

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.1926, 18.4621, 22.0427)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.1926, 18.4621, 22.0427)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.1002, 18.3584,
22.0443)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70787D
RGB	112, 120, 125
RGB Percent	44%, 47%, 49%
CMY	0.5608, 0.5294, 0.5098
CMYK	0.10, 0.04, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	203°, 5%, 46%
HSV	203°, 10%, 49%
XYZ	17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443
YIQ	118.1780, -6.3730, -0.1410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 117, 125
Decimal	7370877
CIE Lab	49.93, -1.91, -3.77
CIE LCh	50, 4.224, 243.165
Yxy	18.3584, 0.2974, 0.3193
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285560957 (0xFF70787D)
YUV	118.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181
Hunter-Lab	42.8467, -3.7420, -0.5116

Details

The XYZ color **17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.7433, 18.2521, 17.9172**, and the grayscale version is **17.2673, 18.1666, 19.7834**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.0982, 40.6119, 47.9504**, and **5.7362, 6.2465, 7.7408** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0555, 16.4682, 21.7875**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.3958, 20.4220, 22.3219**.

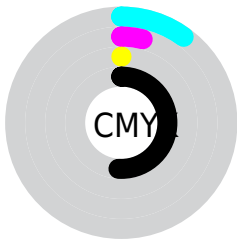
Distribution



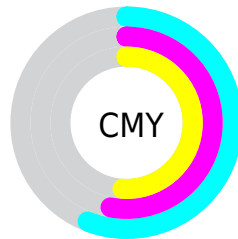
- Red (44%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1002, 18.3584,
22.0443

■ 17.1002, 18.3584,
22.0443

228.8941,
242.8835, 275.7386

■ 10.4017, 11.2076,
13.6908

■ 38.0402, 40.6471,
47.7223

■ 5.7304, 6.2067,
7.7697

■ 53.0124, 56.5538,
65.8840

■ 2.7209, 2.9711,
3.8623

■ 71.4733, 76.1479,
88.1521

■ 1.0080, 1.1167,
1.5501

■ 93.7881, 99.8138,
114.9452

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.2548

120.3222,
127.9359, 146.6819

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

151.4410,

160.8986, 183.7806

187.5099,
199.0864, 226.6600

■ 17.1002, 18.3584,
22.0443

■ 17.1002, 18.3584,
22.0443

■ 15.0555, 16.4682,
21.7875

■ 19.3958, 20.4220,
22.3219

■ 13.2506, 14.7437,
21.5498

■ 21.9497, 22.6619,
22.6196

■ 11.6760, 13.1796,
21.3309

■ 24.7709, 25.0838,
22.9384

■ 10.3208, 11.7698,
21.1302

■ 27.8674, 27.6926,
23.2788

■ 9.1733, 10.5076,
20.9470

■ 31.2469, 30.4927,
23.6411

■ 8.2204, 9.3854,
20.7806

■ 34.9169, 33.4885,
24.0259

■ 7.4474, 8.3951,
20.6302

■ 38.8845, 36.6843,
24.4337

■ 6.8376, 7.5273,
20.4949

■ 43.1566, 40.0842,
24.8648

■ 6.3519, 6.7810,
20.3764

■ 47.7397, 43.6921,
25.3196

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8058, 18.3584, 21.2332



17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443



17.4921, 18.3584, 22.2978

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443



18.2376, 18.3584, 19.8664



17.0269, 18.3584, 18.1812

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443



17.7433, 18.2521, 17.9172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4062, 18.3584, 17.8457



17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443



18.1086, 18.3584, 18.7947

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443



18.1527, 18.3584, 21.0121



17.8027, 18.3584, 18.0659



16.7640, 18.3584, 19.0000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443



17.7570, 18.3584, 22.1088



17.8027, 18.3584, 18.0659



17.1448, 18.3584, 18.0096

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1007, 18.3592, 22.0447



33.5897, 35.5525, 39.8363



17.2258, 19.3962, 19.6606



7.5713, 8.0251, 9.0530



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1007, 18.3592, 22.0447



29.8968, 32.2131, 39.3864



16.3469, 16.8515, 21.7934



4.3119, 4.6178, 5.4773



6.6224, 7.0634, 21.2643



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.6422, 17.3046, 20.1806



31.0334, 30.0272, 35.4670



18.5254, 19.8163, 18.1779



4.4303, 4.3853, 5.0702



10.2197, 5.1076, 7.7465



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

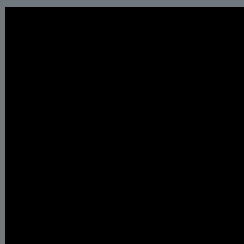
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

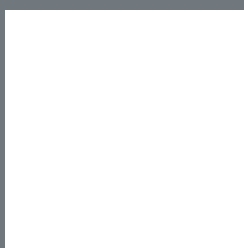
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1002, 18.3584,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443

Protanopia

17.7243, 18.3340, 21.6734

Deuteranopia

18.6490, 18.2799, 22.2841



Tritanopia

17.3693, 18.2893, 23.3836

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443

Protanomaly

17.4374, 18.3619, 21.6939

Deuteranomaly

18.1532, 18.3665, 22.3270

Tritanomaly

17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443

Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

Achromatomaly

17.2505, 18.2871, 20.7097

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 120, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 120, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 120, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 120, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 120, 125) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 120, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 120, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 120, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 120, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 120,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.1002, 18.3584, 22.0443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 120, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
120, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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