

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.1648, 17.9477, 22.8095)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.1648, 17.9477, 22.8095)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.1848, 18.0261,
22.9957)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	717680
RGB	113, 118, 128
RGB Percent	44%, 46%, 50%
CMY	0.5569, 0.5372, 0.4980
CMYK	0.12, 0.08, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	220°, 6%, 47%
HSV	220°, 12%, 50%
XYZ	17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957
YIQ	117.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

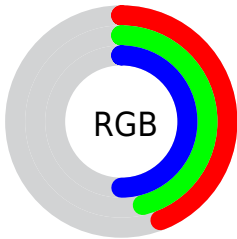
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 117, 128
Decimal	7435904
CIE Lab	49.53, 0.28, -6.12
CIE LCh	50, 6.131, 272.644
Yxy	18.0261, 0.2952, 0.3097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285625984 (0xFF717680)
YUV	117.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737
Hunter-Lab	42.4572, -2.0510, -2.3927

Details

The XYZ color **17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.9658, 19.9473, 18.4738**, and the grayscale version is **17.0954, 17.9857, 19.5864**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.2323, 40.0850, 49.4382**, and **5.7814, 6.0686, 8.2638** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.6932, 15.3173, 22.6045**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.0007, 21.0379, 23.4289**.

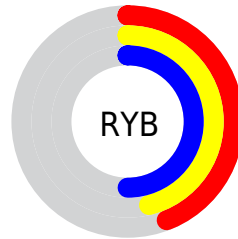
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (46%)

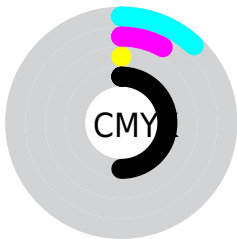
Blue (50%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (50%)

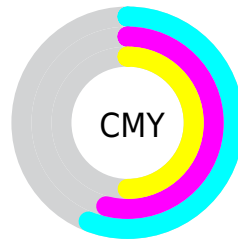


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1848, 18.0261,
22.9957

■ 17.1848, 18.0261,
22.9957

229.3706,
241.0181, 280.8241

■ 10.4625, 10.9687,
14.3851

■ 38.1843, 40.0818,
49.3094

■ 5.7712, 6.0458,
8.2472

■ 53.1922, 55.8489,
67.8495

■ 2.7458, 2.8730,
4.1635

■ 71.6926, 75.2881,
90.5365

■ 1.0208, 1.0658,
1.7154

■ 94.0510, 98.7836,
117.7890

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3713

120.6326,
126.7200, 150.0254

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

151.8028,

159.4816, 187.6644

187.9271,
197.4529, 231.1245

■ 17.1848, 18.0261,
22.9957

■ 17.1848, 18.0261,
22.9957

■ 14.6932, 15.3173,
22.6045

■ 20.0007, 21.0379,
23.4289

■ 12.5121, 12.8996,
22.2527

■ 23.1507, 24.3599,
23.9041

■ 10.6293, 10.7633,
21.9396

■ 26.6462, 28.0016,
24.4228

■ 9.0311, 8.8974,
21.6637

■ 30.4974, 31.9716,
24.9861

■ 7.7024, 7.2902,
21.4235

■ 34.7143, 36.2781,
25.5951

■ 6.6268, 5.9290,
21.2175

■ 39.3064, 40.9289,
26.2507

■ 5.7860, 4.7997,
21.0438

■ 44.2829, 45.9317,
26.9541

■ 5.1589, 3.8865,
20.9006

■ 49.6525, 51.2939,
27.7061

■ 4.7486, 3.2631,
20.8019

■ 55.4239, 57.0225,
28.5076

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.6256, 18.0261, 22.6046



17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957



17.7422, 18.0261, 22.4430

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957



18.0901, 18.0261, 17.9536



16.1612, 18.0261, 18.1953

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957



18.9658, 19.9473, 18.4738

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.5384, 18.0261, 17.0577



17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957



17.6511, 18.0261, 16.9238

Square

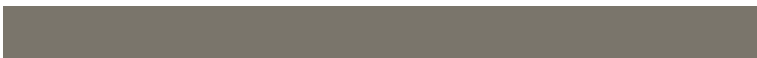
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957



18.2722, 18.0261, 19.4803



17.0818, 18.0261, 16.6051



16.0427, 18.0261, 19.7752

Rectangle

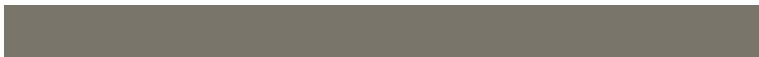
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957



18.0356, 18.0261, 21.6308



17.0818, 18.0261, 16.6051



16.2616, 18.0261, 17.7516

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1853, 18.0269, 22.9961



33.9846, 35.7327, 41.0622



18.0891, 20.3732, 21.6363



7.8777, 8.2817, 9.6017



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1853, 18.0269, 22.9961



29.0605, 30.4460, 40.3013



16.9050, 17.0310, 22.8187



4.2169, 4.4279, 5.4457



4.7097, 3.2379, 20.6267



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.0777, 17.7079, 19.6056



30.9556, 29.7997, 33.0939



19.2675, 21.0475, 18.6703



4.3823, 4.3661, 4.8178



9.2542, 4.7214, 2.6625



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

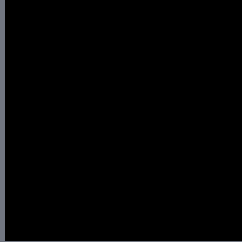
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

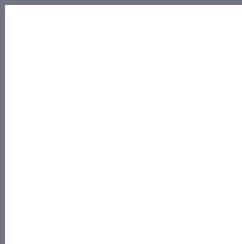
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1848, 18.0261,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957

Protanopia

17.5282, 18.0368, 22.6363

Deuteranopia

18.2919, 17.9047, 23.2607



Tritanopia

17.1193, 17.9999, 22.6507

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957

Protanomaly

17.3945, 17.9679, 22.6300

Deuteranomaly

17.8389, 17.8395, 23.2720

Tritanomaly

17.1193, 17.9999, 22.6507

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957

Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

Achromatomaly

17.1937, 18.0750, 20.9950

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 118, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 118, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 118, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 118, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 118, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 118, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 118, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 118, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 118, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 118,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.1848, 18.0261, 22.9957 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 118, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
118, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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