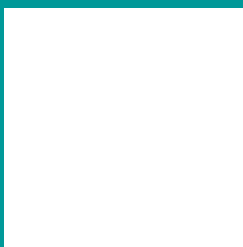
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749.

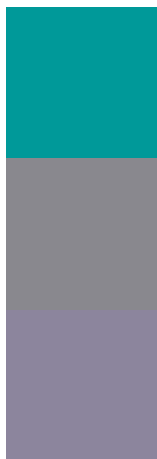


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1410, 25.0824,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749

Protanopia

24.0032, 24.8797, 29.1283

Deuteranopia

25.2885, 24.7848, 35.3494



Tritanopia

18.2463, 25.0604, 38.9974

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749

Protanomaly

18.7918, 23.4476, 30.7295

Deuteranomaly

19.4987, 23.2803, 34.9184

Tritanomaly

17.8229, 25.1231, 37.1676

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749

Achromatopsia

13.9749, 14.7027, 16.0113

Achromatomaly

13.2296, 17.0995, 21.6720

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 153, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.1410, 25.0824, 34.0749 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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