

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.1867, 16.8225, 16.6035)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.1867, 16.8225, 16.6035)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.1848, 16.8238,
16.5289)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	806E6C
RGB	128, 110, 108
RGB Percent	50%, 43%, 42%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5686, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.16, 0.50
HSL	6°, 8%, 46%
HSV	6°, 16%, 50%
XYZ	17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289
YIQ	115.1540, 11.3700, 3.1940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

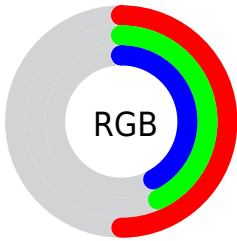
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 110, 108
Decimal	8416876
CIE Lab	48.04, 6.71, 3.72
CIE LCh	48, 7.669, 29.005
Yxy	16.8238, 0.3400, 0.3329
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286606956 (0xFF806E6C)
YUV	115.1540, -3.5269, 11.2659
Hunter-Lab	41.0168, 3.0066, 4.8192

Details

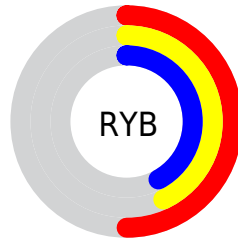
The XYZ color **17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.5413, 19.6678, 23.2940**, and the grayscale version is **16.3508, 17.2023, 18.7333**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.2344, 38.1676, 38.1528**, and **5.7894, 5.4444, 5.1606** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3901, 14.2455, 12.8129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2421, 19.7667, 20.8264**.

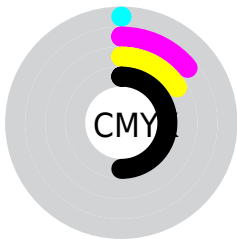
Distribution



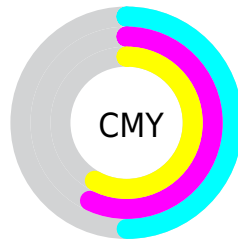
- Red (50%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1848, 16.8238,
16.5289

■ 17.1848, 16.8238,
16.5289

229.3706,
234.1549, 244.3941

■ 10.4625, 10.1089,
9.7408

■ 38.1843, 38.0226,
38.2935

■ 5.7712, 5.4713,
5.1241

■ 53.1922, 53.2753,
54.1070

■ 2.7458, 2.5263,
2.2602

■ 71.6926, 72.1427,
73.7662

■ 1.0208, 0.8898,
0.7088

■ 94.0510, 95.0093,
97.6894

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

120.6326,
122.2595, 126.2952

151.8028,

154.2775, 160.0023

187.9271,
191.4479, 199.2291

■ 17.1848, 16.8238,
16.5289

■ 17.1848, 16.8238,
16.5289

■ 15.3901, 14.2455,
12.8129

■ 19.2421, 19.7667,
20.8264

■ 13.8460, 12.0156,
9.6523

■ 21.5704, 23.0853,
25.7276

■ 12.5417, 10.1196,
7.0207

■ 24.1797, 26.7931,
31.2551

■ 11.4652, 8.5416,
4.8893

■ 27.0789, 30.9020,
37.4298

■ 10.6032, 7.2640,
3.2262

■ 30.2766, 35.4237,
44.2719

■ 9.9414, 6.2678,
1.9960

■ 33.7809, 40.3692,
51.8004

■ 9.4633, 5.5315,
1.1585

■ 37.5997, 45.7491,
60.0338

■ 9.1468, 5.0295,
0.6495

■ 41.7407, 51.5737,
68.9898

■ 9.0438, 4.8724,
0.4638

■ 46.2112, 57.8530,
78.6854

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3606, 16.8238, 18.3846



17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289



16.6868, 16.8238, 15.2369

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289



14.8749, 16.8238, 16.4220



15.9674, 16.8238, 22.4063

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289



17.5413, 19.6678, 23.2940

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3139, 16.8238, 21.7893



17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289



14.6945, 16.8238, 18.2521

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289



15.3529, 16.8238, 15.1784



14.8529, 16.8238, 20.2323



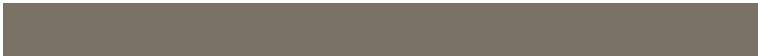
16.6456, 16.8238, 21.8637

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289



16.2461, 16.8238, 14.8207



14.8529, 16.8238, 20.2323



15.7377, 16.8238, 22.3269

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1853, 16.8246, 16.5293



34.0757, 35.0837, 37.0816



18.0307, 16.8209, 22.0352



7.9245, 8.1376, 8.5695



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

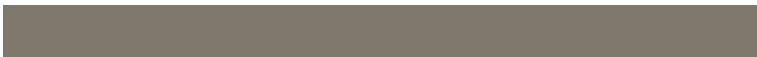
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1853, 16.8246, 16.5293



28.9988, 27.8168, 26.4893



18.3255, 19.1050, 16.9093



4.3598, 4.4083, 4.5412



8.9680, 4.8325, 0.4601



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.5413, 19.6678, 23.2940



29.7583, 33.8848, 40.9283



16.3262, 17.2376, 22.8889



4.4108, 4.8156, 5.5103



9.9637, 13.7459, 22.3780



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

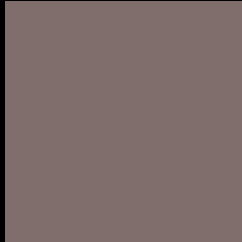
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

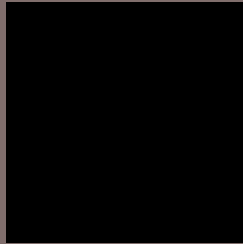
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1848, 16.8238,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289

Protanopia

16.1679, 16.9423, 17.1699

Deuteranopia

17.0351, 16.7466, 16.5219



Tritanopia

17.7328, 16.8888, 19.1549

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289

Protanomaly

16.5506, 16.9793, 16.8730

Deuteranomaly

17.0351, 16.7466, 16.5219

Tritanomaly

17.5592, 16.8193, 18.2406

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289

Achromatopsia

16.2955, 17.1441, 18.6699

Achromatomaly

16.5755, 16.9732, 17.7318

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 110, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 110, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 110, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 110, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 110, 108) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 110, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 110, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 110, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 110, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 110,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.1848, 16.8238, 16.5289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 110, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
110, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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