

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.1635, 17.7462, 19.5559)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.1635, 17.7462, 19.5559)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.1232, 17.7207,
19.6575)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	777476
RGB	119, 116, 118
RGB Percent	47%, 45%, 46%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5451, 0.5373
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.01, 0.53
HSL	320°, 1%, 46%
HSV	320°, 3%, 47%
XYZ	17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575
YIQ	117.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

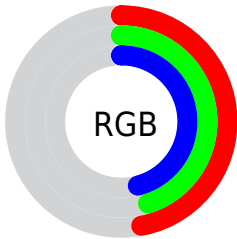
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 116, 118
Decimal	7828598
CIE _{Lab}	49.16, 1.55, -0.70
CIE _{LCh}	49, 1.699, 335.696
Yxy	17.7207, 0.3142, 0.3251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286018678 (0xFF777476)
YUV	117.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444
Hunter-Lab	42.0960, -1.0602, 1.7806

Details

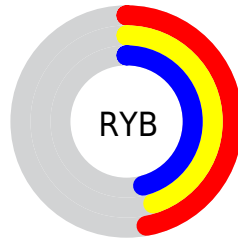
The XYZ color **17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.0109, 18.1916, 19.4454**, and the grayscale version is **16.9461, 17.8286, 19.4154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.0529, 39.5655, 43.6615**, and **5.7711, 5.9160, 6.6321** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6076, 15.0589, 18.0128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.8255, 20.7395, 21.4139**.

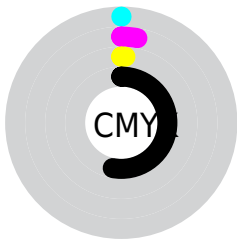
Distribution



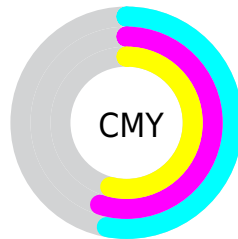
- Red (47%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1232, 17.7207,
19.6575

■ 17.1232, 17.7207,
19.6575

229.0238,
239.2920, 262.5975

■ 10.4182, 10.7497,
11.9647

■ 38.0794, 39.5608,
43.6936

■ 5.7415, 5.8988,
6.5974

■ 53.0613, 55.1987,
60.8740

■ 2.7277, 2.7836,
3.1370

■ 71.5329, 74.4943,
82.0540

■ 1.0115, 1.0198,
1.1650

■ 93.8596, 97.8320,
107.6522

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

120.4066,
125.5963, 138.0871

151.5395,

158.1714, 173.7773

187.6234,
195.9419, 215.1412

■ 17.1232, 17.7207,
19.6575

■ 17.1232, 17.7207,
19.6575

■ 15.6076, 15.0589,
18.0128

■ 18.8255, 20.7395,
21.4139

■ 14.2704, 12.7385,
16.4757

■ 20.7194, 24.1255,
23.2836

■ 13.1050, 10.7462,
15.0437

■ 22.8114, 27.8916,
25.2694

■ 12.1037, 9.0668,
13.7136

■ 25.1074, 32.0491,
27.3740

■ 11.2582, 7.6840,
12.4820

■ 27.6128, 36.6090,
29.5997

■ 10.5596, 6.5799,
11.3453

■ 30.3332, 41.5818,
31.9489

■ 9.9979, 5.7350,
10.2995

■ 33.2735, 46.9776,
34.4238

■ 9.5618, 5.1268,
9.3401

■ 36.4389, 52.8063,
37.0266

■ 9.2378, 4.7286,
8.4620

■ 39.8340, 59.0772,
39.7594

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0220, 17.7207, 20.0148



17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575



17.1491, 17.7207, 19.2081

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575



16.8127, 17.7207, 18.4365



16.5959, 17.7207, 19.8103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575



17.0109, 18.1916, 19.4454

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.5406, 17.7207, 19.3819



17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575



16.6652, 17.7207, 18.5924

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575



16.9692, 17.7207, 18.5077



16.5659, 17.7207, 18.9366



16.7175, 17.7207, 20.1040

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575



17.1200, 17.7207, 18.9176



16.5659, 17.7207, 18.9366



16.5690, 17.7207, 19.6770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1237, 17.7215, 19.6579



31.0971, 32.5001, 35.6582



16.9120, 17.6054, 19.9600



7.3750, 7.7115, 8.4562



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1237, 17.7215, 19.6579



30.5034, 31.4517, 35.0319



17.0353, 17.6861, 19.1926



3.9723, 4.0812, 4.5637



9.5892, 4.7694, 8.3108



46.3196, 23.0780, 38.3420

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.1237, 17.7215, 19.6579



30.5034, 31.4517, 35.0319



17.0997, 18.2271, 19.9132



3.9723, 4.0812, 4.5637



9.5892, 4.7694, 8.3108



46.3196, 23.0780, 38.3420

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

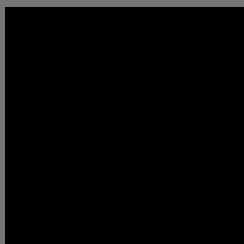
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

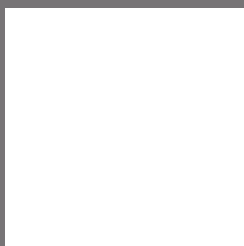
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1232, 17.7207,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575

Protanopia

16.9866, 17.6503, 19.6511

Deuteranopia

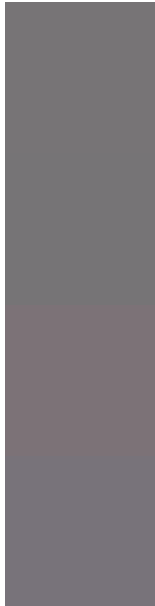
17.9873, 17.6542, 19.9123



Tritanopia

17.5146, 17.7098, 21.5640

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575

Protanomaly

16.9866, 17.6503, 19.6511

Deuteranomaly

17.6593, 17.6516, 19.9291

Tritanomaly

17.3893, 17.6597, 20.9045

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575

Achromatopsia

16.9083, 17.7888, 19.3720

Achromatomaly

17.0434, 17.8585, 19.3784

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 116, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 116, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 116, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 116, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

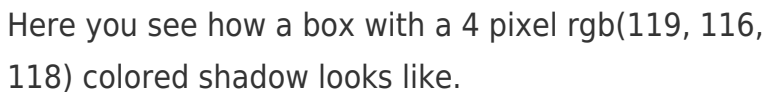
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 116, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 116, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 116, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 116, 118); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 116, 118); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 116, 118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.1232, 17.7207, 19.6575 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 116, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
116, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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