

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.1715, 9.6042, 2.3340)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.1715, 9.6042, 2.3340)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.1394, 9.5723,
2.3108)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A92020
RGB	169, 32, 32
RGB Percent	66%, 13%, 13%
CMY	0.3373, 0.8745, 0.8745
CMYK	0.00, 0.81, 0.81, 0.34
HSL	0°, 68%, 39%
HSV	0°, 81%, 66%
XYZ	17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108
YIQ	72.9630, 81.6520, 29.0440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

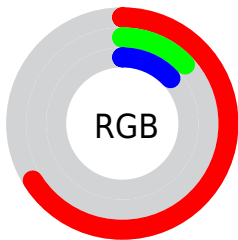
Format	Color
RYB	169, 32, 32
Decimal	11083808
CIELab	37.06, 53.76, 36.12
CIELCh	37, 64.764, 33.894
Yxy	9.5723, 0.5906, 0.3298
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289273888 (0xFFA92020)
YUV	72.9630, -20.1948, 84.2244
Hunter-Lab	30.9391, 44.7404, 17.2291

Details

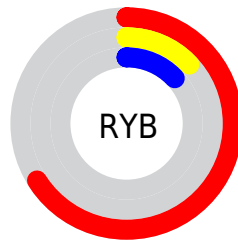
The XYZ color **17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **21.9429, 31.5433, 42.4678**, and the grayscale version is **6.3514, 6.6822, 7.2769**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.0356, 25.0069, 9.8433**, and **6.1843, 3.1881, 0.2894** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.6214, 8.8146, 1.2810**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.0089, 10.8450, 4.0389**.

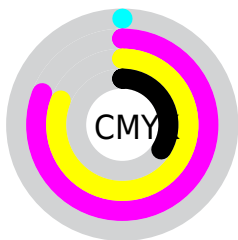
Distribution



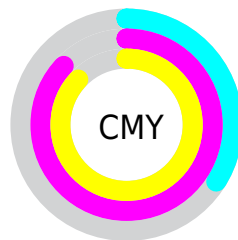
- Red (66%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1394, 9.5723,
2.3108

■ 17.1394, 9.5723,
2.3108

229.1150,
187.5917, 127.0302

■ 10.4298, 5.1163,
0.7373

■ 38.1070, 24.9879,
9.8743

■ 5.7493, 2.3157,
0.0000

■ 53.0957, 36.7163,
16.7187

■ 2.7325, 0.7820,
0.0000

■ 71.5749, 51.6376,
26.1629

■ 1.0139, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 93.9099, 70.1362,
38.6255


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 120.4661, 92.5965,
54.5250

■ 151.6088,


119.4029, 74.2799


 187.7033,
150.9398, 98.3088


 17.1394, 9.5723,
2.3108


 17.1394, 9.5723,
2.3108


 16.6214, 8.8146,
1.2810


 18.0089, 10.8450,
4.0389

 16.3622, 8.4352,
0.7658

 19.2766, 12.7001,
6.5588

 20.9828, 15.1967,
9.9504

 23.1625, 18.3863,
14.2835

 25.8474, 22.3150,
19.6209

■ 29.0663, 27.0252,
26.0200

■ 32.8459, 32.5558,
33.5338

■ 37.2111, 38.9433,
42.2119

■ 42.1853, 46.2219,
52.1008

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.1923, 9.5723, 8.9906



17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108



12.9403, 9.5723, 0.4017

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108



3.7732, 9.5723, 3.4017



9.6332, 9.5723, 51.7732

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108



21.9429, 31.5433, 42.4678

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.1035, 9.5723, 45.6102



17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108



3.3606, 9.5723, 11.9992

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108



5.4330, 9.5723, 0.7092



4.0726, 9.5723, 28.2796



14.1245, 9.5723, 41.7057

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108



9.9453, 9.5723, 0.0000



4.0726, 9.5723, 28.2796



8.3006, 9.5723, 51.5567

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1396, 9.5729, 2.3109



50.0069, 45.4019, 42.5263



24.0400, 12.3326, 38.6492



10.4708, 9.2686, 8.4170



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1396, 9.5729, 2.3109



29.4114, 15.2642, 1.5851



21.2281, 17.7498, 3.6738



7.5312, 7.5424, 7.8482



12.1948, 6.2868, 0.5707



0.2967, 0.1530, 0.0139

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.9429, 31.5433, 42.4678



38.3135, 55.9836, 76.0117



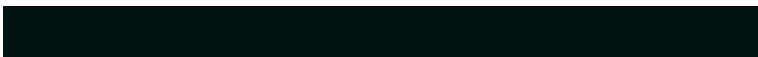
12.3623, 12.3822, 39.2743



7.7475, 8.5320, 9.6568



15.9098, 23.2797, 31.6304



0.3871, 0.5664, 0.7696

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

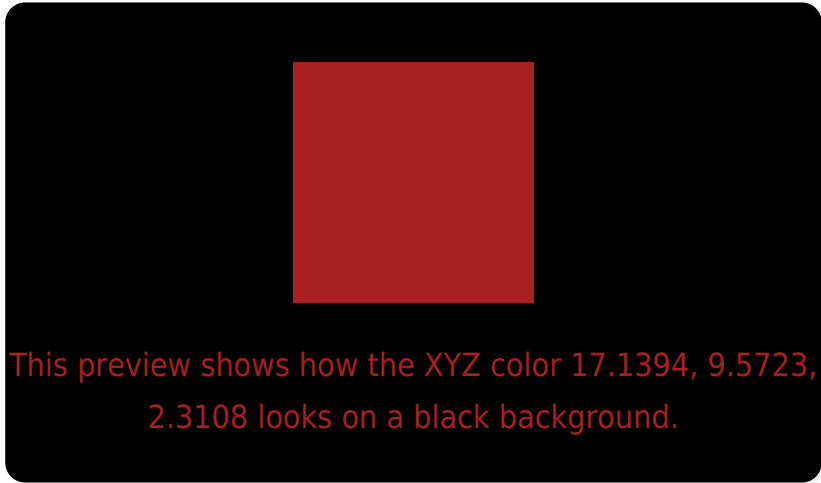
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1394, 9.5723,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108

Protanopia

9.1225, 9.9467, 4.1284

Deuteranopia

9.9700, 9.8324, 1.9885



Tritanopia

17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108

Protanomaly

10.7972, 8.5865, 3.2788

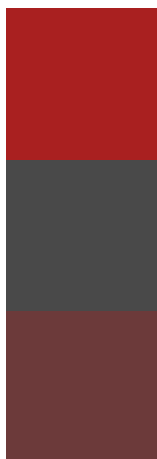
Deuteranomaly

11.7280, 8.8331, 1.9510

Tritanomaly

17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108

Achromatopsia

6.3328, 6.6626, 7.2556

Achromatomaly

8.4611, 6.5197, 4.8155

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 32, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 32, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 32, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 32, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 32, 32) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 32, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 32, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 32, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 32, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 32,  
32) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.1394, 9.5723, 2.3108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 32, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169, 32,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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