

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.1797, 19.9836, 13.6240)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.1797, 19.9836, 13.6240)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.2108, 20.0980,  
13.5619)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	76805E
RGB	118, 128, 94
RGB Percent	46%, 50%, 37%
CMY	0.5373, 0.4980, 0.6314
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.27, 0.50
HSL	78°, 15%, 44%
HSV	78°, 27%, 50%
XYZ	17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619
YIQ	121.1340, 4.9540, -12.6940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

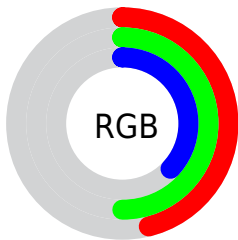
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	94, 128, 104
Decimal	7766110
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.95, -10.01, 17.27
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 19.960, 120.087
Yxy	20.0980, 0.3383, 0.3951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285956190 (0xFF76805E)
YUV	121.1340, -13.3771, -2.7485
Hunter-Lab	44.8308, -9.9267, 13.4456

# Details

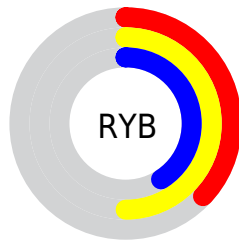
The XYZ color **17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **13.6086, 12.5075, 22.1200**, and the grayscale version is **18.2585, 19.2094, 20.9190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.2123, 43.6381, 33.1971**, and **5.7837, 7.0706, 3.8562** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1824, 19.6294, 10.7601**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3559, 20.6170, 16.8673**.

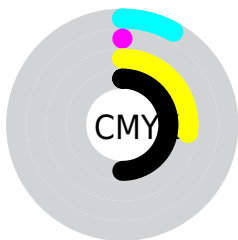
# Distribution



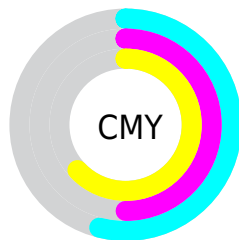
- Red (46%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.2108, 20.0980,  
13.5619

■ 17.2108, 20.0980,  
13.5619

229.5169,  
252.4452, 225.8209

■ 10.4811, 12.4663,  
7.6813

■ 38.2286, 43.5814,  
33.0155

■ 5.7838, 7.0621,  
3.8069

■ 53.2474, 60.2019,  
47.4256

■ 2.7535, 3.5010,  
1.5200

■ 71.7600, 80.5875,  
65.5160

■ 1.0248, 1.3985,  
0.2328

■ 94.1317, 105.1226,  
87.7052

■ 0.0000, 0.2156,  
0.0000

120.7279,  
134.1914, 114.4118

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

151.9139,

168.1786, 146.0542

188.0551,  
207.4683, 183.0511

■ 17.2108, 20.0980,  
13.5619

■ 17.2108, 20.0980,  
13.5619

■ 16.1824, 19.6294,  
10.7601

■ 18.3559, 20.6170,  
16.8673

■ 15.2643, 19.2066,  
8.4359

■ 19.6209, 21.1856,  
20.6980

■ 14.4516, 18.8283,  
6.5629

■ 21.0104, 21.8065,  
25.0761

■ 13.7385, 18.4920,  
5.1116

■ 22.5287, 22.4813,  
30.0219

■ 13.1185, 18.1953,  
4.0489

■ 24.1797, 23.2116,  
35.5549

■ 12.5842, 17.9350,  
3.3371

■ 25.9669, 23.9990,  
41.6934

■ 12.1217, 17.7057,  
2.9050

■ 27.8941, 24.8448,  
48.4551

■ 11.9700, 17.6303,  
2.7721

■ 29.9645, 25.7505,  
55.8568

■ 32.1816, 26.7174,  
63.9149

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.0966, 20.0980, 12.4957



17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619



15.9134, 20.0980, 16.7660

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619



17.2204, 20.0980, 33.0805



23.2802, 20.0980, 21.8663

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619



13.6086, 12.5075, 22.1200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.6917, 20.0980, 27.9484



17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619



19.1085, 20.0980, 35.0822

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619



15.9186, 20.0980, 27.9831



21.1281, 20.0980, 33.0581



22.6850, 20.0980, 16.7414



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619



15.5079, 20.0980, 20.0137



21.1281, 20.0980, 33.0581



23.2138, 20.0980, 23.8659

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.2113, 20.0989, 13.5623



34.1683, 37.1303, 35.2826



15.8366, 15.2249, 12.6940



7.9287, 8.6614, 8.0432



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.2113, 20.0989, 13.5623



29.1600, 34.8654, 20.7301



15.1482, 19.0353, 13.4658



4.5460, 4.9579, 4.6375



11.8700, 17.4816, 2.7487



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.6086, 12.5075, 22.1200



21.6820, 19.1031, 38.5008



15.7335, 13.6029, 22.2195



4.2186, 4.2683, 5.4148



4.6447, 1.9481, 20.3812



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

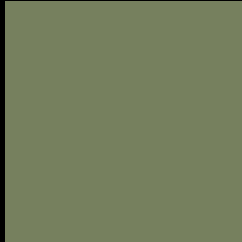
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.2108, 20.0980,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619

### Protanopia

18.8123, 20.1746, 13.0278

### Deuteranopia

20.3852, 20.0579, 13.8635



## Tritanopia

19.4850, 20.0703, 25.0373

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619

## Protanomaly

18.2115, 20.0467, 13.2655

## Deuteranomaly

19.0168, 19.8962, 13.6645

## Tritanomaly

18.5485, 20.0641, 20.3479

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619

## Achromatopsia

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219

## Achromatomaly

17.8226, 19.5561, 17.8743

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 128, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 128, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 128, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 128, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 128, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 128, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 128, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 128, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 128, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 128,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.2108, 20.0980, 13.5619 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 128, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
128, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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